111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3595

To strengthen student achievement and graduation rates and prepare young people for college, careers, and citizenship through innovative partnerships that meet the comprehensive needs of children and youth.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 15, 2010

Mr. Brown of Ohio (for himself and Mr. Sanders) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To strengthen student achievement and graduation rates and prepare young people for college, careers, and citizenship through innovative partnerships that meet the comprehensive needs of children and youth.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Developing Innovative Partnerships and Learning Op-
- 6 portunities that Motivate Achievement Act" (DIPLOMA
- 7 Act).

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Purposes.
- Sec. 4. Definitions.
- Sec. 5. Demonstration program authorized; allotment to States.
- Sec. 6. State child and youth strategy.
- Sec. 7. Coordinating body; State applications.
- Sec. 8. State use of funds.
- Sec. 9. Local consortium application; local child and youth strategy.
- Sec. 10. Local use of funds.
- Sec. 11. Construction.
- Sec. 12. Accountability and transparency.
- Sec. 13. Authorization of appropriations.

3 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 4 Congress finds the following:
- 5 (1) The future strength of the Nation's democ-
- 6 racy, as well as the Nation's economy, is dependent
- 7 upon the investments made in children and youth
- 8 today.
- 9 (2) Approximately 25 percent of 9th graders do
- not graduate from high school 4 years later. Of stu-
- dents who graduate from high school, 2 out of 3 (67
- percent) enroll in a 2- or 4-year college in the fall
- after completing high school. Only about half (58
- percent) of first-time, full-time college freshmen
- seeking a 4-year degree receive a bachelor's degree
- within 6 years or less.
- 17 (3) Over the past 4 decades, the United States
- has slipped from being first in the world in high
- school and college graduation rates to 20th and

- 1 14th, respectively, putting the Nation at a growing
 2 competitive disadvantage with other countries.
 - (4) Research shows that the holistic needs of students must be met in order to strengthen student achievement. One analysis of 16 factors influencing student achievement found that over half of the factors identified were present in the lives of students outside of the classroom.
 - (5) An analysis of health problems, maternal child rearing practices, and the impact of such problems and practices on education published by Princeton University and the Brookings Institution estimates that differences in these factors may account for a quarter of the racial gap in school readiness.
 - (6) Research from Johns Hopkins University found that the lack of summer learning opportunities explains about two-thirds of the 9th grade achievement gap between high and low income students.
 - (7) Research from the Government Accountability Office found that students who change schools frequently were less likely to perform at grade level and more likely to repeat a grade than their more stable peers.

- (8) Evidence demonstrates that effective partnerships among schools and communities increase student achievement by addressing the academic needs of students as well as the challenges the students face outside the classroom. For example—
 - (A) Chicago Public Schools leads the Nation's largest community school initiative and found that nearly half of the students in community schools had increased math and reading grades, and that between 2001 and 2006, community schools had greater gains in math and reading than regular Chicago public schools;
 - (B) by meeting the comprehensive needs of students, Communities In Schools, a national dropout prevention organization, demonstrates that 78 percent of participating students improved their attendance, 89 percent had fewer behavior incidents, 80 percent improved their academic performance, and 78 percent of eligible seniors graduated from high school; and
 - (C) through a pipeline of comprehensive services addressing the needs of children, youth, and families from prenatal opportunities through the transition to adulthood, 90 percent

1	of high school seniors served by Harlem Chil-
2	dren's Zone are accepted into college.
3	SEC. 3. PURPOSES.
4	The purposes of this Act are—
5	(1) to create engaging learning experiences
6	that—
7	(A) strengthen academic achievement,
8	build civic capacity, and provide a continuum of
9	supports and opportunities for children, youth,
10	and their families; and
11	(B) prepare young people for college, ca-
12	reers, and citizenship through results-focused
13	partnerships at all levels that mobilize and co-
14	ordinate school and community resources;
15	(2) to ensure the academic, physical, social,
16	emotional, health, mental health, and civic develop-
17	ment of disadvantaged youth and thereby strengthen
18	their families and communities;
19	(3) to engage and support parents, care givers,
20	and families in their role as first educators of their
21	children;
22	(4) to promote community engagement in edu-
23	cation and family engagement in education;
24	(5) to leverage and integrate the human and fi-
25	nancial assets of local communities, schools, State

