111TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1686

To place reasonable safeguards on the use of surveillance and other authorities under the USA PATRIOT Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

SEPTEMBER 17, 2009

Mr. Feingold (for himself, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Tester, Mr. Udall of New Mexico, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Akaka, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Menendez, and Mr. Merkley) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To place reasonable safeguards on the use of surveillance and other authorities under the USA PATRIOT Act, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Judicious Use of Sur-
 - 5 veillance Tools In Counterterrorism Efforts Act of 2009"
 - 6 or the "JUSTICE Act".
 - 7 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 8 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I—REASONABLE SAFEGUARDS TO PROTECT THE PRIVACY OF AMERICANS' RECORDS

- Sec. 101. National security letter authority.
- Sec. 102. Judicial review of National Security Letters.
- Sec. 103. National Security Letter compliance program and tracking database.
- Sec. 104. Public reporting on National Security Letters.
- Sec. 105. Emergency disclosures.
- Sec. 106. Least intrusive means.
- Sec. 107. Privacy protections for section 215 business records orders.
- Sec. 108. Technical and conforming amendments.

TITLE II—REASONABLE SAFEGUARDS TO PROTECT THE PRIVACY OF AMERICANS' HOMES

Sec. 201. Limitation on authority to delay notice of search warrants.

TITLE III—REASONABLE SAFEGUARDS TO PROTECT THE PRIVACY OF AMERICANS' COMMUNICATIONS

- Sec. 301. Limitations on roving wiretaps under Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act.
- Sec. 302. Privacy protections for pen registers and trap and trace devices.
- Sec. 303. Repeal of telecommunications immunity.
- Sec. 304. Prohibition on bulk collection under FISA Amendments Act.
- Sec. 305. Prohibition on reverse targeting under FISA Amendments Act.
- Sec. 306. Limits on use of unlawfully obtained information under FISA Amendments Act.
- Sec. 307. Privacy protections for international communications of Americans collected under FISA Amendments Act.
- Sec. 308. Clarification of computer trespass authority.

TITLE IV—IMPROVEMENTS TO FURTHER CONGRESSIONAL AND JUDICIAL OVERSIGHT

- Sec. 401. Public reporting on the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act.
- Sec. 402. Use of Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act materials.
- Sec. 403. Challenges to nationwide orders for electronic evidence.

TITLE V—IMPROVEMENTS TO FURTHER EFFECTIVE, FOCUSED INVESTIGATIONS

- Sec. 501. Modification of definition of domestic terrorism.
- Sec. 502. Clarification of intent requirement.

1	TITLE I—REASONABLE SAFE-
2	GUARDS TO PROTECT THE
3	PRIVACY OF AMERICANS'
4	RECORDS
5	SEC. 101. NATIONAL SECURITY LETTER AUTHORITY.
6	(a) National Security Letter Authority for
7	Communications Subscriber Records.—
8	(1) In General.—Section 2709 of title 18,
9	United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
10	"§ 2709. National Security Letter for communications
11	subscriber records
12	"(a) Authorization.—
13	"(1) In general.—The Director of the Fed-
14	eral Bureau of Investigation, or a designee of the
15	Director whose rank shall be no lower than Deputy
16	Assistant Director at Bureau headquarters or Spe-
17	cial Agent in Charge in a Bureau field office, may
18	issue in writing and cause to be served on a wire or
19	electronic communications service provider a Na-
20	tional Security Letter requiring the production of—
21	"(A) the name of a customer or subscriber;
22	"(B) the address of a customer or sub-
23	scriber;
24	"(C) the length of the provision of service
25	by the provider to a customer or subscriber (in-

1	cluding start date) and the types of service used
2	by the customer or subscriber;
3	"(D) the telephone number or instrument
4	number, or other subscriber number or identi-
5	fier, of a customer or subscriber, including any
6	temporarily assigned network address;
7	"(E) the means and sources of payment
8	for service by the provider (including any credit
9	card or bank account number);
10	"(F) information about any service or mer-
11	chandise orders relating to the communications
12	service of a customer or subscriber, including
13	any shipping information and vendor locations;
14	and
15	"(G) the name and contact information, if
16	available, of any other wire or electronic com-
17	munications service providers facilitating the
18	communications of a customer or subscriber.
19	"(2) Limitation.—A National Security Letter
20	issued under this subsection may not require the
21	production of local or long distance telephone
22	records or electronic communications transactional
23	information not listed in paragraph (1).
24	"(b) Requirements.—

1	"(1) In General.—A National Security Letter
2	shall be issued under subsection (a) only where—
3	"(A) the records sought are relevant to an
4	ongoing and authorized national security inves-
5	tigation (other than an assessment); and
6	"(B) there are specific and articulable
7	facts providing reason to believe that the
8	records—
9	"(i) pertain to a suspected agent of a
10	foreign power or an individual who is the
11	subject of an ongoing and authorized na-
12	tional security investigation (other than an
13	assessment);
14	"(ii) pertain to an individual who has
15	been in contact with, or otherwise directly
16	linked to, a suspected agent of a foreign
17	power or an individual who is the subject
18	of an ongoing and authorized national se-
19	curity investigation (other than an assess-
20	ment); or
21	"(iii) pertain to the activities of a sus-
22	pected agent of a foreign power, where
23	those activities are the subject of an ongo-
24	ing and authorized identified national secu-
25	rity investigation (other than an assess-

1	ment), and obtaining the records is the
2	least intrusive means that could be used to
3	identify persons believed to be involved in
4	the activities.
5	"(2) Investigation.—For purposes of this
6	section, an ongoing and authorized national security
7	investigation—
8	"(A) is an investigation conducted under
9	guidelines approved by the Attorney General
10	and in accordance with Executive Order 12333
11	(or any successor order);
12	"(B) shall not be conducted with respect to
13	a United States person upon the basis of activi-
14	ties protected by the first amendment to the
15	Constitution of the United States; and
16	"(C) shall be specifically identified and re-
17	corded by an official issuing a National Security
18	Letter under subsection (a).
19	"(3) Contents.—A National Security Letter
20	issued under subsection (a) shall—
21	"(A) describe the records to be produced
22	with sufficient particularity to permit the
23	records to be fairly identified;
24	"(B) include the date on which the records
25	shall be provided, which shall allow a reasonable

period of time within which the records can be assembled and made available;

"(C) provide clear and conspicuous notice of the principles and procedures set forth in this section and section 3511 of this title, including notification of any nondisclosure requirement under subsection (c), the right to contest the National Security Letter or applicable nondisclosure requirements and procedures for doing so, and a statement laying out the rights and responsibilities of the recipient; and

"(D) not contain any requirement that would be held to be unreasonable if contained in a subpoena duces tecum issued by a court of the United States in aid of a grand jury investigation or require the production of any documentary evidence that would be privileged from disclosure if demanded by a subpoena duces tecum issued by a court of the United States in aid of a grand jury investigation.

"(4) RETENTION OF RECORDS.—The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall direct that a signed copy of each National Security Letter issued under subsection (a) be retained in the data-

1	base required to be established under section 103 of
2	the JUSTICE Act.
3	"(c) Prohibition of Certain Disclosure.—
4	"(1) In general.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a certification is
6	issued under subparagraph (B) and notice of
7	the right to judicial review under paragraph (4)
8	is provided, no wire or electronic communica-
9	tion service provider, or officer, employee, or
10	agent thereof, who receives a National Security
11	Letter issued under subsection (a), shall dis-
12	close to any person the particular information
13	specified in the certification during the time pe-
14	riod to which the certification applies, which
15	may be not longer than 1 year.
16	"(B) Certification.—The requirements
17	of subparagraph (A) shall apply if the Director
18	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or a
19	designee of the Director whose rank shall be no
20	lower than Deputy Assistant Director at Bu-
21	reau headquarters or a Special Agent in Charge
22	of a Bureau field office, certifies that—
23	"(i) there is reason to believe that dis-
24	closure of particular information about the
25	existence or contents of a National Secu-

1	rity Letter issued under subsection (a)
2	during the applicable time period will re-
3	sult in—
4	"(I) endangering the life or phys-
5	ical safety of any person;
6	"(II) flight from prosecution;
7	"(III) destruction of or tam-
8	pering with evidence;
9	"(IV) intimidation of potential
10	witnesses;
11	"(V) interference with diplomatic
12	relations; or
13	"(VI) otherwise seriously endan-
14	gering the national security of the
15	United States by alerting a target, an
16	associate of a target, or the foreign
17	power of which the target is an agent,
18	of the interest of the Government in
19	the target;
20	"(ii) the harm identified under clause
21	(i) relates to the ongoing and authorized
22	national security investigation to which the
23	records sought are relevant; and

1	"(iii) the nondisclosure requirement is
2	narrowly tailored to address the specific
3	harm identified under clause (i).
4	"(2) Exception.—
5	"(A) In general.—A wire or electronic
6	communication service provider, or officer, em-
7	ployee, or agent thereof, who receives a Na-
8	tional Security Letter issued under subsection
9	(a) may disclose information otherwise subject
10	to any applicable nondisclosure requirement
11	to—
12	"(i) those persons to whom disclosure
13	is necessary in order to comply with the
14	National Security Letter;
15	"(ii) an attorney in order to obtain
16	legal advice or assistance regarding the
17	National Security Letter; or
18	"(iii) other persons as permitted by
19	the Director of the Federal Bureau of In-
20	vestigation or the designee of the Director.
21	"(B) Nondisclosure requirement.—A
22	person to whom disclosure is made under sub-
23	paragraph (A) shall be subject to the nondisclo-
24	sure requirements applicable to a person to
25	whom a National Security Letter is issued

under subsection (a) in the same manner as the person to whom the National Security Letter is issued.

"(C) Notice.—Any recipient who discloses to a person described in subparagraph (A) information otherwise subject to a nondisclosure requirement shall inform the person of the applicable nondisclosure requirement.

"(3) EXTENSION.—The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or a designee of the Director whose rank shall be no lower than Deputy Assistant Director at Bureau headquarters or a Special Agent in Charge in a Bureau field office, may extend a nondisclosure requirement for additional periods of not longer than 1 year if, at the time of each extension, a new certification is made under paragraph (1)(B) and notice is provided to the recipient of the applicable National Security Letter that the nondisclosure requirement has been extended and the recipient has the right to judicial review of the nondisclosure requirement.

"(4) RIGHT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A wire or electronic communications service provider who receives a National Security Letter issued under sub-

1 section (a) shall have the right to judicial re-2 view of any applicable nondisclosure require-3 ment and any extension thereof. "(B) Timing.— 4 "(i) In General.—A National Secu-6 rity Letter issued under subsection (a) 7 shall state that if the recipient wishes to 8 have a court review a nondisclosure re-9 quirement, the recipient shall notify the 10 Government not later than 21 days after 11 the date of receipt of the National Security 12 Letter. 13 "(ii) Extension.—A notice that the 14 applicable nondisclosure requirement has 15 been extended under paragraph (3) shall 16 state that if the recipient wishes to have a 17 court review the nondisclosure require-18 ment, the recipient shall notify the Govern-19 ment not later than 21 days after the date 20 of receipt of the notice. "(C) Initiation of Proceedings.—If a 21 22 recipient of a National Security Letter issued 23 under subsection (a) makes a notification under

subparagraph (B), the Government shall ini-

tiate judicial review under the procedures established in section 3511 of this title.

"(5) TERMINATION.—If the facts supporting a nondisclosure requirement cease to exist prior to the applicable time period of the nondisclosure requirement, an appropriate official of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall promptly notify the wire or electronic service provider, or officer, employee, or agent thereof, subject to the nondisclosure requirement that the nondisclosure requirement is no longer in effect.

