111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1508

To amend the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) in order to prevent the loss of billions in taxpayer dollars.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JULY 23, 2009

Mr. CARPER (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mrs. MCCASKILL, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. MCCAIN) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs

A BILL

- To amend the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) in order to prevent the loss of billions in taxpayer dollars.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the "Improper Payments

5 Elimination and Recovery Act of 2009".

6 SEC. 2. IMPROPER PAYMENTS ELIMINATION AND RECOV-7 ERY.

- 8 (a) SUSCEPTIBLE PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.—Sec-
- 9 tion 2 of the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002

1 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) is amended by striking subsection2 (a) and inserting the following:

3 "(a) Identification of Susceptible Programs
4 AND ACTIVITIES.—

5 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of each agency 6 shall, in accordance with guidance prescribed by the 7 Director of the Office of Management and Budget, 8 periodically review all programs and activities that 9 the relevant agency head administers and identify all 10 programs and activities that may be susceptible to 11 significant improper payments.

"(2) FREQUENCY.—Reviews under paragraph
(1) shall be performed for each program and activity
that the relevant agency head administers during the
year after which the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2009 is enacted and at
least once every 3 fiscal years thereafter.

18 "(3) RISK ASSESSMENTS.—

19 "(A) DEFINITION.—In this subsection the
20 term 'significant' means—

21 "(i) except as provided under clause
22 (ii), that improper payments in the pro23 gram or activity in the preceding fiscal
24 year may have exceeded—

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1	((I) \$10,000,000 of all program)
2	or activity payments made during that
3	fiscal year reported and 2.5 percent of
4	program outlays; or
5	"(II) \$100,000,000; and
6	"(ii) with respect to fiscal years fol-
7	lowing September 30th of a fiscal year be-
8	ginning before fiscal year 2013 as deter-
9	mined by the Office of Management and
10	Budget, that improper payments in the
11	program or activity in the preceding fiscal
12	year may have exceeded—
13	((I) \$10,000,000 of all program)
14	or activity payments made during that
15	fiscal year reported and 1.5 percent of
16	program outlays; or
17	''(II) \$100,000,000.
18	"(B) SCOPE.—In conducting the reviews
19	under paragraph (1), the head of each agency
20	shall take into account those risk factors that
21	are likely to contribute to a susceptibility to sig-
22	nificant improper payments, such as—
23	"(i) whether the program or activity
24	reviewed is new to the agency;

1	"(ii) the complexity of the program or
2	activity reviewed;
3	"(iii) the volume of payments made
4	through the program or activity reviewed;
5	"(iv) whether payments or payment
6	eligibility decisions are made outside of the
7	agency, such as by a State or local govern-
8	ment;
9	"(v) recent major changes in program
10	funding, authorities, practices, or proce-
11	dures;
12	"(vi) the level and quality of training
13	for personnel responsible for making pro-
14	gram eligibility determinations or certi-
15	fying that payments are accurate; and
16	"(vii) significant deficiencies in the
17	audit report of the agency or other rel-
18	evant management findings that might
19	hinder accurate payment certification.".
20	(b) Estimation of Improper Payments.—Section
21	2 of the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 (31
22	U.S.C. 3321 note) is amended by striking subsection (b)
23	and inserting the following:

"(b) ESTIMATION OF IMPROPER PAYMENTS.—With
 respect to each program and activity identified under sub section (a), the head of the relevant agency shall—

4 "(1) produce a statistically valid or otherwise
5 appropriate estimate of the improper payments
6 made by each program and activity; and

"(2) include those estimates in the accompanying materials to the annual financial statement
of the agency required under section 3515 of title
31, United States Code, or similar provision of law
and applicable guidance of the Office of Management and Budget.".