1	governments, the Federal Government, and the nat-
2	ural assets of communities—
3	(A) toward better results for children,
4	youth, and families; and
5	(B) for sustained civic capacity; and
6	(6) to develop strategies that achieve key re-
7	sults, such as full service community schools, com-
8	munity-based, integrated student services, and re-
9	lated approaches that meet the comprehensive needs
10	of children and youth.
11	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
12	In this Act:
13	(1) Community-based, integrated student
14	SERVICES.—The term "community-based, integrated
15	student services" means interventions, coordinated
16	through a single point of contact, that improve stu-
17	dent achievement by connecting community re-
18	sources with the academic and social service needs
19	of students.
20	(2) Community engagement in edu-
21	CATION.—
22	(A) In general.—The term "community
23	engagement in education" means systematic ef-
24	forts to involve, engage, and collaborate with
25	parents, community residents, members of

school communities, community partners, and other stakeholders in exploring the needs of their students and schools, developing plans to address those needs, and working together to address those needs.

- (B) Inclusions.—The term includes effective community engagement in an ongoing process to develop a welcoming school and school system, mobilize the community's assets to support student achievement and growth, engage those individuals and stakeholders who traditionally have not participated, improve working relationships, and deepen the commitment to student success.
- (3) Family engagement in education.—
 The term "family engagement in education" means a shared responsibility of families and schools for student success, in which schools and community-based organizations are committed to reaching out to engage families in meaningful ways that encourage the families to actively support their children's learning and development, as well as the learning and development of other children. The shared responsibility is continuous from birth through young

1	adulthood and reinforces learning that takes place in
2	the home, school, and community.
3	(4) Full service community school.—The
4	term "full service community school" means a public
5	elementary school or secondary school that—
6	(A) participates in a community-based ef-
7	fort to coordinate educational, developmental,
8	family, health, and other comprehensive services
9	through community-based organizations, and
10	public and private partnerships; and
11	(B) provides access to such services to stu-
12	dents, families, and the community.
13	(5) LOCAL CONSORTIUM.—The term "local con-
14	sortium" means a consortium consisting of commu-
15	nity representatives that—
16	(A) shall include—
17	(i) a local educational agency; and
18	(ii) not less than 1 other community
19	partner that is independent of the local
20	educational agency; and
21	(B) may include a broad array of commu-
22	nity partners, including—
23	(i) a community-based organization;
24	(ii) a child and youth serving organi-
25	zation or agency;

1	(iii) an institution of higher education;
2	(iv) a foundation;
3	(v) a business;
4	(vi) a teacher organization;
5	(vii) an organization representing edu-
6	cation professionals;
7	(viii) a local government, including a
8	government agency serving children and
9	youth, such as a child welfare and juvenile
10	justice agency;
11	(ix) an organization representing stu-
12	dents; and
13	(x) an organization representing par-
14	ents; and
15	(C) may include representatives from mul-
16	tiple jurisdictions.
17	(6) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY.—The term
18	"local educational agency" has the meaning given
19	the term in section 9101 of the Elementary and Sec-
20	ondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
21	(7) Outlying Area.—The term "outlying
22	area" has the meaning given the term in section
23	9101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education
24	Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

- 1 (8) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Education.
 - (9) SPECIALIZED INSTRUCTIONAL SUPPORT PERSONNEL.—The term "specialized instructional support personnel" means school counselors, school social workers, school psychologists, and other qualified professional personnel involved in providing assessment, diagnosis, counseling, educational, therapeutic, and other necessary corrective or supportive services (including related services as that term is defined in section 602 of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401)) as part of a comprehensive program to meet student needs.
 - (10) Specialized instructional support services.—The term "specialized instructional support services" means the services provided by specialized instructional support personnel, and includes any other corrective or supportive services to meet student needs.
- (11) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
 the several States of the United States, the District
 of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
- 23 SEC. 5. DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM AUTHORIZED; ALLOT-
- 24 MENT TO STATES.
- 25 (a) FORMULA GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—