"(d) MINIMIZATION AND DESTRUCTION.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the JUSTICE Act, the Attorney General shall establish minimization and destruction procedures governing the acquisition, retention and dissemination by the Federal Bureau of Investigation of any records received by the Federal Bureau of Investigation in response to a National Security Letter issued under subsection (a).

"(2) Definition.—In this subsection, the term minimization and destruction procedures means—

"(A) specific procedures that are reasonably designed in light of the purpose and tech-

nique of a National Security Letter, to minimize the acquisition and retention, and prohibit the dissemination, of nonpublicly available information concerning unconsenting United States persons consistent with the need of the United States to obtain, produce, and disseminate foreign intelligence information, including procedures to ensure that information obtained under a National Security Letter that does not meet the requirements of this section or is outside the scope of the National Security Letter, is returned or destroyed;

"(B) procedures that require that nonpublicly available information, which is not foreign intelligence information (as defined in section 101(e)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801(e)(1))) shall not be disseminated in a manner that identifies any United States person, without the consent of the United States person, unless the identity of the United States person is necessary to understand foreign intelligence information or assess its importance; and

"(C) notwithstanding subparagraphs (A) and (B), procedures that allow for the retention

1	and dissemination of information that is evi-
2	dence of a crime which has been, is being, or
3	is about to be committed and that is to be re-
4	tained or disseminated for law enforcement pur-
5	poses.
6	"(e) Requirement That Certain Congressional
7	Bodies Be Informed.—
8	"(1) In general.—On a semiannual basis the
9	Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall
10	fully inform the Permanent Select Committee on In-
11	telligence and the Committee on the Judiciary of the
12	Senate and the Select Committee on Intelligence and
13	the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of
14	Representatives concerning all National Security
15	Letters issued under subsection (a).
16	"(2) Contents.—Each report under para-
17	graph (1) shall include—
18	"(A) a description of the minimization and
19	destruction procedures adopted by the Attorney
20	General under subsection (d), including any
21	changes to the minimization and destruction
22	procedures previously adopted by the Attorney
23	General;
24	"(B) a summary of any petitions or court
25	proceedings under section 3511 of this title.

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1	"(C) a description of the extent to which
2	information obtained with National Security
3	Letters issued under subsection (a) has aided
4	intelligence investigations and an explanation of
5	how the information has aided the investiga-
6	tions; and
7	"(D) a description of the extent to which
8	information obtained with National Security
9	Letters issued under subsection (a) has aided
10	criminal prosecutions and an explanation of
11	how the information has aided the prosecutions.
12	"(f) Use of Information.—
13	"(1) In general.—
14	"(A) Consent.—Any information ac-
15	quired under a National Security Letter issued
16	under subsection (a) concerning any United
17	States person may be used and disclosed by
18	Federal officers and employees without the con-
19	sent of the United States person only in accord-
20	ance with the minimization and destruction pro-
21	cedures established by the Attorney General
22	under subsection (d).
23	"(B) Lawful Purpose.—No information
24	acquired under a National Security Letter

issued under subsection (a) may be used or dis-

1 closed by Federal officers or employees except 2 for lawful purposes.

"(2) DISCLOSURE FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT PURPOSES.—No information acquired under a National Security Letter issued under subsection (a) shall be disclosed for law enforcement purposes unless the disclosure is accompanied by a statement that the information, or any information derived therefrom, may only be used in a criminal proceeding with the advance authorization of the Attorney General.

"(3) Notification of intended disclosure
By the united states.—Whenever the United
States intends to enter into evidence or otherwise
use or disclose in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, department, officer,
agency, regulatory body, or other authority of the
United States against an aggrieved person any information obtained or derived from a National Security
Letter issued under subsection (a), the United
States shall, before the trial, hearing, or other proceeding or at a reasonable time before an effort to
so disclose or so use the information or submit the
information in evidence, notify the aggrieved person
and the court or other authority in which the infor-

1 mation is to be disclosed or used that the United 2 States intends to so disclose or so use the informa-3 tion.

> "(4) Notification of intended disclosure BY STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.—Whenever any State or political subdivision thereof intends to enter into evidence or otherwise use or disclose in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, department, officer, agency, regulatory body, or other authority of the State or political subdivision thereof against an aggrieved person any information obtained or derived from a National Security Letter issued under subsection (a), the State or political subdivision thereof shall notify the aggrieved person, the court or other authority in which the information is to be disclosed or used, and the Attorney General that the State or political subdivision thereof intends to so disclose or so use the information.

"(5) MOTION TO SUPPRESS.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any aggrieved person against whom evidence obtained or derived from a National Security Letter issued under subsection (a) is to be, or has been, introduced or otherwise used or disclosed in any trial, hear-

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1	ing, or other proceeding in or before any court,
2	department, officer, agency, regulatory body, or
3	other authority of the United States, or a State
4	or political subdivision thereof, may move to
5	suppress the evidence obtained or derived from
6	the National Security Letter, as the case may
7	be, on the grounds that—
8	"(i) the information was acquired in
9	violation of the Constitution or laws of the
10	United States; or
11	"(ii) the National Security Letter was
12	not issued in accordance with the require-
13	ments of this section.
14	"(B) Timing.—A motion under subpara-
15	graph (A) shall be made before the trial, hear-
16	ing, or other proceeding unless there was no op-
17	portunity to make such a motion or the ag-
18	grieved person concerned was not aware of the
19	grounds of the motion.
20	"(6) Judicial review.—
21	"(A) In general.—In a circumstance de-
22	scribed in subparagraph (B), a United States
23	district court or, where the motion is made be-
24	fore another authority, the United States dis-

trict court in the same district as the authority

1	shall, if the Attorney General files an affidavit
2	under oath that disclosure would harm the na-
3	tional security of the United States, review in
4	camera such materials as may be necessary to
5	determine whether the National Security Letter
6	was lawfully issued.
7	"(B) CIRCUMSTANCES.—A circumstance
8	described in this subparagraph is a cir-
9	cumstance in which—
10	"(i) a court or other authority is noti-
11	fied under paragraph (3) or (4);
12	"(ii) a motion is made under para-
13	graph (5); or
14	"(iii) any motion or request is made
15	by an aggrieved person under any other
16	statute or rule of the United States or any
17	State before any court or other authority
18	of the United States or any State to—
19	"(I) discover or obtain materials
20	relating to a National Security Letter
21	issued under subsection (a); or
22	"(II) discover, obtain, or sup-
23	press evidence or information obtained
24	or derived from a National Security
25	Letter issued under subsection (a).

"(C) DISCLOSURE.—In making a deter-mination under subparagraph (A), unless the court finds that disclosure would not assist in determining any legal or factual issue pertinent to the case, the court may disclose to the ag-grieved person, the counsel for the aggrieved person, or both, under the procedures and standards provided in the Classified Informa-tion Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.) or other appropriate security procedures and protective orders, portions of the National Security Letter, or related materials.

"(7) EFFECT OF DETERMINATION OF LAWFULNESS.—

"(A) UNLAWFUL ORDERS.—If a United States district court determines under paragraph (6) that a National Security Letter was not issued in compliance with the Constitution or laws of the United States, the court may suppress the evidence that was unlawfully obtained or derived from the National Security Letter or otherwise grant the motion of the aggrieved person.

"(B) LAWFUL ORDERS.—If a United States district court determines under para-

graph (6) that a National Security Letter was issued in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the United States, the court shall deny the motion of the aggrieved person, except to the extent that due process requires discovery or disclosure.

"(8) BINDING FINAL ORDERS.—An order granting a motion or request under paragraph (6), a decision under this section that a National Security Letter was not lawful, and an order of a United States district court requiring review or granting disclosure of an application, order, or other related materials shall be a final order and binding upon all courts of the United States and the several States, except an appeal or petition to a United States court of appeals or the Supreme Court of the United States.

"(g) Definitions.—In this section—

"(1) the terms 'agent of a foreign power', 'foreign power', and 'United States person' have the meanings given those terms in section 101 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801);

"(2) the term 'aggrieved person' means a person whose information or records were sought or obtained under this section; and

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1	"(3) the term 'assessment' means an assess-
2	ment, as that term is used in the guidelines entitled
3	'The Attorney General's Guidelines for Domestic
4	FBI Operations', or any successor thereto.".

5 (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-6 MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 121 of 7 title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking 8 the item relating to section 2709 and inserting the 9 following:

"2709. National Security Letter for communications subscriber records.".

- 10 (b) NATIONAL SECURITY LETTER AUTHORITY FOR
 11 CERTAIN FINANCIAL RECORDS.—Section 1114 of the
 12 Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3414)
 13 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 "SEC. 1114. NATIONAL SECURITY LETTER FOR CERTAIN FI15 NANCIAL RECORDS.
- 16 "(a) Authorization.—

17 "(1) In General.—The Director of the Fed-18 eral Bureau of Investigation, or a designee of the 19 Director whose rank shall be no lower than Deputy 20 Assistant Director at Bureau headquarters or Spe-21 cial Agent in Charge in a Bureau field office, may 22 issue in writing and cause to be served on a financial 23 institution, a National Security Letter requiring the 24 production of—

1	"(A) the name of a customer or entity with
2	whom the financial institution has a financial
3	relationship;
4	"(B) the address of a customer or entity
5	with whom the financial institution has a finan-
6	cial relationship;
7	"(C) the length of time during which a
8	customer or entity has had an account or other
9	financial relationship with the financial institu-
10	tion (including the start date) and the type of
11	account or other financial relationship; and
12	"(D) any account number or other unique
13	identifier associated with the financial relation-
14	ship of a customer or entity to the financial in-
15	stitution.
16	"(2) Limitation.—A National Security Letter
17	issued under this subsection may not require the
18	production of records or information not listed in
19	paragraph (1).
20	"(b) National Security Letter Require-
21	MENTS.—
22	"(1) In General.—A National Security Letter
23	issued under subsection (a) shall be subject to the
24	requirements of subsections (b) through (g) of sec-
25	tion 2709 of title 18, United States Code, in the

- 1 same manner and to the same extent as those provi-
- 2 sions apply with respect to a National Security Let-
- 3 ter issued under section 2709(a) of title 18, United
- 4 States Code, to a wire or electronic communication
- 5 service provider.
- 6 "(2) Reporting.—For any National Security
- 7 Letter issued under subsection (a), the semiannual
- 8 reports under section 2709(e) of title 18, United
- 9 States Code, shall also be submitted to the Com-
- mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of
- the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services
- of the House of Representatives.
- 13 "(c) Definition of 'Financial Institution'.—
- 14 For purposes of this section (and sections 1115 and 1117,
- 15 insofar as the sections relate to the operation of this sec-
- 16 tion), the term 'financial institution' has the same mean-
- 17 ing as in subsections (a)(2) and (c)(1) of section 5312 of
- 18 title 31, except that the term shall include only a financial
- 19 institution any part of which is located inside any State
- 20 or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia,
- 21 Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth
- 22 of the Northern Mariana Islands, or the United States
- 23 Virgin Islands.".
- 24 (c) National Security Letter Authority for
- 25 CERTAIN CONSUMER REPORT RECORDS.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 626 of the Fair
2	Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681u) is amend-
3	ed —
4	(A) by striking the section heading and in-
5	serting the following:
6	"§ 626. National Security Letters for certain con-
7	sumer report records";
8	(B) by striking subsections (a) through (d)
9	and inserting the following:
10	"(a) AUTHORIZATION.—
11	"(1) In General.—The Director of the Fed-
12	eral Bureau of Investigation, or a designee of the
13	Director whose rank shall be no lower than Deputy
14	Assistant Director at Bureau headquarters or Spe-
15	cial Agent in Charge in a Bureau field office, may
16	issue in writing and cause to be served on a con-
17	sumer reporting agency a National Security Letter
18	requiring the production of—
19	"(A) the name of a consumer;
20	"(B) the current and former address of a
21	consumer;
22	"(C) the current and former places of em-
23	ployment of a consumer; and
24	"(D) the name and address of any finan-
25	cial institution (as that term is defined in sec-