(c) REPORTS ON ACTIONS TO REDUCE IMPROPER
PAYMENTS.—Section 2 of the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) is amended
by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:

17 "(c) REPORTS ON ACTIONS TO REDUCE IMPROPER 18 PAYMENTS.—With respect to any program or activity of 19 an agency with estimated improper payments under sub-20 section (b), the head of the agency shall provide with the 21 estimate under subsection (b) a report on what actions 22 the agency is taking to reduce improper payments, includ-23 ing—

24 "(1) a description of the causes of the improper25 payments, actions planned or taken to correct those

1	causes, and the planned or actual completion date of
2	the actions taken to address those causes;
3	"(2) in order to reduce improper payments to
4	a level below which further expenditures to reduce
5	improper payments would cost more than the
6	amount such expenditures would save in prevented
7	or recovered improper payments, a statement of
8	whether the agency has what is needed with respect
9	to—
10	"(A) internal controls;
11	"(B) human capital; and
12	"(C) information systems and other infra-
13	structure;
14	"(3) if the agency does not have sufficient re-
15	sources to establish and maintain effective internal
16	controls under paragraph (2)(A), a description of
17	the resources the agency has requested in its budget
18	submission to establish and maintain such internal
19	controls;
20	"(4) program-specific and activity-specific im-
21	proper payments reduction targets that have been
22	approved by the Director of the Office of Manage-
23	ment and Budget; and
24	"(5) a description of the steps the agency has
25	taken to ensure that agency managers, programs,

1	and, where appropriate, States and localities are
2	held accountable through annual performance ap-
3	praisal criteria for—
4	"(A) meeting applicable improper pay-
5	ments reduction targets; and
6	"(B) establishing and maintaining suffi-
7	cient internal controls, including an appropriate
8	control environment, that effectively—
9	"(i) prevent improper payments from
10	being made; and
11	"(ii) promptly detect and recover im-
12	proper payments that are made.".
13	(d) Reports on Actions To Recover Improper
14	PAYMENTS.—Section 2 of the Improper Payments Infor-
15	mation Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) is amended—
16	(1) by striking subsection (e);
17	(2) by redesignating subsections (d) and (f) as
18	subsections (f) and (g), respectively; and
19	(3) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(d) Reports on Actions To Recover Improper
22	PAYMENTS.—With respect to any improper payments
23	identified in recovery audits conducted under section 2(h)
24	of the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act

1	shall provide with the estimate under subsection (b) a re-
2	port on all actions the agency is taking to recover im-
3	proper payments, including—
4	"(1) a discussion of the methods used by the
5	agency to recover overpayments;
6	"(2) the amounts recovered, outstanding, and
7	determined to not be collectable, including the per-
8	cent such amounts represent of the total overpay-
9	ments of the agency;
10	"(3) if a determination has been made that cer-
11	tain overpayments are not collectable, a justification
12	for that determination;
13	"(4) an aging schedule of the amounts out-
14	standing;
15	"(5) a summary of how recovered amounts have
16	been disposed of;
17	"(6) a discussion of any conditions giving rise
18	to improper payments and how those conditions are
19	being resolved; and
20	"(7) if the agency has determined under section
21	2(h) of the Improper Payments Elimination and Re-
22	covery Act of 2009 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) that per-
23	forming recovery audits for any applicable program
24	or activity is not cost effective, a justification for
25	that determination.

2 PAYMENTS AND ACTIONS TO RECOVER IMPROPER PAY-

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"(e) Governmentwide Reporting of Improper

3	MENTS.—
4	"(1) REPORT.—Each fiscal year the Director of
5	the Office of Management and Budget shall submit
6	a report with respect to the preceding fiscal year on
7	actions agencies have taken to report information re-
8	garding improper payments and actions to recover
9	improper payments to—
10	"(A) the Committee on Homeland Security
11	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
12	"(B) the Committee on Oversight and Gov-
13	ernment Reform of the House of Representa-
14	tives; and
15	"(C) the Comptroller General.
16	"(2) CONTENTS.—Each report under this sub-
17	section shall include—
18	"(A) a summary of the reports of each
19	agency on improper payments and recovery ac-
20	tions submitted under this section;
21	"(B) an identification of the compliance
22	status of each agency to which this Act applies;
23	"(C) governmentwide improper payment

23 (c) governmentwide improper24 reduction targets; and

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1	"(D) a discussion of progress made to-
2	wards meeting governmentwide improper pay-
3	ment reduction targets.".
4	(e) Definitions.—Section 2 of the Improper Pay-
5	ment Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) is
6	amended by striking subsections (f) (as redesignated by
7	this section) and inserting the following:
8	"(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
9	"(1) AGENCY.—The term 'agency' means an
10	executive agency, as that term is defined in section
11	102 of title 31, United States Code.
12	"(2) IMPROPER PAYMENT.—The term "im-
13	proper payment'—
14	"(A) means any payment that should not
15	have been made or that was made in an incor-
16	rect amount (including overpayments and un-
17	derpayments) under statutory, contractual, ad-
18	ministrative, or other legally applicable require-
19	ments; and
20	"(B) includes any payment to an ineligible
21	recipient, any payment for an ineligible good or
22	service, any duplicate payment, any payment
23	for a good or service not received (except for
24	such payments where authorized by law), and

any payment that does not account for credit for applicable discounts.

