## 111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. R. 753

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to ensure that publicly owned treatment works monitor for and report sewer overflows, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 28, 2009

Mr. Bishop of New York (for himself and Mr. LoBiondo) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

## A BILL

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to ensure that publicly owned treatment works monitor for and report sewer overflows, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Sewage Overflow Com-
- 5 munity Right-to-Know Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
- 8 Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end
- 9 the following:

1	"(26) Treatment works.—The term 'treat-
2	ment works' has the meaning given that term in sec-
3	tion 212.".
4	SEC. 3. MONITORING, REPORTING, AND PUBLIC NOTIFICA-
5	TION OF SEWER OVERFLOWS.
6	Section 402 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
7	Act (33 U.S.C. 1342) is amended by adding at the end
8	the following:
9	"(r) Sewer Overflow Monitoring, Reporting,
10	AND NOTIFICATIONS.—
11	"(1) General requirements.—After the last
12	day of the 180-day period beginning on the date on
13	which regulations are issued under paragraph (4), a
14	permit issued, renewed, or modified under this sec-
15	tion by the Administrator or the State, as the case
16	may be, for a publicly owned treatment works shall
17	require, at a minimum, beginning on the date of the
18	issuance, modification, or renewal, that the owner or
19	operator of the treatment works—
20	"(A) institute and utilize a feasible meth-
21	odology, technology, or management program
22	for monitoring sewer overflows to alert the
23	owner or operator to the occurrence of a sewer
24	overflow in a timely manner;

1	"(B) in the case of a sewer overflow that
2	has the potential to affect human health, notify
3	the public of the overflow as soon as practicable
4	but not later than 24 hours after the time the
5	owner or operator knows of the overflow;
6	"(C) in the case of a sewer overflow that
7	may imminently and substantially endanger
8	human health, notify public health authorities
9	and other affected entities, such as public water
10	systems, of the overflow immediately after the
11	owner or operator knows of the overflow;
12	"(D) report each sewer overflow on its dis-
13	charge monitoring report to the Administrator
14	or the State, as the case may be, by describ-
15	ing—
16	"(i) the magnitude, duration, and sus-
17	pected cause of the overflow;
18	"(ii) the steps taken or planned to re-
19	duce, eliminate, or prevent recurrence of
20	the overflow; and
21	"(iii) the steps taken or planned to
22	mitigate the impact of the overflow; and
23	"(E) annually report to the Administrator
24	or the State, as the case may be, the total num-

1	ber of sewer overflows in a calendar year, in-
2	cluding—
3	"(i) the details of how much waste-
4	water was released per incident;
5	"(ii) the duration of each sewer over-
6	flow;
7	"(iii) the location of the overflow and
8	any potentially affected receiving waters;
9	"(iv) the responses taken to clean up
10	the overflow; and
11	"(v) the actions taken to mitigate im-
12	pacts and avoid further sewer overflows at
13	the site.
14	"(2) Exceptions.—
15	"(A) Notification requirements.—The
16	notification requirements of paragraphs (1)(B)
17	and (1)(C) shall not apply to a sewer overflow
18	that is a wastewater backup into a single-family
19	residence.
20	"(B) Reporting requirements.—The
21	reporting requirements of paragraphs (1)(D)
22	and (1)(E) shall not apply to a sewer overflow
23	that is a release of wastewater that occurs in
24	the course of maintenance of the treatment
25	works, is managed consistently with the treat-

1	ment works' best management practices, and is
2	intended to prevent sewer overflows.
3	"(3) Report to Epa.—Each State shall pro-
4	vide to the Administrator annually a summary of
5	sewer overflows that occurred in the State.
6	"(4) Rulemaking by Epa.—Not later than one
7	year after the date of enactment of this subsection,
8	the Administrator, after providing notice and an op-
9	portunity for public comment, shall issue regulations
10	to implement this subsection, including regulations
11	to—
12	"(A) establish a set of criteria to guide the
13	owner or operator of a publicly owned treat-
14	ment works in—
15	"(i) assessing whether a sewer over-
16	flow has the potential to affect human
17	health or may imminently and substan-
18	tially endanger human health; and
19	"(ii) developing communication meas-
20	ures that are sufficient to give notice
21	under paragraphs $(1)(B)$ and $(1)(C)$ ; and
22	"(B) define the terms 'feasible' and 'time-
23	ly' as such terms apply to paragraph (1)(A), in-
24	cluding site specific conditions.