- tion 1101 of the Right to Financial Privacy Act
 of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3401)) at which a consumer
 maintains or has maintained an account, to the
 extent that the information is in the files of the
 consumer reporting agency.
- 6 "(2) LIMITATION.—A National Security Letter 7 issued under this subsection may not require the 8 production of a consumer report.
- 9 "(b) NATIONAL SECURITY LETTER REQUIRE-10 MENTS.—
- 11 "(1) In General.—A National Security Letter 12 issued under subsection (a) shall be subject to the 13 requirements of subsections (b) through (g) of sec-14 tion 2709 of title 18, United States Code, in the 15 same manner and to the same extent as those provi-16 sions apply with respect to a National Security Let-17 ter issued under section 2709(a) of title 18, United 18 States Code, to a wire or electronic communication 19 service provider.
 - "(2) Reporting.—For any National Security
 Letter issued under subsection (a), the semiannual
 reports under section 2709(e) of title 18, United
 States Code, shall also be submitted to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of

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1	the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services
2	of the House of Representatives.";
3	(C) by striking subsections (f) through (h);
4	and
5	(D) by redesignating subsections (e) and
6	(i) through (m) as subsections (c) through (h),
7	respectively.
8	(2) Repeal.—Section 627 of the Fair Credit
9	Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681v) is repealed.
10	(3) Technical and conforming amend-
11	MENT.—The table of sections for the Fair Credit
12	Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) is amended
13	by striking the items relating to sections 626 and
14	627 and inserting the following:
	"626. National Security Letters for certain consumer report records. "627. [Repealed].".
15	SEC. 102. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF NATIONAL SECURITY LET-
16	TERS.
17	(a) Review of Nondisclosure Orders.—Section
18	3511(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended to
19	read as follows:
20	"(b) Nondisclosure.—
21	"(1) In general.—
22	"(A) Notice.—If a recipient of a National
23	Security Letter under section 2709 of this title,
24	section 626 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act

(15 U.S.C. 1681u), section 1114 of the Right to Financial Privacy Act (12 U.S.C. 3414), or section 802(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 436(a)), wishes to have a court review a nondisclosure requirement imposed in connection with the National Security Letter, the recipient shall notify the Government not later than 21 days after the date of receipt of the National Security Letter or of notice that an applicable nondisclosure requirement has been extended.

"(B) APPLICATION.—Not later than 21 days after the date of receipt of a notification under subparagraph (A), the Government shall apply for an order prohibiting the disclosure of particular information about the existence or contents of the relevant National Security Letter. An application under this subparagraph may be filed in the district court of the United States for any district within which the authorized investigation that is the basis for the National Security Letter is being conducted. The applicable nondisclosure requirement shall remain in effect during the pendency of proceedings relating to the requirement.

1	"(C) Consideration.—A district court of
2	the United States that receives an application
3	under subparagraph (B) should rule expedi-
4	tiously, and may issue a nondisclosure order for
5	a period of not longer than 1 year, unless the
6	facts justify a longer period of nondisclosure.
7	"(D) Denial.—If a district court of the
8	United States rejects an application for a non-
9	disclosure order or extension thereof, the non-
10	disclosure requirement shall no longer be in ef-
11	fect.
12	"(2) Application contents.—An application
13	for a nondisclosure order or extension thereof under
14	this subsection shall include—
15	"(A) a statement of specific and articulable
16	facts giving the applicant reason to believe that
17	disclosure of particular information about the
18	existence or contents of a National Security
19	Letter described in paragraph (1)(A) during the
20	applicable time period will result in—
21	"(i) endangering the life or physical
22	safety of any person;
23	"(ii) flight from prosecution;
24	"(iii) destruction of or tampering with
25	evidence;

1	"(iv) intimidation of potential wit-
2	nesses;
3	"(v) interference with diplomatic rela-
4	tions; or
5	"(vi) otherwise seriously endangering
6	the national security of the United States
7	by alerting a target, an associate of a tar-
8	get, or the foreign power of which the tar-
9	get is an agent, of the interest of the Gov-
10	ernment in the target;
11	"(B) an explanation of how the harm iden-
12	tified under subparagraph (A) relates to the on-
13	going and authorized national security inves-
14	tigation to which the records sought are rel-
15	evant;
16	"(C) an explanation of how the nondisclo-
17	sure requirement is narrowly tailored to address
18	the specific harm identified under subparagraph
19	(A); and
20	"(D) the time period during which the
21	Government believes the nondisclosure require-
22	ment should apply.
23	"(3) STANDARD.—A district court of the
24	United States may issue a nondisclosure require-

1	ment order or extension thereof under this sub-
2	section if the court determines that—
3	"(A) there is reason to believe that disclo-
4	sure of the information subject to the nondisclo-
5	sure requirement during the applicable time pe-
6	riod will result in—
7	"(i) endangering the life or physical
8	safety of any person;
9	"(ii) flight from prosecution;
10	"(iii) destruction of or tampering with
11	evidence;
12	"(iv) intimidation of potential wit-
13	nesses;
14	"(v) interference with diplomatic rela-
15	tions; or
16	"(vi) otherwise seriously endangering
17	the national security of the United States
18	by alerting a target, an associate of a tar-
19	get, or the foreign power of which the tar-
20	get is an agent, of the interest of the Gov-
21	ernment in the target;
22	"(B) the harm identified under subpara-
23	graph (A) relates to the ongoing and authorized
24	national security investigation to which the
25	records sought are relevant; and

- 1 "(C) the nondisclosure requirement is nar-2 rowly tailored to address the specific harm iden-
- 3 tified under subparagraph (A).
- "(4) Renewal.—A nondisclosure order under this subsection may be renewed for additional periods of not longer than 1 year, unless the facts of the case justify a longer period of nondisclosure, upon submission of an application meeting the requirements of paragraph (2), and a determination by the
- 11 (3) continue to exist.".