3 "(3) PAYMENT.—The term 'payment' means 4 any transfer or commitment for future transfer of 5 Federal funds such as cash, securities, loans, loan 6 guarantees, and insurance subsidies to any non-Fed-7 eral person or entity, that is made by a Federal 8 agency, a Federal contractor, a Federal grantee, or 9 a governmental or other organization administering 10 a Federal program or activity.

"(4) PAYMENT FOR AN INELIGIBLE GOOD OR
SERVICE.—The term 'payment for an ineligible good
or service' shall include a payment for any good or
service that is rejected under any provision of any
contract, grant, lease, cooperative agreement, or any
other procurement mechanism.".

(f) GUIDANCE BY THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT
18 AND BUDGET.—Section 2 of the Improper Payments In19 formation Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) is amended
20 by striking subsection (g) (as redesignated by this section)
21 and inserting the following:

22 "(g) GUIDANCE BY THE OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT23 AND BUDGET.—

24 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months
25 after the date of enactment of the Improper Pay-

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1	ments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2009, the
2	Director of the Office of Management and Budget
3	shall prescribe guidance for agencies to implement
4	the requirements of this section. The guidance shall
5	not include any exemptions to such requirements not
6	specifically authorized by this section.
7	"(2) CONTENTS.—The guidance under para-
8	graph (1) shall prescribe—
9	"(A) the form of the reports on actions to
10	reduce improper payments, recovery actions,
11	and governmentwide reporting; and
12	"(B) strategies for addressing risks and
13	establishing appropriate prepayment and
14	postpayment internal controls.".
15	(g) Determination of Agency Readiness for
16	OPINION ON INTERNAL CONTROL.—Not later than 1 year
17	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of
18	the Office of Management and Budget shall develop—
19	(1) specific criteria as to when an agency
20	should initially be required to obtain an opinion on
21	internal control over financial reporting; and
22	(2) criteria for an agency that has dem-
23	onstrated a stabilized, effective system of internal
24	control over financial reporting, whereby the agency
25	would qualify for a multiyear cycle for obtaining an

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1	audit opinion on internal control over financial re-
2	porting, rather than an annual cycle.
3	(h) RECOVERY AUDITS.—
4	(1) DEFINITION.—In this subsection, the term
5	"agency" has the meaning given under section 2(f)
6	of the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002
7	(31 U.S.C. 3321 note) as redesignated by this Act.
8	(2) IN GENERAL.—
9	(A) CONDUCT OF AUDITS.—Except as pro-
10	vided under paragraph (4) and if not prohibited
11	under any other provision of law, the head of
12	each agency shall conduct recovery audits with
13	respect to each program and activity of the
14	agency that expends \$1,000,000 or more annu-
15	ally if conducting such audits would be cost-ef-
16	fective.
17	(B) PROCEDURES.—In conducting recovery
18	audits under this subsection, the head of an
19	agency—
20	(i) shall give priority to the most re-
21	cent payments and to payments made in
22	any program or programs identified as sus-
23	ceptible to significant improper payments
24	under section 2(a) of the Improper Pay-

1	ments Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C.
2	3321 note);
3	(ii) shall implement this subsection in
4	a manner designed to ensure the greatest
5	financial benefit to the Government; and
6	(iii) may conduct recovery audits di-
7	rectly, by procuring performance of recov-
8	ery audits by contract (subject to the avail-
9	ability of appropriations), or by any com-
10	bination thereof.
11	(C) RECOVERY AUDIT CONTRACTS.—With
12	respect to recovery audits procured by an agen-
13	cy by contract—
14	(i) subject to subparagraph (B)(iii),
15	the head of the agency may authorize the
16	contractor to notify entities (including per-
17	sons) of potential overpayments made to
18	such entities, respond to questions con-
19	cerning potential overpayments, and take
20	other administrative actions with respect to
21	overpayment claims made or to be made by
22	the agency; and
23	(ii) such contractor shall have no au-
24	thority to make final determinations relat-
25	ing to whether any overpayment occurred