1	"(5) Approval of state notification pro-
2	GRAMS.—
3	"(A) REQUESTS FOR APPROVAL.—
4	"(i) IN GENERAL.—After the date of
5	issuance of regulations under paragraph
6	(4), a State may submit to the Adminis-
7	trator evidence that the State has in place
8	a legally enforceable notification program
9	that is substantially equivalent to or ex-
10	ceeds the requirements of paragraphs
11	(1)(B)  and  (1)(C).
12	"(ii) Program review and author-
13	IZATION.—If the evidence submitted by a
14	State under clause (i) shows the notifica-
15	tion program of the State to be substan-
16	tially equivalent to or exceeds the require-
17	ments of paragraphs $(1)(B)$ and $(1)(C)$ ,
18	the Administrator shall authorize the State
19	to carry out such program instead of the
20	requirements of paragraphs (1)(B) and
21	(1)(C).
22	"(iii) Factors for determining
23	SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCY.—In carrying
24	out a review of a State notification pro-
25	gram under clause (ii), the Administrator

shall take into account the scope of sewer overflows for which notification is required, the length of time during which notification must be made, the scope of persons who must be notified of sewer overflows, the scope of enforcement activities ensuring that notifications of sewer overflows are made, and such other factors as the Administrator considers appropriate.

"(B) Review Period.—If a State submits evidence with respect to a notification program under subparagraph (A)(i) on or before the last day of the 30-day period beginning on the date of issuance of regulations under paragraph (4), the requirements of paragraphs (1)(B) and (1)(C) shall not begin to apply to a publicly owned treatment works located in the State until the date on which the Administrator completes a review of the notification program under subparagraph (A)(ii).

"(C) WITHDRAWAL OF AUTHORIZATION.—
If the Administrator, after conducting a public hearing, determines that a State is not administering and enforcing a State notification program authorized under subparagraph (A)(ii) in

1 accordance with the requirements of this para-2 graph, the Administrator shall so notify the 3 State and, if appropriate corrective action is not 4 taken within a reasonable time, not to exceed 5 90 days, the Administrator shall withdraw au-6 thorization of such program and enforce the re-7 quirements of paragraphs (1)(B) and (1)(C) 8 with respect to the State. "(6) Special rules concerning applica-9 10 TION OF NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—After the 11 last day of the 30-day period beginning on the date 12 of issuance of regulations under paragraph (4), the 13 requirements of paragraphs (1)(B) and (1)(C) 14 shall— "(A) apply to the owner or operator of a 15 16 publicly owned treatment works and be subject 17 to enforcement under section 309, and 18 19

"(B) supersede any notification requirements contained in a permit issued under this section for the treatment works to the extent that the notification requirements are less stringent than the notification requirements of paragraphs (1)(B) and (1)(C)

23 graphs (1)(B) and (1)(C),

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until such date as a permit is issued, renewed, or modified under this section for the treatment works in accordance with paragraph (1).

> "(7) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the following definitions apply:

"(A) SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOW.—The term 'sanitary sewer overflow' means an overflow, spill, release, or diversion of wastewater from a sanitary sewer system. Such term does not include municipal combined sewer overflows or other discharges from the combined portion of a municipal combined storm and sanitary sewer system and does not include wastewater backups into buildings caused by a blockage or other malfunction of a building lateral that is privately owned. Such term includes overflows or releases of wastewater that reach waters of the United States, overflows or releases of wastewater in the United States that do not reach waters of the United States, and wastewater backups into buildings that are caused by blockages or flow conditions in a sanitary sewer other than a building lateral.

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1	"(B) SEWER OVERFLOW.—The term
2	'sewer overflow' means a sanitary sewer over-
3	flow or a municipal combined sewer overflow.
4	"(C) SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENCE.—The
5	term 'single-family residence' means an indi-
6	vidual dwelling unit, including an apartment,
7	condominium, house, or dormitory. Such term
8	does not include the common areas of a multi-
9	dwelling structure.".
10	SEC. 4. ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE.
11	(a) Purpose of State Revolving Fund.—Section
12	601(a) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
13	U.S.C. 1381(a)) is amended—
14	(1) by striking "and" the first place it appears;
15	and
16	(2) by inserting after "section 320" the fol-
17	lowing: ", and (4) for the implementation of require-
18	ments to monitor for sewer overflows under section
19	402".
20	(b) Water Pollution Control Revolving Loan
21	Funds.—Section 603(c) of the Federal Water Pollution
22	Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1383(e)) is amended—
23	(1) by striking "and" the first place it appears;
24	and

1 (2) by inserting after "section 320 of this Act"
2 the following: ", and (4) for the implementation of
3 requirements to monitor for sewer overflows under
4 section 402".

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