12 (b) DISCLOSURE.—Section 3511(d) of title 18,

court that the circumstances described in paragraph

- 13 United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 14 "(d) DISCLOSURE.—In making determinations under
- 15 this section, unless the district court of the United States
- 16 finds that disclosure would not assist in determining any
- 17 legal or factual issue pertinent to the case, the court may
- 18 disclose to the petitioner, the counsel of the petitioner, or
- 19 both, under the procedures and standards provided in the
- 20 Classified Information Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.)
- 21 or other appropriate security procedures and protective or-
- 22 ders, portions of the National Security Letter, or related
- 23 materials.".
- 24 (c) Conforming Amendments.—Section 3511 of
- 25 title 18, United States Code, is amended—

```
(1) in subsection (a)—
 1
 2
                 (A) by inserting after "(a)" the following
 3
             "REQUEST.—":
                 (B) by striking "2709(b)" and inserting
 4
             "2709";
 5
 6
                 (C) by striking "626(a) or (b) or 627(a)"
            and inserting "626"; and
 7
                 (D) by striking "1114(a)(5)(A)" and in-
 8
 9
             serting "1114"; and
10
             (2) in subsection (c)—
11
                 (A) by inserting after "(c)" the following
             "Failure to Comply.—";
12
                 (B) by striking "2709(b)" and inserting
13
             "2709";
14
                 (C) by striking "626(a) or (b) or 627(a)"
15
             and inserting "626"; and
16
17
                 (D) by striking "1114(a)(5)(A)" and in-
18
            serting "1114".
        (d) Repeal.—Section 3511(e) of title 18, United
19
20
   States Code, is repealed.
21
   SEC. 103. NATIONAL SECURITY LETTER COMPLIANCE PRO-
22
                GRAM AND TRACKING DATABASE.
23
        (a) Compliance Program.—The Director of the
24 Federal Bureau of Investigation shall establish a program
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1	to ensure compliance with the amendments made by sec-
2	tion 101.
3	(b) Tracking Database.—The compliance program
4	required under subsection (a) shall include the establish-
5	ment of a database, the purpose of which shall be to track
6	all National Security Letters.
7	(c) Information.—The database required under
8	this section shall include—
9	(1) a signed copy of each National Security
10	Letter;
11	(2) the date the National Security Letter was
12	issued and for what type of information;
13	(3) whether the National Security Letter seeks
14	information regarding a United States person;
15	(4) identification of the ongoing and authorized
16	national security investigation (other than an assess-
17	ment) to which the National Security Letter relates
18	(5) whether the National Security Letter seeks
19	information regarding an individual who is the sub-
20	ject of the investigation described in paragraph (4)
21	(6) the date on which the information requested
22	was received and, if applicable, when the information
23	was destroyed; and
24	(7) whether the information gathered was dis-
25	closed for law enforcement purposes.

1	(d) Definitions.—In this section—
2	(1) the term "assessment" means an assess-
3	ment, as that term is used in the guidelines entitled
4	"The Attorney General's Guidelines for Domestic
5	FBI Operations", or any successor thereto; and
6	(2) the term "National Security Letter" means
7	a National Security Letter issued by the Federal
8	Bureau of Investigation under section 1114 of the
9	Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C.
10	3414), section 626 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act
11	(15 U.S.C. 1681u), or section 2709 of title 18
12	United States Code.
12	
13	SEC. 104. PUBLIC REPORTING ON NATIONAL SECURITY
	SEC. 104. PUBLIC REPORTING ON NATIONAL SECURITY LETTERS.
13	
13 14	LETTERS.
13 14 15 16	LETTERS. Section 118(c) of the USA PATRIOT Improvement
13 14 15 16	LETTERS. Section 118(c) of the USA PATRIOT Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (18 U.S.C. 3511 note)
13 14 15 16	LETTERS. Section 118(c) of the USA PATRIOT Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (18 U.S.C. 3511 note) is amended—
113 114 115 116 117	LETTERS. Section 118(c) of the USA PATRIOT Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (18 U.S.C. 3511 note) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)—
13 14 15 16 17 18	LETTERS. Section 118(c) of the USA PATRIOT Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (18 U.S.C. 3511 note) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 118(c) of the USA PATRIOT Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (18 U.S.C. 3511 note) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "concerning different United
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 118(c) of the USA PATRIOT Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005 (18 U.S.C. 3511 note) is amended— (1) in paragraph (1)— (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "concerning different United States persons"; and

1	(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as para-
2	graph (3); and
3	(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(2) Content.—
6	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
7	subparagraph (B), each report required under
8	this subsection shall include the total number of
9	requests described in paragraph (1) requiring
10	disclosure of information concerning—
11	"(i) United States persons;
12	"(ii) persons who are not United
13	States persons;
14	"(iii) persons who are the subjects of
15	authorized national security investigations;
16	or
17	"(iv) persons who are not the subjects
18	of authorized national security investiga-
19	tions.
20	"(B) Exception.—With respect to the
21	number of requests for subscriber information
22	under section 2709 of title 18, United States
23	Code, a report required under this subsection
24	need not provide information separated into

1	each of the categories described in subpara-
2	graph (A).".
3	SEC. 105. EMERGENCY DISCLOSURES.
4	(a) Enhanced Protections for Emergency Dis-
5	CLOSURES.—
6	(1) STORED COMMUNICATIONS ACT.—Section
7	2702 of title 18, United States Code is amended—
8	(A) in subsection (b)(8)—
9	(i) by striking ", in good faith," and
10	inserting "reasonably";
11	(ii) by inserting "immediate" after
12	"involving"; and
13	(iii) by adding before the period: "and
14	the request is narrowly tailored to address
15	the emergency, subject to the limitations of
16	subsection (d)";
17	(B) in subsection (c)(4)—
18	(i) by striking ", in good faith," and
19	inserting "reasonably";
20	(ii) by inserting "immediate" after
21	"involving"; and
22	(iii) by adding before the period: ",
23	subject to the limitations of subsection
24	(d)":

1	(C) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
2	section (e);
3	(D) by inserting after subsection (c) the
4	following:
5	"(d) Requirement.—
6	"(1) Request.—If a governmental entity re-
7	quests that a provider divulge information under
8	subsection (b)(8) or (c)(4), the request shall specify
9	that the disclosure is on a voluntary basis and shall
10	document the factual basis for believing that an
11	emergency involving immediate danger of death or
12	serious physical injury to a person requires disclo-
13	sure without delay of the information relating to the
14	emergency.
15	"(2) NOTICE TO COURT.—Not later than 5
16	days after the date on which a governmental entity
17	obtains access to records under subsection (b)(8) or
18	(c)(4), a governmental entity shall file with the ap-
19	propriate court a signed, sworn statement of a su-
20	pervisory official of a rank designated by the head
21	of the governmental entity setting forth the grounds
22	for the emergency access."; and
23	(E) in subsection (e), as so redesignated,
24	in each of paragraphs (1) and (2), by striking

1	"subsection (b)(8)" and inserting "subsections
2	(b)(8) and (c)(4)".
3	(2) RIGHT TO FINANCIAL PRIVACY ACT.—
4	(A) Emergency disclosures.—The
5	Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12
6	U.S.C. 3401 et seq.) is amended by inserting
7	after section 1120 the following:
8	"SEC. 1121. EMERGENCY DISCLOSURES.
9	"(a) In General.—
10	"(1) Standard.—A financial institution may
11	divulge a record described in section 1114(a) per-
12	taining to a customer to a Government authority, if
13	the financial institution reasonably believes that an
14	emergency involving immediate danger of death or
15	serious physical injury to a person requires disclo-
16	sure without delay of information relating to the
17	emergency and the request is narrowly tailored to
18	address the emergency.
19	"(2) Notice in request.—If a Government
20	authority requests that a financial institution divulge
21	information under this section, the request shall
22	specify that the disclosure is on a voluntary basis,

and shall document the factual basis for believing

that an emergency involving immediate danger of

23

- death or serious physical injury to a person requires
- 2 disclosure without delay of the information.
- 3 "(b) Certificate.—In the instances described in
- 4 subsection (a), the Government authority shall submit to
- 5 the financial institution the certificate required in section
- 6 1103(b), signed by a supervisory official of a rank des-
- 7 ignated by the head of the Government authority.
- 8 "(c) NOTICE TO COURT.—Not later than 5 days after
- 9 the date on which a Government authority obtains access
- 10 to financial records under this section, the Government
- 11 authority shall file with the appropriate court a signed,
- 12 sworn statement of a supervisory official of a rank des-
- 13 ignated by the head of the Government authority setting
- 14 forth the grounds for the emergency access. After filing
- 15 a statement under this subsection, a Government author-
- 16 ity shall provide notice to the customer in accordance with
- 17 section 1109.
- 18 "(d) Reporting of Emergency Disclosures.—
- 19 On an annual basis, the Attorney General of the United
- 20 States shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary and
- 21 the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
- 22 resentatives and the Committee on the Judiciary and the
- 23 Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of
- 24 the Senate a report containing—

1	"(1) the number of individuals for whom the
2	Department of Justice has received voluntary disclo-
3	sures under this section; and
4	"(2) a summary of the bases for disclosure in
5	those instances where—
6	"(A) voluntary disclosures under this sec-
7	tion were made to the Department of Justice;
8	and
9	"(B) the investigation pertaining to those
10	disclosures was closed without the filing of
11	criminal charges.
12	"(e) Definition.—In this section, the term 'finan-
13	cial institution' has the meaning given that term in section
14	1114(c).".
15	(B) Conforming amendments.—The
16	Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 (12
17	U.S.C. 3401 et seq.) is amended—
18	(i) in section 1102 (12 U.S.C. 3402),
19	by striking "or 1114" and inserting
20	"1114, or 1121"; and
21	(ii) in section 1109(c) (12 U.S.C.
22	3409(c)), by striking "1114(b)" and in-
23	serting "1121".

- 1 (b) CLARIFICATION REGARDING DATA Reten-2 TION.—Subsection 2703(f) of title 18, United States 3 Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "(3) 4 No DISCLOSURE WITHOUT COURT 5 ORDER.—A provider of wire or electronic commu-6 nications services or a remote computing service who 7 has received a request under this subsection shall 8 not disclose the records referred to in paragraph (1) 9 until the provider has received a court order or other 10 process.". 11 SEC. 106. LEAST INTRUSIVE MEANS. 12 (a) Guidelines.— 13 (1) In General.—The Attorney General shall 14 issue guidelines (consistent with Executive Order 15 12333 or any successor order) providing that, in na-16 tional security investigations, the least intrusive col-17 lection techniques feasible shall be used if there is a 18 choice between the use of more or less intrusive in-19 formation collection methods. 20 (2) Specific collection techniques.—The 21 guidelines required under this section shall provide 22 guidance with regard to specific collection tech-23 niques, including the use of National Security Let-24 ters, considering such factors as—
- 25 (A) the effect on the privacy of individuals;

- 1 (B) the potential damage to reputation of 2 individuals; and
 - (C) any special concerns under the first amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to a potential recipient of a National Security Letter or other legal process, including a direction that prior to issuing a National Security Letter or other legal process to a library or bookseller, investigative procedures aimed at obtaining the relevant information from entities other than a library or bookseller be used and have failed, or reasonably appear to be unlikely to succeed if tried or endanger lives if tried.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) BOOKSELLER.—The term "bookseller" means a person or entity engaged in the sale, rental, or delivery of books, journals, magazines, or other similar forms of communication in print or digitally.
- (2) LIBRARY.—The term "library" means a library (as that term is defined in section 213(1) of the Library Services and Technology Act (20 U.S.C. 9122(1))) whose services include access to the Internet, books, journals, magazines, newspapers, or other similar forms of communication in print or

1	digitally to patrons for their use, review, examina-
2	tion, or circulation.
3	(3) NATIONAL SECURITY LETTER.—The term
4	"National Security Letter" means a National Secu-
5	rity Letter issued by the Federal Bureau of Inves-
6	tigation under section 1114 of the Right to Finan-
7	cial Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3414), section
8	626 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C.
9	1681u), or section 2709 of title 18, United States
10	Code.
11	SEC. 107. PRIVACY PROTECTIONS FOR SECTION 215 BUSI-
12	NESS RECORDS ORDERS.
13	(a) Privacy Protections for Section 215 Busi-
14	NESS RECORDS ORDERS.—
14 15	NESS RECORDS ORDERS.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501(b) of the For-
15	(1) In general.—Section 501(b) of the For-
15 16	(1) In General.—Section 501(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
15 16 17	(1) In general.—Section 501(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861(b)(2)) is amended—
15 16 17 18	 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861(b)(2)) is amended— (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "and"
15 16 17 18 19	 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861(b)(2)) is amended— (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
15 16 17 18 19 20	 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861(b)(2)) is amended— (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "and" after the semicolon; (B) in paragraph (2)—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501(b) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861(b)(2)) is amended— (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "and" after the semicolon; (B) in paragraph (2)— (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking ",

1	(ii) by striking subparagraph (B) and
2	inserting the following:
3	"(B) a statement of specific and
4	articulable facts providing reason to believe that
5	the tangible things sought—
6	"(i) pertain to a suspected agent of a
7	foreign power or an individual who is the