1	and whether to compromise, settle, or ter-
2	minate overpayment claims.
3	(D) CONTRACT TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—
4	The agency shall include in each contract for
5	procurement of performance of a recovery audit
6	a requirement that the contractor shall—
7	(i) provide to the agency periodic re-
8	ports on conditions giving rise to overpay-
9	ments identified by the contractor and any
10	recommendations on how to mitigate such
11	conditions; and
12	(ii) notify the agency of any overpay-
13	ments identified by the contractor per-
14	taining to the agency or to any other agen-
15	cy or agencies that are beyond the scope of
16	the contract.
17	(E) AGENCY ACTION FOLLOWING NOTIFI-
18	CATION.—An agency shall take prompt and ap-
19	propriate action in response to a report or noti-
20	fication by a contractor under subparagraph
21	(D)(ii), to collect overpayments and shall for-
22	ward to other agencies any information that ap-
23	plies to such agencies.
24	(3) DISPOSITION OF AMOUNTS RECOVERED.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts collected by 2 agencies each fiscal year through recovery audits conducted under this subsection shall be 3 4 treated in accordance with this paragraph. 5 (B) Use for financial management im-6 PROVEMENT PROGRAM.—Not more than 25 per-7 cent of the amounts collected by an agency 8 through recovery audits— 9 (i) shall be available, subject to appro-10 priation, to the head of the agency or the 11 State or local government administering 12 the program or activity to carry out the fi-13 nancial management improvement program 14 of the agency under paragraph (4); 15 (ii) may be credited, if applicable, for 16 that purpose by the head of an agency to 17 any agency appropriations and funds that 18 are available for obligation at the time of 19 collection; and 20 (iii) shall be used to supplement and not supplant any other amounts available 21 22 for that purpose and shall remain available 23 until expended.

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1	(C) USE FOR ORIGINAL PURPOSE.—Not
2	more than 25 percent of the amounts collected
3	by an agency—
4	(i) shall be credited to the appropria-
5	tion or fund, if any, available for obligation
6	at the time of collection for the same gen-
7	eral purposes as the appropriation or fund
8	from which the overpayment was made;
9	and
10	(ii) shall remain available for the
11	same period and purposes as the appro-
12	priation or fund to which credited.
13	(D) USE FOR INSPECTOR GENERAL AC-
14	TIVITIES.—Not more than 5 percent of the
15	amounts collected by an agency shall be avail-
16	able, subject to appropriation, to the Inspector
17	General of that agency for—
18	(i) the Inspector General to carry out
19	this Act; or
20	(ii) any other activities of the Inspec-
21	tor General relating to investigating im-
22	proper payments or auditing internal con-
23	trols associated with payments.

1	(E) DEPOSIT OF PROCEEDS.—Funds made
2	available under subparagraphs (B) and (D) by
3	appropriations shall be—
4	(i) deposited into the appropriate pro-
5	gram integrity accounts of the agency or
6	the State or local government admin-
7	istering the program or activity; and
8	(ii) expended only as authorized in an-
9	nual appropriations Acts.
10	(F) REMAINDER.—Amounts collected that
11	are not applied in accordance with subpara-
12	graphs (B), (C), or (D) or to meet obligations
13	to recovery audit contractors shall be deposited
14	in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.
15	(G) EXCEPTIONS RELATING TO ENTITLE-
16	MENT AND TAX CREDIT PROGRAMS.—This
17	paragraph shall not apply to amounts collected
18	through recovery audits conducted under this
19	subsection relating to—
20	(i) entitlement programs under section
21	3(9) of the Congressional Budget and Im-
22	poundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
23	622(9)); or
24	(ii) tax credit programs under the In-
25	ternal Revenue Code of 1986.