8	subject of an ongoing and authorized na-
9	tional security investigation (other than an
10	assessment (as defined in section 2709 of
11	title 18, United States Code));
12	"(ii) pertain to an individual who has
13	been in contact with, or otherwise directly
14	linked to, a suspected agent of a foreign
15	power or an individual who is the subject
16	of an ongoing and authorized national se-
17	curity investigation (other than an assess-
18	ment); or
19	"(iii) pertain to the activities of a sus-
20	pected agent of a foreign power, where
21	those activities are the subject of an ongo-
22	ing and authorized national security inves-
23	tigation (other than an assessment), and
24	obtaining the records is the least intrusive
25	means that could be used to identify per-

1	sons believed to be involved in the activi-
2	ties; and
3	"(C) a statement of proposed minimization
4	procedures; and"; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(3) if the applicant is seeking a nondisclosure
7	requirement described in subsection (d), shall in-
8	clude—
9	"(A) a statement of specific and articulable
10	facts providing reason to believe that disclosure
11	of particular information about the existence or
12	contents of the order requiring the production
13	of tangible things under this section during the
14	applicable time period will result in—
15	"(i) endangering the life or physical
16	safety of any person;
17	"(ii) flight from prosecution;
18	"(iii) destruction of or tampering with
19	evidence;
20	"(iv) intimidation of potential wit-
21	nesses;
22	"(v) interference with diplomatic rela-
23	tions; or
24	"(vi) otherwise seriously endangering
25	the national security of the United States

1	by alerting a target, an associate of a tar-
2	get, or the foreign power of which the tar-
3	get is an agent, of the interest of the Gov-
4	ernment in the target;
5	"(B) an explanation of how the harm iden-
6	tified under subparagraph (A) is related to the
7	authorized investigation to which the tangible
8	things sought are relevant;
9	"(C) an explanation of how the nondisclo-
10	sure requirement is narrowly tailored to address
11	the specific harm identified under subparagraph
12	(A); and
13	"(D) the time period during which the
14	Government believes the nondisclosure require-
15	ment should apply.".
16	(2) Order.—Section 501(c) of the Foreign In-
17	telligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
18	1861(c)) is amended—
19	(A) in paragraph (1)—
20	(i) by striking "subsections (a) and
21	(b)" and inserting "subsection (a) and
22	paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b)
23	and that the proposed minimization proce-
24	dures meet the definition of minimization
25	procedures under subsection (g)"; and

1	(ii) by striking the last sentence and
2	inserting the following: "If the judge finds
3	that the requirements of subsection (b)(3)
4	have been met, such order shall include a
5	nondisclosure requirement, which may
6	apply for not longer than 1 year, unless
7	the facts justify a longer period of non-
8	disclosure, subject to the principles and
9	procedures described in subsection (d).";
10	and
11	(B) in paragraph (2)—
12	(i) in subparagraph (C), by inserting
13	before the semicolon ", if applicable";
14	(ii) in subparagraph (D), by striking
15	"and" at the end;
16	(iii) in subparagraph (E), by striking
17	the period at the end and inserting ";
18	and"; and
19	(iv) by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(F) shall direct that the minimization
22	procedures be followed.".
23	(3) Nondisclosure.—Section 501(d) of the
24	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
25	U.S.C. 1861(d)) is amended to read as follows:

1	"(d) Nondisclosure.—
2	"(1) In general.—No person who receives an
3	order under subsection (c) that contains a nondisclo-
4	sure requirement shall disclose to any person the
5	particular information specified in the nondisclosure
6	requirement during the time period to which the re-
7	quirement applies.
8	"(2) Exception.—
9	"(A) DISCLOSURE.—A person who receives
10	an order under subsection (c) that contains a
11	nondisclosure requirement may disclose infor-
12	mation otherwise subject to any applicable non-
13	disclosure requirement to—
14	"(i) those persons to whom disclosure
15	is necessary in order to comply with an
16	order under this section;
17	"(ii) an attorney in order to obtain
18	legal advice or assistance regarding the
19	order; or
20	"(iii) other persons as permitted by
21	the Director of the Federal Bureau of In-
22	vestigation or the designee of the Director.
23	"(B) APPLICATION.—A person to whom
24	disclosure is made under subparagraph (A)
25	shall be subject to the nondisclosure require-

1	ments applicable to a person to whom an order
2	is directed under this section in the same man-
3	ner as the person to whom the order is directed.
4	"(C) NOTIFICATION.—Any person who dis-
5	closes to a person described in subparagraph
6	(A) information otherwise subject to a non-
7	disclosure requirement shall notify the person of
8	the applicable nondisclosure requirement.
9	"(3) Extension.—The Director of the Federal
10	Bureau of Investigation, or a designee of the Direc-
11	tor (whose rank shall be no lower than Assistant
12	Special Agent in Charge), may apply for renewals
13	for the prohibition on disclosure of particular infor-
14	mation about the existence or contents of an order
15	requiring the production of tangible things under
16	this section for additional periods of not longer than
17	1 year, unless the facts justify a longer period of
18	nondisclosure. A nondisclosure requirement shall be
19	renewed if a court having jurisdiction under para-
20	graph (4) determines that the application meets the
21	requirements of subsection (b)(3).
22	"(4) Jurisdiction.—An application for a re-
23	newal under this subsection shall be made to—
24	"(A) a judge of the court established under
25	section 103(a); or

- "(B) a United States Magistrate Judge under chapter 43 of title 28, United States Code, who is publicly designated by the Chief Justice of the United States to have the power to hear applications and grant orders for the production of tangible things under this section on behalf of a judge of the court established under section 103(a).".
 - (4) MINIMIZATION.—Section 501(g) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861(g)) is amended—
 - (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "Not later than" and all that follows and inserting "At or before the end of the period of time for the production of tangible things under an order approved under this section or at any time after the production of tangible things under an order approved under this section, a judge may assess compliance with the minimization procedures by reviewing the circumstances under which information concerning United States persons was acquired, retained, or disseminated."; and
 - (B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting "acquisition and" after "to minimize the".

1 (5) Use of information.—Section 501(h) of 2 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861(h)) is amended to read as follows: 3 "(h) Use of Information.— 4 5

"(1) In General.—

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"(A) CONSENT.—Any tangible things or information acquired from an order under this section concerning any United States person may be used and disclosed by Federal officers and employees without the consent of the United States person only in accordance with the minimization procedures required under this section.

"(B) USE AND DISCLOSURE.—No tangible things or information acquired under an order under this section may be used or disclosed by Federal officers or employees except for lawful purposes.

"(2) Disclosure for law enforcement PURPOSES.—No tangible things or information acquired from an order under this section shall be disclosed for law enforcement purposes unless the disclosure is accompanied by a statement that the tangible things or information, or any information derived therefrom, may only be used in a criminal proceeding with the advance authorization of the Attorney General.

> "(3) Notification of intended disclosure BY THE UNITED STATES.—Whenever the United States intends to enter into evidence or otherwise use or disclose in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, department, officer, agency, regulatory body, or other authority of the United States against an aggrieved person any tangible things or information obtained or derived from an order under this section, the United States shall, before the trial, hearing, or other proceeding or at a reasonable time before an effort to so disclose or so use the tangible things or information or submit them in evidence, notify the aggrieved person and the court or other authority in which the tangible things or information are to be disclosed or used that the United States intends to so disclose or so use the tangible things or information.

> "(4) NOTIFICATION OF INTENDED DISCLOSURE
> BY STATE OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.—Whenever
> any State or political subdivision thereof intends to
> enter into evidence or otherwise use or disclose in
> any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before
> any court, department, officer, agency, regulatory

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body, or other authority of the State or political subdivision thereof against an aggrieved person any tangible things or information obtained or derived from an order issued under this section, the State or political subdivision thereof shall notify the aggrieved person, the court or other authority in which the tangible things or information are to be disclosed or used, and the Attorney General that the State or political subdivision thereof intends to so disclose or so use the tangible things or information.

"(5) Motion to suppress.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any aggrieved person against whom evidence obtained or derived from an order issued under this section is to be, or has been, introduced or otherwise used or disclosed in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, department, officer, agency, regulatory body, or other authority of the United States, or a State or political subdivision thereof, may move to suppress the evidence obtained or derived from the order, as the case may be, on the grounds that—

"(i) the tangible things or information were acquired in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States; or 1 "(ii) the order was not issued in ac-2 cordance with the requirements of this sec-3 tion.

"(B) TIMING.—A motion under subparagraph (A) shall be made before the trial, hearing, or other proceeding unless there was no opportunity to make such a motion or the aggrieved person concerned was not aware of the grounds of the motion.

"(6) Judicial Review.—

"(A) In general.—In a circumstance described in subparagraph (B), a United States district court or, where the motion is made before another authority, the United States district court in the same district as the authority shall, if the Attorney General files an affidavit under oath that disclosure would harm the national security of the United States, review in camera the application, order, and such other related materials relating to the order issued under this section as may be necessary to determine whether the order was lawfully authorized and served.

1	"(B) CIRCUMSTANCES.—A circumstance
2	described in this subparagraph is a cir-
3	cumstance in which—
4	"(i) a court or other authority is noti-
5	fied under paragraph (3) or (4);
6	"(ii) a motion is made under para-
7	graph (5); or
8	"(iii) any motion or request is made
9	by an aggrieved person under any other
10	statute or rule of the United States or any
11	State before any court or other authority
12	of the United States or any State to—
13	"(I) discover or obtain applica-
14	tions, orders, or other materials relat-
15	ing to an order issued under this sec-
16	tion; or
17	"(II) discover, obtain, or sup-
18	press evidence or information obtained
19	or derived from an order issued under
20	this section.
21	"(C) DISCLOSURE.—In making a deter-
22	mination under subparagraph (A), unless the
23	United States district court finds that disclo-
24	sure would not assist in determining any legal
25	or factual issue pertinent to the case, the court

may disclose to the aggrieved person, the counsel for the aggrieved person, or both, under the procedures and standards provided in the Classified Information Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.) or other appropriate security procedures and protective orders, portions of the application, order, or other related materials, or evidence or information obtained or derived from the order.

"(7) EFFECT OF DETERMINATION OF LAWFULNESS.—

"(A) UNLAWFUL ORDERS.—If a United States district court determines under paragraph (6) that an order was not authorized or served in compliance with the Constitution or laws of the United States, the court may suppress the evidence which was unlawfully obtained or derived from the order or otherwise grant the motion of the aggrieved person.

"(B) LAWFUL ORDERS.—If the court determines that an order issued under this section was lawfully authorized and served, it shall deny the motion of the aggrieved person except to the extent that due process requires discovery or disclosure.

1 "(8) BINDING FINAL ORDERS.—An order grant-2 ing a motion or request under paragraph (6), a deci-3 sion under this section that an order issued under 4 this section was not lawful, and an order of a United 5 States district court requiring review or granting 6 disclosure of an application, order, or other mate-7 rials relating to an order issued under this section 8 shall be a final order and binding upon all courts of 9 the United States and the several States, except an 10 appeal or petition to a United States court of ap-11 peals or the Supreme Court of the United States.". 12 (6) Definition.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50

13 (A) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the Foreign
14 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
15 U.S.C. 1861 et seq.) is amended by adding at
16 the end the following:

17 "SEC. 503. DEFINITIONS.

- "In this title, the following definitions apply:
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this section, terms used in this title that are also used in title I shall have the meanings given those terms by section 101.
- 23 "(2) AGGRIEVED PERSON.—The term 'ag-24 grieved person' means any person whose tangible

things or information were acquired under an order issued under this title.".

3 (B) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND4 MENT.—The table of contents in the first sec5 tion of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
6 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861 et seq.) is amended
7 by inserting after the item relating to section
8 502 the following:

"Sec. 503. Definitions.".

- 9 (b) Judicial Review of Section 215 Orders.—
 10 Section 501(f) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act
 11 of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1861) is amended to read as follows:
- 12 "(f) Judicial Review.—

"(1) Order for production.—Not later than 13 14 the earlier of 21 days after the date of service upon 15 any person of an order issued under subsection (c) 16 and the return date specified in the order, the per-17 son may file, in the court established under section 18 103(a) or in the United States district court for the 19 judicial district within which the person resides, is 20 found, or transacts business, a petition for the court 21 to modify or set aside the order. The period for com-22 pliance with an order issued under subsection (c), or 23 any portion of the order, shall be tolled while a peti-24 tion under this paragraph is pending in the court.

A petition under this paragraph shall specify each

ground upon which the petitioner relies in seeking relief, and may be based upon any failure of the order issued under subsection (c) to comply with this section or upon any constitutional or other legal right or privilege of the person.

"(2) Nondisclosure order.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—A person prohibited from disclosing information under subsection (d) may file, in the court established under section 103(a) or in the United States district court for the judicial district within which the person resides, is found, or transacts business, a petition for the court to set aside the non-disclosure requirement. A petition under this subparagraph shall specify each ground upon which the petitioner relies in seeking relief, and may be based upon any failure of the nondisclosure requirement to comply with this section or upon any constitutional or other legal right or privilege of the person.

"(B) STANDARD.—The court shall modify or set aside a nondisclosure requirement unless the court determines that—

"(i) there is reason to believe that disclosure of the information subject to the

1	nondisclosure requirement during the ap-
2	plicable time period will result in—
3	"(I) endangering the life or phys-
4	ical safety of any person;
5	"(II) flight from prosecution;
6	"(III) destruction of or tam-
7	pering with evidence;
8	"(IV) intimidation of potential
9	witnesses;
10	"(V) interference with diplomatic
11	relations; or
12	"(VI) otherwise seriously endan-
13	gering the national security of the
14	United States by alerting a target, an
15	associate of a target, or the foreign
16	power of which the target is an agent,
17	of the interest of the Government in
18	the target;
19	"(ii) the harm identified under clause
20	(i) relates to the authorized investigation
21	to which the tangible things sought are rel-
22	evant; and
23	"(iii) the nondisclosure requirement is
24	narrowly tailored to address the specific
25	harm identified under clause (i).

"(3) Rulemaking.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the JUS-TICE Act, the court established under section 103(a) shall comply with section 103(g) by establishing any rules and procedures and taking any actions as are reasonably necessary to administer the responsibilities of the court under this subsection.

"(B) Reporting.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the court promulgates rules and procedures under subparagraph (A), the court established under section 103(a) shall transmit a copy of the rules and procedures, in an unclassified for to the greatest extent possible (with a classified annex, if necessary), to the persons and entities listed in section 103(g)(2).

"(4) DISCLOSURES TO PETITIONERS.—In making determinations under this subsection, unless the court finds that disclosure would not assist in determining any legal or factual issue pertinent to the case, the court may disclose to the petitioner, the counsel for the petitioner, or both, under the procedures and standards provided in the Classified Infor-

- 1 mation Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.) or other
- appropriate security procedures and protective or-
- ders, portions of the application, order, or other re-
- 4 lated materials.".
- 5 (c) SUNSET REPEAL.—Section 102(b) of the USA
- 6 PATRIOT Improvement and Reauthorization Act of 2005
- 7 (Public Law 109–177; 50 U.S.C. 1805 note, 50 U.S.C.
- 8 1861 note, and 50 U.S.C. 1862 note) is repealed.

9 SEC. 108. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

- 10 (a) TITLE 18.—Section 1510(e) of title 18, United
- 11 States Code, is amended by striking "Whoever," and all
- 12 that follows through "knowingly" and inserting "Whoever,
- 13 having been notified of the applicable disclosure prohibi-
- 14 tions or confidentiality requirements of section 2709 of
- 15 this title, section 626 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act
- 16 (15 U.S.C. 1681u), section 1114 of the Right to Financial
- 17 Privacy Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3414), or section 802 of
- 18 the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 436), know-
- 19 ingly".
- 20 (b) Other Law.—Section 507(b) of the National Se-
- 21 curity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 415b(b)) is amended—
- 22 (1) by striking paragraphs (4) and (5); and
- 23 (2) by redesignating paragraph (6) as para-
- 24 graph (4).

1	TITLE II—REASONABLE SAFE-
2	GUARDS TO PROTECT THE
3	PRIVACY OF AMERICANS'
4	HOMES
5	SEC. 201. LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY TO DELAY NOTICE
6	OF SEARCH WARRANTS.
7	Section 3103a of title 18, United States Code, is
8	amended—
9	(1) in subsection (b)—
10	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "may
11	have an adverse result (as defined in section
12	2705, except if the adverse results consist only
13	of unduly delaying a trial)" and inserting "will
14	endanger the life or physical safety of an indi-
15	vidual, result in flight from prosecution, result
16	in the destruction of or tampering with the evi-
17	dence sought under the warrant, or result in in-
18	timidation of potential witnesses"; and
19	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking "30
20	days" and all that follows and inserting "7 days
21	after the date of its execution.";
22	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "for good
23	cause shown" and all that follows and inserting
24	"upon application of the Attorney General, the Dep-
25	uty Attorney General, or an Associate Attorney Gen-

- eral, for additional periods of not more than 21 days
- 2 for each application, if the court finds, for each ap-
- 3 plication, reasonable cause to believe that notice of
- 4 the execution of the warrant will endanger the life
- 5 or physical safety of an individual, result in flight
- from prosecution, result in the destruction of or
- 7 tampering with the evidence sought under the war-
- 8 rant, or result in intimidation of potential wit-
- 9 nesses.";
- 10 (3) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
- section (e); and
- 12 (4) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
- lowing:
- 14 "(d) Prohibition on Use as Evidence.—If any
- 15 property or material has been seized under subsection (b)
- 16 and notice has been delayed, the property or material and
- 17 any evidence derived therefrom may not be received in evi-
- 18 dence in any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or be-
- 19 fore any court, grand jury, department, officer, agency,
- 20 regulatory body, legislative committee, or other authority
- 21 of the United States, a State, or a political subdivision
- 22 thereof if the property or material was obtained in viola-
- 23 tion of this section, or if notice required by this section
- 24 or by a warrant issued under this section was not provided
- 25 or was not timely provided.".

1	TITLE III—REASONABLE SAFE-
2	GUARDS TO PROTECT THE
3	PRIVACY OF AMERICANS'
4	COMMUNICATIONS
5	SEC. 301. LIMITATIONS ON ROVING WIRETAPS UNDER FOR-
6	EIGN INTELLIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT.
7	Section 105(c) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
8	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805(c)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraphs
10	(A) and (B) and inserting the following:
11	"(A)(i) the identity of the target of the elec-
12	tronic surveillance, if known; or
13	"(ii) if the identity of the target is not known,
14	a description of the specific target and the nature
15	and location of the facilities and places at which the
16	electronic surveillance will be directed;
17	"(B)(i) the nature and location of each of the
18	facilities or places at which the electronic surveil-
19	lance will be directed, if known; or
20	"(ii) if any of the facilities or places are not
21	known, the identity of the target;"; and
22	(2) in paragraph (2)—
23	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (B)
24	through (D) as subparagraphs (C) through (E),
25	respectively; and

1	(B) by inserting after subparagraph (A)
2	the following:
3	"(B) in cases where the facility or place at
4	which the electronic surveillance will be directed
5	is not known at the time the order is issued,
6	that the electronic surveillance be conducted
7	only for such time as it is reasonable to pre-
8	sume that the target of the surveillance is or
9	was reasonably proximate to the particular fa-
10	cility or place;".
11	SEC. 302. PRIVACY PROTECTIONS FOR PEN REGISTERS
12	AND TRAP AND TRACE DEVICES.
13	(a) Criminal Authority.—
13 14	(a) Criminal Authority.—(1) Application for an order.—Section
14	(1) Application for an order.—Section
14 15	(1) Application for an order.—Section 3122(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
141516	(1) Application for an order.—Section 3122(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the fol-
14 15 16 17	(1) Application for an order.—Section 3122(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
14 15 16 17 18	(1) Application for an order.—Section 3122(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following: "(2) a statement by the applicant that the in-
14 15 16 17 18	(1) Application for an order.—Section 3122(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following: "(2) a statement by the applicant that the information likely to be obtained is—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) Application for an order.—Section 3122(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following: "(2) a statement by the applicant that the information likely to be obtained is— "(A) relevant to an ongoing criminal inves-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER.—Section 3122(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following: "(2) a statement by the applicant that the information likely to be obtained is— "(A) relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation being conducted by that agency; and

1	"(i) pertains to an individual who is
2	the subject of an ongoing criminal inves-
3	tigation;
4	"(ii) pertains to an individual who has
5	been in contact with, or otherwise directly
6	linked to, an individual who is the subject
7	of an ongoing criminal investigation; or
8	"(iii) pertain to the activities of an in-
9	dividual who is the subject of an ongoing
10	criminal investigation, where those activi-
11	ties are the subject of an ongoing criminal
12	investigation, and obtaining the records is
13	the least intrusive means that could be
14	used to identify persons believed to be in-
15	volved in the activities.".
16	(2) Issuance of an order.—Section 3123(a)
17	of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
18	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "the at-
19	torney for the Government has certified to the
20	court that the information likely to be obtained
21	by such installation and use is relevant to an
22	ongoing criminal investigation." and inserting
23	"the application meets the requirements of sec-
24	tion 3122."; and

1	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "the
2	State law enforcement or investigative officer"
3	and all that follows and inserting "the applica-
4	tion meets the requirements of section 3122.".
5	(3) Reporting.—Section 3126 of title 18,
6	United States Code, is amended—
7	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
8	by striking "law enforcement agencies of the
9	Department of Justice" and inserting "attor-
10	neys for the Government";
11	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at
12	the end;
13	(C) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
14	riod and inserting a semicolon;
15	(D) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
16	by striking "The Attorney General" and insert-
17	ing the following:
18	"(a) Report to Congress.—The Attorney Gen-
19	eral"; and
20	(E) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(6) whether the application for the order and
22	the applications for any extensions were granted as
23	applied for, modified, or denied;

1	"(7) the specific types of dialing, routing, ad-
2	dressing, or signaling information sought in the ap-
3	plication and obtained with the order; and
4	"(8) a summary of any litigation to which the
5	Government is or was a party regarding the inter-
6	pretation of this chapter.
7	"(b) Public Report.—The Attorney General shall
8	annually make public a full and complete report con-
9	cerning the number of applications for pen register orders
10	and orders for trap and trace devices applied for under
11	this chapter and the number of the orders and extensions
12	of the orders granted or denied under this chapter during
13	the preceding calendar year. Each report under this sub-
14	section shall include a summary and analysis of the data
15	required to be reported to Congress under subsection
16	(a).".
17	(4) Notice.—Section 3123 of title 18, United
18	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
19	following:
20	"(e) Notice.—
21	"(1) Inventory.—A court that receives an ap-
22	plication for an order or extension under section
23	3122(a) shall cause to be served on the persons
24	named in the application, and any other party to

communications the court determines should receive

1	notice in the interest of justice, an inventory, includ-
2	ing—
3	"(A) the fact of the application for an
4	order or extension under section 3122(a) and
5	whether the court granted or denied the appli-
6	cation; and
7	"(B) if the order or extension was grant-
8	ed —
9	"(i) the date of the entry of the order
10	or extension and the period of authorized
11	approved, or disapproved use of the per-
12	register or trap and trace device;
13	"(ii) whether a pen register or trap
14	and trace device was installed or used dur-
15	ing the period authorized; and
16	"(iii) the specific types of dialing
17	routing, addressing, or signaling informa-
18	tion sought in the application and collected
19	by the pen register or trap and trace de-
20	vice.
21	"(2) Timing.—The court shall serve notice
22	under paragraph (1) within a reasonable time, but
23	not later than 90 days after—

1	"(A) the date of the filing of the applica-
2	tion for an order or extension under section
3	3122(a) that is denied; or
4	"(B) the date on which an order, or exten-
5	sions thereof, that is granted terminates.
6	"(3) Delay.—The court may issue an exparte
7	order postponing the service of the inventory re-
8	quired under paragraph (1) upon a showing of good
9	cause by an attorney for the Government.
10	"(4) Inspection.—Upon the filing of a motion,
11	the court may make available for inspection by a
12	person served under paragraph (1), or counsel for
13	the person, such portions of the collected commu-
14	nications, applications, and orders as the court de-
15	termines to be in the interest of justice.".
16	(b) Foreign Intelligence Authority.—
17	(1) Application.—Section 402(c) of the For-
18	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
19	U.S.C. 1842(c)) is amended—
20	(A) in paragraph (1), buy striking "and"
21	at the end; and
22	(B) by striking paragraph (2) and insert-
23	ing the following:
24	"(2) a statement by the applicant that—