1	(4) FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT IMPROVEMENT
2	PROGRAM.—
3	(A) REQUIREMENT.—The head of each
4	agency shall conduct a financial management
5	improvement program, consistent with rules
6	prescribed by the Director of the Office of Man-
7	agement and Budget.
8	(B) Program features.—In conducting
9	the program, the head of the agency—
10	(i) shall, as the first priority of the
11	program, address problems that contribute
12	directly to agency improper payments; and
13	(ii) may seek to reduce errors and
14	waste in other agency programs and oper-
15	ations.
16	(5) OTHER RECOVERY AUDIT REQUIRE-
17	MENTS.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter VI of chap-
19	ter 35 of title 31, United States Code, is re-
20	pealed.
21	(B) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-
22	MENTS.—
23	(i) TABLE OF SECTIONS.—The table
24	of sections for chapter 35 of title 31,

1	United States Code, is amended by strik-
2	ing the matter relating to subchapter VI.
3	(ii) Definition.—Section 3501 of
4	title 31, United States Code, is amended
5	by striking "and subchapter VI of this
6	title".
7	(iii) Homeland security grants.—
8	Section 2022(a)(6) of the Homeland Secu-
9	rity Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 612(a)(6)) is
10	amended by striking "(as that term is de-
11	fined by the Director of the Office of Man-
12	agement and Budget under section 3561 of
13	title 31, United States Code)" and insert-
14	ing "under section 2(h) of the Improper
15	Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of
16	2009 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note)".
17	(6) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Except as pro-
18	vided under paragraph (5), nothing in this section
19	shall be construed as terminating or in any way lim-
20	iting authorities that are otherwise available to agen-
21	cies under existing provisions of law to recover im-
22	proper payments and use recovered amounts.
23	(i) Report on Recovery Auditing.—Not later
24	than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act,
25	the Chief Financial Officers Council established under sec-

1	tion 302 of the Chief Financial Officers Act of 1990 (31
2	U.S.C. 901 note), in consultation with the Council of In-
3	spectors General on Integrity and Efficiency established
4	under section 7 of the Inspector General Reform Act of
5	2009 (Public Law 110–409) and recovery audit experts,
6	shall conduct a study of—
7	(1) the implementation of subsection (h);
8	(2) the costs and benefits of agency recovery
9	audit activities, including those under subsection (h),
10	and including the effectiveness of using the services
11	of—
12	(A) private contractors;
13	(B) agency employees;
14	(C) cross-servicing from other agencies; or
15	(D) any combination of the provision of
16	services described under subparagraphs (A)
17	through (C); and
18	(3) submit a report on the results of the study
19	to—
20	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security
21	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
22	(B) the Committee on Oversight and Gov-
23	ernment Reform of the House of Representa-
24	tives; and
25	(C) the Comptroller General.

1 SEC. 3. COMPLIANCE.

2	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
3	(1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" has the
4	meaning given under section 2(f) of the Improper
5	Payments Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321
6	note) as redesignated by this Act.
7	(2) ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT.—The
8	term "annual financial statement" means the annual
9	financial statement required under section 3515 of
10	title 31, United States Code, or similar provision of
11	law.
12	(3) COMPLIANCE.—The term "compliance"
13	means that the agency—
14	(A) has published an annual financial
15	statement for the most recent fiscal year and
16	posted that report and any accompanying mate-
17	rials required under guidance of the Office of
18	Management and Budget on the agency
19	website;
20	(B) if required, has conducted a program
21	specific risk assessment for each program or ac-
22	tivity that conforms with section 2(a) the Im-
23	proper Payments Information Act of 2002 (31)
24	U.S.C. 3321 note);
25	(C) if required, publishes improper pay-
26	ments estimates for all programs and activities

identified under section 2(b) of the Improper 1 2 Payments Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3 3321 note) in the accompanying materials to 4 the annual financial statement; (D) publishes programmatic corrective ac-5 6 tion plans prepared under section 2(c) of the 7 Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 8 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) that the agency may 9 have in the accompanying materials to the an-10 nual financial statement; 11 (E) publishes improper payments reduction 12 targets established under section 2(c) of the 13 Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 14 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note) that the agency may 15 have in the accompanying materials to the an-16 nual financial statement for each program as-17 sessed to be at risk, and is meeting such tar-18 gets; and 19 (F) has reported an improper payment

rate of less than 10 percent for each program and activity for which an estimate was published under section 2(b) of the Improper Payments Information Act of 2002 (31 U.S.C. 3321 note).