1	"(A) the records sought are relevant to an
2	ongoing and authorized national security inves-
3	tigation (other than an assessment (as defined
4	in section 2709 of title 18, United States
5	Code)); and
6	"(B) there are specific and articulable
7	facts providing reason to believe that the
8	records—
9	"(i) pertain to a suspected agent of a
10	foreign power or an individual who is the
11	subject of an ongoing and authorized na-
12	tional security investigation (other than an
13	assessment);
14	"(ii) pertain to an individual who has
15	been in contact with, or otherwise directly
16	linked to, a suspected agent of a foreign
17	power or an individual who is the subject
18	of an ongoing and authorized national se-
19	curity investigation (other than an assess-
20	ment); or
21	"(iii) pertain to the activities of a sus-
22	pected agent of a foreign power, where
23	those activities are the subject of an ongo-
24	ing and authorized national security inves-
25	tigation (other than an assessment), and

1	obtaining the records is the least intrusive
2	means that could be used to identify per-
3	sons believed to be involved in the activi-
4	ties; and
5	"(3) a statement of proposed minimization pro-
6	cedures.".
7	(2) Minimization.—
8	(A) Definition.—Section 401 of the For-
9	eign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
10	U.S.C. 1841) is amended by adding at the end
11	the following:
12	"(4) The term 'minimization procedures'
13	means—
14	"(A) specific procedures that are reason-
15	ably designed in light of the purpose and tech-
16	nique of an order for the installation and use
17	of a pen register or trap and trace device, to
18	minimize the acquisition and retention, and pro-
19	hibit the dissemination, of nonpublicly available
20	information concerning unconsenting United
21	States persons consistent with the need of the
22	United States to obtain, produce, and dissemi-
23	nate foreign intelligence information;
24	"(B) procedures that require that nonpub-
25	licly available information, which is not foreign

1	intelligence information, as defined in section
2	101(e)(1), shall not be disseminated in a man-
3	ner that identifies any United States person,
4	without such person's consent, unless such per-
5	son's identity is necessary to understand foreign
6	intelligence information or assess its impor-
7	tance; and
8	"(C) notwithstanding subparagraphs (A)
9	and (B), procedures that allow for the retention
10	and dissemination of information that is evi-
11	dence of a crime which has been, is being, or
12	is about to be committed and that is to be re-
13	tained or disseminated for law enforcement pur-
14	poses.".
15	(B) PEN REGISTERS AND TRAP AND TRACE
16	DEVICES.—Section 402 of the Foreign Intel-
17	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
18	1842) is amended—
19	(i) in subsection (d)—
20	(I) in paragraph (1), by inserting
21	", and that the proposed minimization
22	procedures meet the definition of
23	minimization procedures under this
24	title" before the period at the end;
25	and

1	(II) in paragraph $(2)(B)$ —
2	(aa) in clause (ii)(II), by
3	striking "and" after the semi-
4	colon; and
5	(bb) by adding at the end
6	the following:
7	"(iv) the minimization procedures be
8	followed; and"; and
9	(ii) by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(h) At or before the end of the period of time for
12	which the installation and use of a pen register or trap
13	and trace device is approved under an order or an exten-
14	sion under this section, the judge may assess compliance
15	with the minimization procedures by reviewing the cir-
16	cumstances under which information concerning United
17	States persons was acquired, retained, or disseminated.".
18	(C) Emergencies.—Section 403 of the
19	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978
20	(50 U.S.C. 1843) is amended—
21	(i) by redesignating subsection (c) as
22	(d); and
23	(ii) by inserting after subsection (b)
24	the following:

- 1 "(c) If the Attorney General authorizes the emer-
- 2 gency installation and use of a pen register or trap and
- 3 trace device under this section, the Attorney General shall
- 4 require that the minimization procedures required by this
- 5 title for the issuance of a judicial order be followed.".
- 6 (D) Use of information.—Section
- 7 405(a) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
- 8 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1845(a)) is amended by
- 9 striking "provisions of" and inserting "mini-
- mization procedures required under".

11 SEC. 303. REPEAL OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS IMMUNITY.

- 12 (a) In General.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
- 13 lance Act of 1978 is amended by striking title VIII (50
- 14 U.S.C. 1885 et seq.).
- 15 (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the
- 16 amendments made by this section shall be construed to
- 17 affect any limitation on liability otherwise provided under
- 18 titles I through VII of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
- 19 lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), title 18,
- 20 United States Code, or the Protect America Act of 2007
- 21 (Public Law 110–55; 121 Stat. 552) or the amendments
- 22 made by that Act.
- 23 (c) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 24 The table of contents in the first section of the Foreign
- 25 Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et

1	seq.) is amended by striking the items relating to title VIII
2	and sections 801, 802, 803, and 804.
3	SEC. 304. PROHIBITION ON BULK COLLECTION UNDER FISA
4	AMENDMENTS ACT.
5	Section 702(g)(2)(A) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
6	veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. $1881a(g)(2)(A)$) is
7	amended—
8	(1) in clause (vi), by striking "and" at the end;
9	(2) by redesignating clause (vii) as clause (viii);
10	and
11	(3) by inserting after clause (vi) the following:
12	"(vii) the acquisition of the contents
13	(as that term is defined in section 2510(8)
14	of title 18, United States Code)) of any
15	communication is limited to communica-
16	tions to which any party is an individual
17	target (which shall not be limited to known
18	or named individuals) who is reasonably
19	believed to be located outside of the United
20	States, and a significant purpose of the ac-
21	quisition of the communications of the tar-
22	get is to obtain foreign intelligence infor-
23	mation; and".

1	SEC. 305. PROHIBITION ON REVERSE TARGETING UNDER
2	FISA AMENDMENTS ACT.
3	Section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
4	Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection $(b)(2)$, by striking "the pur-
6	pose" and all that follows and inserting the fol-
7	lowing: "a significant purpose of the acquisition is to
8	acquire the communications of a particular, known
9	person reasonably believed to be located in the
10	United States, except in accordance with title I;";
11	(2) in subsection $(d)(1)(A)$ —
12	(A) by striking "ensure that" and insert
13	the following: "ensure—
14	"(i) that"; and
15	(B) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(ii) that an application is filed under
17	title I, if otherwise required, when a sig-
18	nificant purpose of an acquisition author-
19	ized under subsection (a) is to acquire the
20	communications of a particular, known
21	person reasonably believed to be located in
22	the United States; and";
23	(3) in subsection $(g)(2)(A)(i)(I)$ —
24	(A) by striking "ensure that" and insert
25	the following: "ensure—
26	"(aa) that"; and

1	(B) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(bb) that an application is
3	filed under title I, if otherwise re-
4	quired, when a significant pur-
5	pose of an acquisition authorized
6	under subsection (a) is to acquire
7	the communications of a par-
8	ticular, known person reasonably
9	believed to be located in the
10	United States; and"; and
11	(4) in subsection (i)(2)(B)(i)—
12	(A) by striking "ensure that" and insert
13	the following: "ensure—
14	"(I) that"; and
15	(B) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(II) that an application is filed
17	under title I, if otherwise required,
18	when a significant purpose of an ac-
19	quisition authorized under subsection
20	(a) is to acquire the communications
21	of a particular, known person reason-
22	ably believed to be located in the
23	United States; and".

1	SEC. 306. LIMITS ON USE OF UNLAWFULLY OBTAINED IN-
2	FORMATION UNDER FISA AMENDMENTS ACT.
3	Section 702(i)(3) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveil-
4	lance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881a(i)(3)) is amended by
5	striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
6	"(B) Correction of Deficiencies.—
7	"(i) In General.—If the Court finds
8	that a certification required by subsection
9	(g) does not contain all of the required ele-
10	ments, or that the procedures required by
11	subsections (d) and (e) are not consistent
12	with the requirements of those subsections
13	or the fourth amendment to the Constitu-
14	tion of the United States, the Court shall
15	issue an order directing the Government
16	to, at the Government's election and to the
17	extent required by the order of the
18	Court—
19	"(I) correct any deficiency identi-
20	fied by the order of the Court not
21	later than 30 days after the date on
22	which the Court issues the order; or
23	"(II) cease the acquisition au-
24	thorized under subsection (a).
25	"(ii) Limitation on use of infor-
26	MATION.—

1	"(I) In General.—Except as
2	provided in subclause (II), no infor-
3	mation obtained or evidence derived
4	from an acquisition under clause (i)(I)
5	concerning any United States person
6	shall be received in evidence or other-
7	wise disclosed in any trial, hearing, or
8	other proceeding in or before any
9	court, grand jury, department, office,
10	agency, regulatory body, legislative
11	committee, or other authority of the
12	United States, a State, or political
13	subdivision thereof, and no informa-
14	tion concerning any United States
15	person acquired from the acquisition
16	shall subsequently be used or dis-
17	closed in any other manner by Fed-
18	eral officers or employees without the
19	consent of the United States person,
20	except with the approval of the Attor-
21	ney General if the information indi-
22	cates a threat of death or serious bod-
23	ily harm to any person.
24	"(II) Exception.—If the Gov-

ernment corrects any deficiency iden-

1	tified by the order of the Court under
2	clause (i), the Court may permit the
3	use or disclosure of information ac-
4	quired before the date of the correc-
5	tion under such minimization proce-
6	dures as the Court shall establish for
7	purposes of this clause.".
8	SEC. 307. PRIVACY PROTECTIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL
9	COMMUNICATIONS OF AMERICANS COL-
10	LECTED UNDER FISA AMENDMENTS ACT.
11	(a) In General.—Title VII of the Foreign Intel-
12	ligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1881) is
13	amended by adding at the end the following:
14	"SEC. 709. ADDITIONAL SAFEGUARDS FOR COMMUNICA-
15	TIONS OF PERSONS IN THE UNITED STATES.
16	"(a) Limitations on Acquisition of Communica-
17	TIONS.—
18	"(1) Limitation.—Except as authorized under
19	title I or paragraph (2), no communication shall be
20	acquired under this title if the Government knows
21	before or at the time of acquisition that the commu-
22	nication is to or from a person reasonably believed
23	to be located in the United States.
24	"(2) Exception.—

1	"(A) In general.—In addition to any au-
2	thority under title I to acquire communications
3	described in paragraph (1), the communications
4	may be acquired if—
5	"(i) there is reason to believe that the
6	communication concerns international ter-
7	rorist activities directed against the United
8	States, or activities in preparation there-
9	for;
10	"(ii) there is probable cause to believe
11	that the target reasonably believed to be
12	located outside the United States is an
13	agent of a foreign power and the foreign
14	power is a group engaged in international
15	terrorism or activities in preparation there-
16	for; or
17	"(iii) there is reason to believe that
18	the acquisition is necessary to prevent
19	death or serious bodily harm.
20	"(B) Access to communications.—
21	Communications acquired under this paragraph
22	shall be treated in accordance with subsection
23	(b).
24	"(3) Procedures for determinations be-
25	FORE OR AT THE TIME OF ACQUISITION —

"(A) Submission.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of the JUS-TICE Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court for approval procedures for determining before or at the time of acquisition, where reasonably practicable, whether a communication is to or from a person reasonably believed to be located in the United States and whether the exception under paragraph (2) applies to that communication.

- "(B) Review.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court shall approve the procedures submitted under subparagraph (A) if the procedures are reasonably designed to determine before or at the time of acquisition, where reasonably practicable, whether a communication is to or from a person reasonably believed to be located in the United States and whether the exception under paragraph (2) applies to that communication.
- "(C) PROCEDURES DO NOT MEET RE-QUIREMENTS.—If the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court concludes that the procedures

submitted under subparagraph (A) do not meet the requirements of subparagraph (B), the Court shall enter an order so stating and provide a written statement for the record of the reasons for the determination. The Government may appeal an order under this subparagraph to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review.

- "(D) USE OF PROCEDURES.—If the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court approves procedures under this paragraph, the Government shall use the procedures in any acquisition of communications under this title.
- "(E) REVISIONS.—The Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, may submit new or amended procedures to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court for review under this paragraph.
- "(F) Reliability.—If the Government obtains new information relating to the reliability of procedures approved under this paragraph or the availability of more reliable procedures, the Attorney General shall submit to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court the information.

1	"(b) Limitations on Access to Communica-
2	TIONS.—
3	"(1) In general.—At such time as the Gov-
4	ernment can reasonably determine that a commu-
5	nication acquired under this title (including a com-
6	munication acquired under subsection (a)(2)) is to
7	or from a person reasonably believed to be located
8	in the United States, the communication shall be
9	segregated or specifically designated and no person
10	shall access the communication, except in accordance
11	with title I or this section.
12	"(2) Exceptions.—In addition to any author-
13	ity under title I, including the emergency provision
14	in section 105(f), a communication described in
15	paragraph (1) may be accessed and disseminated for
16	a period of not longer than 7 days if—
17	"(A)(i) there is reason to believe that the
18	communication concerns international terrorist
19	activities directed against the United States, or
20	activities in preparation therefor;
21	"(ii) there is probable cause to believe that
22	the target reasonably believed to be located out-
23	side the United States is an agent of a foreign
24	power and the foreign power is a group engaged

1	in international terrorism or activities in prepa-
2	ration therefor; or
3	"(iii) there is reason to believe that the ac-
4	cess is necessary to prevent death or serious
5	bodily harm;
6	"(B) the Attorney General notifies the
7	Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court imme-
8	diately of the access; and
9	"(C) not later than 7 days after the date
10	the access is initiated, the Attorney General—
11	"(i) makes an application for an order
12	under title I; or
13	"(ii) submits to the Foreign Intel-
14	ligence Surveillance Court a document
15	that—
16	"(I) certifies that—
17	"(aa) there is reason to be-
18	lieve that the communication con-
19	cerns international terrorist ac-
20	tivities directed against the
21	United States, or activities in
22	preparation therefor;
23	"(bb) there is probable
24	cause to believe that the target
25	reasonably believed to be located

1	outside the United States is an
2	agent of a foreign power and the
3	foreign power is a group engaged
4	in international terrorism or ac-
5	tivities in preparation therefor; or
6	"(cc) there is reason to be-
7	lieve that the access is necessary
8	to prevent death or serious bodily
9	harm; and
10	"(II) identifies the target of the
11	collection, the party to the commu-
12	nication who is in the United States if
13	known, and the extent to which infor-
14	mation relating to the communication
15	has been disseminated.
16	"(3) Denial of court order.—If an applica-
17	tion for a court order described in paragraph
18	(2)(C)(i) is made and is not approved, the Attorney
19	General shall submit to the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
20	veillance Court, not later than 7 days after the date
21	of the denial of the application, the document de-
22	scribed in paragraph (2)(C)(ii).
23	"(4) Additional court authorities.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Foreign Intel-
25	ligence Surveillance Court may—

1	"(i) limit access to communications
2	described in paragraph (1) relating to a
3	particular target if the Court determines
4	that any certification submitted under
5	paragraph (2)(C)(ii)(I) with respect to that
6	target is clearly erroneous; and
7	"(ii) require the Attorney General to
8	provide the factual basis for a certification
9	submitted under paragraph (2)(C)(ii)(I), if
10	the Court determines it would aid the
11	Court in conducting review under this sub-
12	section.
13	"(B) FISC ACCESS.—The Foreign Intel-
14	ligence Surveillance Court shall have access to
15	any communications that have been segregated
16	or specifically designated under paragraph (1)
17	and any information the use of which has been
18	limited under paragraph (5).
19	"(5) Failure to notify.—
20	"(A) In General.—In the circumstances
21	described in subparagraph (B), access to a com-
22	munication shall terminate, and no information
23	obtained or evidence derived from the access
24	concerning any United States person shall be

received in evidence or otherwise disclosed in

any trial, hearing, or other proceeding in or before any court, grand jury, department, office,
agency, regulatory body, legislative committee,
or other authority of the United States, a State,
or political subdivision thereof, and no information concerning any United States person acquired from the access shall subsequently be
used or disclosed in any manner by Federal officers or employees without the consent of the
person, except with the approval of the Attorney General if the information indicates a
threat of death or serious bodily harm to any
person, or if a court order is obtained under
title I.

"(B) CIRCUMSTANCES.—The circumstances described in this subparagraph are circumstances in which—

"(i) as of the date that is 7 days after the date on which access to a communication is initiated under paragraph (2), a court order described in paragraph (2)(C)(i) has not been sought and the document described in paragraph (2)(C)(ii) has not been submitted; or 1 "(ii) as of the date that is 7 days
2 after an application for a court order de3 scribed in paragraph (2)(C)(i) is denied,
4 the document described in paragraph
5 (2)(C)(ii) is not submitted in accordance
6 with paragraph (3).

"(6) EVIDENCE OF A CRIME.—Information or communications subject to this subsection may be disseminated for law enforcement purposes if it is evidence that a crime has been, is being, or is about to be committed, if dissemination is made in accordance with section 106(b).

"(7) PROCEDURES FOR DETERMINATIONS AFTER ACQUISITION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of the JUS-TICE Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court for approval procedures for determining, where reasonably practicable, whether a communication acquired under this title is to or from a person reasonably believed to be in the United States.

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"(B) Review.—The Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court shall approve the procedures submitted under subparagraph (A) if the procedures are reasonably designed to determine, where reasonably practicable, whether a communication acquired under this title is a communication to or from a person reasonably believed to be located in the United States.

"(C) PROCEDURES DO NOT MEET RE-QUIREMENTS.—If the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court concludes that the procedures submitted under subparagraph (A) do not meet the requirements of subparagraph (B), the Court shall enter an order so stating and provide a written statement for the record of the reasons for the determination. The Government may appeal an order under this subparagraph to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review.

"(D) USE OF PROCEDURES.—If the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court approves procedures under this paragraph, the Government shall use the procedures for any communication acquired under this title. 1 "(E) REVISIONS.—The Attorney General, 2 in consultation with the Director of National 3 Intelligence, may submit new or amended proce-4 dures to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance 5 Court for review under this paragraph.

"(F) Reliability.—If the Government obtains new information relating to the reliability of procedures approved under this paragraph or the availability of more reliable procedures, the Attorney General shall submit to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court the information.

"(c) TITLE I COURT ORDER.—If the Government obtains a court order under title I relating to a target of
an acquisition under this title, the Government may access
and disseminate, under the terms of that court order and
any applicable minimization requirements, any communications of that target that have been acquired and segregated or specifically designated under subsection (b)(1).

"(d) Inspector General Audit.—

"(1) Audit.—Not less than once each year, the Inspector General of the Department of Defense and the Inspector General of the Department of Justice shall complete an audit of the implementation of and compliance with this section. For purposes of an

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1 audit under this paragraph, the Inspectors General 2 shall have access to any communications that have 3 been segregated or specifically designated under sub-4 section (b)(1) and any information the use of which 5 has been limited under subsection (b)(5). An audit 6 under this paragraph shall include an accounting of 7 any segregated or specifically designated commu-8 nications that have been disseminated.

- "(2) Report.—Not later than 30 days after the completion of each audit under paragraph (1), the Inspectors General shall jointly submit to the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate a report containing the results of the audit.
- "(3) Expedited security clearance.—The Director of National Intelligence shall ensure that the process for the investigation and adjudication of an application by an Inspector General or any appropriate staff of an Inspector General for a security clearance necessary for the conduct of the audits under this subsection is conducted as expeditiously as possible.

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1 "(e) Applicability.—Subsections (a) and (b) shall 2 apply to any communication acquired under this title on or after the earlier of— 3 "(1) the date that the Foreign Intelligence Sur-4 5 veillance Court approves the procedures described in subsection (a)(3) and the procedures described in 6 7 subsection (b)(7); and 8 "(2) 1 year after the date of enactment of the 9 JUSTICE Act.". 10 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.— The table of contents in the first section of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et 12 seq.) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 708 the following: 14 "Sec. 709. Additional safeguards for communications of persons in the United 15 SEC. 308. CLARIFICATION OF COMPUTER TRESPASS AU-16 THORITY. 17 (a) Definitions.—Section 2510(21)(B) of title 18, United States Code, is amended— 18 19 (1) by inserting "or other" after "contractual"; 20 and (2) by striking "for access" and inserting "per-21 22 mitting access".

(b)

INTERCEPTION

AND

2511(2)(i) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

DISCLOSURE.—Section

1	(1) in subclause (I), by striking "protected com-
2	puter authorizes" and inserting the following: "pro-
3	tected computer—
4	"(aa) is attempting to respond to
5	communications activity that threat-
6	ens the integrity or operation of the
7	protected computer and requests as-
8	sistance to protect the rights and
9	property of the owner or operator;
10	and
11	"(bb) authorizes"; and
12	(2) in clause (IV), by striking "interception
13	does not" and inserting the following: "intercep-
14	tion—
15	"(aa) ceases as soon as the com-
16	munications sought are obtained or
17	after 96 hours, whichever is earlier
18	(unless an order authorizing or ap-
19	proving the interception is obtained
20	under this chapter); and
21	"(bb) does not".
22	(c) Report.—Not later than 60 days after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the At-
24	torney General shall submit a report to the Committee on
25	the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Ju-

diciary of the House of Representatives on the use of section 2511 of title 18, United States Code, relating to com-3 puter trespass provisions, as amended by subsection (b), 4 during the year before the year of that report. TITLE IV—IMPROVEMENTS TO5 **FURTHER** CONGRESSIONAL 6 AND JUDICIAL OVERSIGHT 7 8 SEC. 401. PUBLIC REPORTING ON THE FOREIGN INTEL-9 LIGENCE SURVEILLANCE ACT. 10 Section 601 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1871) is amended— 12 (1) by redesignating subsections (b) through (e) 13 as subsections (c) through (f), respectively; 14 (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-15 lowing: "(b) Public Report.—The Attorney General shall 16 make publicly available the portion of each report under 17 subsection (a) relating to paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub-18 19 section (a)."; and 20 (3) in subsection (e), as so redesignated, by

striking "subsection (c)" and inserting "subsection

(d)".

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)	ACT MATERIALS.
L	AU I MAIRINIALS.

- 3 (a) Electronic Surveillance.—Section 106(f) of
- 4 the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50
- 5 U.S.C. 1806(f)) is amended by striking the last sentence
- 6 and inserting "In making this determination, unless the
- 7 court finds that disclosure would not assist in determining
- 8 any legal or factual issue pertinent to the case, the court
- 9 may disclose to the aggrieved person, the counsel for the
- 10 aggrieved person, or both, under the procedures and
- 11 standards provided in the Classified Information Proce-
- 12 dures Act (18 U.S.C. App.) or other appropriate security
- 13 procedures and protective orders, portions of the applica-
- 14 tion, order, or other related materials, or evidence or infor-
- 15 mation obtained or derived from the order.".
- 16 (b) Physical Searches.—Section 305(g) of the
- 17 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C.
- 18 1825(g)) is amended by striking the last sentence and in-
- 19 serting "In making this determination, unless the court
- 20 finds that disclosure would not assist in determining any
- 21 legal or factual issue pertinent to the case, the court may
- 22 disclose to the aggrieved person, the counsel for the ag-
- 23 grieved person, or both, under the procedures and stand-
- 24 ards provided in the Classified Information Procedures
- 25 Act (18 U.S.C. App.) or other appropriate security proce-
- 26 dures and protective orders, portions of the application,

- 1 order, or other related materials, or evidence or informa-
- 2 tion obtained or derived from the order.".
- 3 (c) Pen Registers and Trap and Trace De-
- 4 VICES.—Section 405(f) of the Foreign Intelligence Sur-
- 5 veillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1845(f)) is amended by
- 6 striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- 7 "(2) In making a determination under paragraph (1),
- 8 unless the court finds that disclosure would not assist in
- 9 determining any legal or factual issue pertinent to the
- 10 case, the court may disclose to the aggrieved person, the
- 11 counsel for the aggrieved person, or both, under the proce-
- 12 dures and standards provided in the Classified Informa-
- 13 tion Procedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.) or other appropriate
- 14 security procedures and protective orders, portions of the
- 15 application, order, or other related materials, or evidence
- 16 or information obtained or derived from the order.".
- 17 SEC. 403. CHALLENGES TO NATIONWIDE ORDERS FOR
- 18 ELECTRONIC EVIDENCE.
- 19 Section 2703 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 20 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 21 "(h) Judicial Review.—A provider of electronic
- 22 communication service or remote computing service may
- 23 challenge a subpoena, order, or warrant requiring disclo-
- 24 sure of customer communications or records under this
- 25 section in—

1	"(1) the United States district court for the
2	district in which the order was issued; or
3	"(2) the United States district court for the
4	district in which the order was served.".
5	TITLE V—IMPROVEMENTS TO
6	FURTHER EFFECTIVE, FO-
7	CUSED INVESTIGATIONS
8	SEC. 501. MODIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF DOMESTIC
9	TERRORISM.
10	Section 2331(5) of title 18, United States Code, is
11	amended—
12	(1) by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B) and
13	inserting the following:
14	"(A) involve acts dangerous to human life
15	that constitute a Federal crime of terrorism (as
16	that term is defined in section $2332b(g)(5)$;
17	and"; and
18	(2) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as sub-
19	paragraph (B).
20	SEC. 502. CLARIFICATION OF INTENT REQUIREMENT.
21	Section 2339B(a)(1) of title 18, United States Code,
22	is amended by inserting "knowing or intending that the
23	material support or resources will be used in carrying out
24	terrorist activity (as defined in section 212(a)(3)(B)(iii)

- 1 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
- 2 1182(a)(3)(B)(iii))," before "shall be fined".

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