1	(b) ANNUAL COMPLIANCE REPORT BY INSPECTORS
2	GENERAL OF AGENCIES.—Each fiscal year, the Inspector
3	General of each agency shall determine whether the agen-
4	cy is in compliance and submit a report on that determina-
5	tion to—
6	(1) the head of the agency;
7	(2) the Committee on Homeland Security and
8	Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
9	(3) the Committee on Oversight and Govern-
10	mental Reform of the House of Representatives; and
11	(4) the Comptroller General.
12	(c) Remediation.—
13	(1) NONCOMPLIANCE.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—If an agency is deter-
15	mined by the Inspector General of that agency
16	not to be in compliance under subsection (b) in
17	a fiscal year, the head of the agency shall sub-
18	mit a plan to Congress describing the actions
19	that the agency will take to come into compli-
20	ance.
21	(B) PLAN.—The plan described under sub-
22	paragraph (A) shall include—
23	(i) measurable milestones to be ac-
24	complished in order to achieve compliance
25	for each program or activity;

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1	(ii) the designation of a senior agency
2	official who shall be accountable for the
3	progress of the agency in coming into com-
4	pliance for each program or activity; and
5	(iii) the establishment of an account-
6	ability mechanism, such as a performance
7	agreement, with appropriate incentives and
8	consequences tied to the success of the of-
9	ficial designated under clause (ii) in lead-
10	ing the efforts of the agency to come into
11	compliance for each program and activity.
12	(2) Noncompliance for 2 fiscal years.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—If an agency is deter-
14	mined by the Inspector General of that agency
15	not to be in compliance under subsection (b) for
16	2 consecutive fiscal years for the same program
17	or activity, and the Director of the Office of
18	Management and Budget determines that addi-
19	tional funding would help the agency come into
20	compliance, the head of the agency shall obli-
21	gate additional funding, in an amount deter-
22	mined by the Director, to intensified compliance
23	efforts.
24	(B) FUNDING.—In providing additional
25	funding described under subparagraph (A), the

head of an agency shall use any reprogramming or transfer authority available to the agency. If after exercising that reprogramming or transfer authority additional funding is necessary to obligate the full level of funding determined by the Director of the Office of Management and

Budget under subparagraph (A), the agency shall submit a request to Congress for additional reprogramming or transfer authority.

10 (3)REAUTHORIZATION PROPOSALS.—If an 11 agency is determined by the Inspector General of 12 that agency not to be in compliance under sub-13 section (b) for more than 3 consecutive fiscal years 14 for the same program or activity, the head of the 15 agency shall, not later than 30 days after such de-16 termination, submit to Congress—

17 (A) reauthorization proposals for each pro18 gram or activity that has not been in compli19 ance for 3 or more consecutive fiscal years; or
20 (B) proposed statutory changes necessary
21 to bring the program or activity into compli22 ance.

23 (d) Compliance Enforcement Pilot Pro-24 grams.—

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1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office of 2 Management and Budget may establish 1 or more 3 pilot programs which shall test potential account-4 ability mechanisms with appropriate incentives and 5 consequences tied to success in ensuring compliance 6 with this Act and eliminating improper payments.

7 (2) REPORT.—Not later than 5 years after the 8 date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the 9 Office of Management and Budget shall submit a re-10 port to Congress on the findings associated with any 11 pilot programs conducted under paragraph (1). The 12 report shall include any legislative or other rec-13 ommendations that the Director determines nec-14 essary.

15 (e) Report on Chief Financial Officers Act of 1990.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enact-16 ment of this Act, the Chief Financial Officers Council es-17 18 tablished under section 302 of the Chief Financial Officers 19 Act of 1990 (31 U.S.C. 901 note) and the Council of In-20 spectors General on Integrity and Efficiency established 21 under section 7 of the Inspector General Reform Act of 22 2009 (Public Law 110–409), in consultation with a broad 23 cross-section of experts and stakeholders in Government 24 accounting and financial management shall—

1	(1) jointly examine the lessons learned during
2	the first 20 years of implementing the Chief Finan-
3	cial Officers Act of 1990 (31 U.S.C. 901) and iden-
4	tify any reforms or improvements to the legislative
5	and regulatory compliance framework for Federal fi-
6	nancial management that will optimize Federal
7	agency efforts to—
8	(A) publish relevant, timely, and reliable
9	reports on Government finances; and
10	(B) implement internal controls that miti-
11	gate the risk for fraud, waste, and error in Gov-
12	ernment programs; and
13	(2) submit a report on the results of the exam-
14	ination to—
15	(A) the Committee on Homeland Security
16	and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;
17	(B) the Committee on Oversight and Gov-
18	ernment Reform of the House of Representa-
19	tives; and
20	(C) the Comptroller General.

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