1	(1) In general.—For any fiscal year for
2	which the amount appropriated under section 13 is
3	equal to or greater than \$200,000,000, the Sec-
4	retary is authorized to award grants, from allot-
5	ments under subsection (c), to States having appli-
6	cations approved under section 5 to enable the
7	States to award subgrants to local consortia to lever-
8	age and integrate human and financial assets at all
9	levels in order to—
10	(A) ensure the academic, physical, social
11	emotional, and civic development of disadvan-
12	taged youth; and
13	(B) strengthen the families and commu-
14	nities of the disadvantaged youth and achieve
15	the results developed pursuant to section
16	6(e)(1).
17	(2) Duration.—The Secretary shall award a
18	grant under this subsection for a period of 5 years
19	(3) Renewal.—The Secretary may renew a
20	grant under this subsection for a period of 5 years
21	(b) Reservation.—From the funds appropriated

22 under section 13 for any fiscal year, the Secretary shall

23 reserve—

- 1 (1) not more than 2 percent for national activi-2 ties, which the Secretary may carry out directly or 3 through grants and contracts, such as—
 - (A) providing training and training technical assistance to local consortia and organizations partnering with local consortia to carry out services under this Act; or
 - (B) conducting the national evaluation pursuant to section 12(a)(3); and
 - (2) not more than 1 percent for payments to the outlying areas and the Bureau of Indian Affairs, to be allotted in accordance with their respective needs for assistance under this Act, as determined by the Secretary, to enable the outlying areas and the Bureau of Indian Affairs to carry out the purposes of this Act.

(c) State Allotments.—

(1) Determination.—From the funds appropriated under section 13 for any fiscal year that are equal to or greater than \$200,000,000 which remain after the Secretary makes the reservations under subsection (b), the Secretary shall allot to each State for the fiscal year an amount that bears the same relationship to the remainder as the amount the State received under subpart 2 of part A of title I

- of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6331 et seq.) for the preceding fiscal year bears to the amount all States received under that subpart for the preceding fiscal year, except that no State shall receive less than an amount equal to ½ of 1 percent of such funds.
 - (2) REALLOTMENT OF UNUSED FUNDS.—If a State does not receive an allotment under this Act for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall reallot the amount of the State's allotment to the remaining States in accordance with this section.

(d) Competitive Grants Authorized.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—For any year for which the amount appropriated under section 13 is less than \$200,000,000, the Secretary shall award grants, on a competitive basis, to local consortia to enable the local consortia to carry out local strategies in accordance with sections 9 and 10.
- (2) Targeted local consortia.—The Secretary shall only award a grant to a local consortium under this subsection if the local consortium submits an application that proposes—
- 23 (A) to serve children and youth in schools 24 or communities with the highest proportions of 25 students from low-income families; and

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1	(B) to provide a comprehensive continuum
2	of services, including not less than 1 services
3	from each of not less than 3 categories of serv-
4	ices described in paragraphs (3) through (11)
5	of section 10(b), which proposal—
6	(i) shall be submitted by a local con-
7	sortium comprised of a broad representa-
8	tion of stakeholders and decision makers in
9	the community, including a multitude of
10	community partners described in section
11	4(5)(B); or
12	(ii) shall demonstrate the capacity for
13	successful implementation through a his-
14	tory of successful collaboration and effec-
15	tiveness in strengthening outcomes for chil-
16	dren and youth.
17	(3) Accountability and transparency.—
18	The Secretary shall apply those provisions of section
19	12 that the Secretary determines applicable to local
20	consortia receiving funds under this subsection.
21	SEC. 6. STATE CHILD AND YOUTH STRATEGY.
22	(a) In General.—A State that receives a grant
23	under this Act shall use the grant funds to develop and
24	implement a State child and youth strategy (hereafter in
25	this Act referred to as the "State strategy").

1	(b) Strategy Requirements.—The State strat-
2	egy—
3	(1) shall be developed by the Governor of the
4	State;
5	(2) shall include the components described in
6	subsection (c); and
7	(3) may include other components as the Gov-
8	ernor determines necessary to strengthen results for
9	children and youth.
10	(e) Required Components.—The State strategy
11	components required under subsection (b) are the fol-
12	lowing:
13	(1) State results framework.—The State
14	strategy shall contain comprehensive, research-based
15	annual goals and aligned quantifiable indicators
16	demonstrating continuous improvement with respect
17	to youth, particularly disadvantaged youth, that
18	shall serve as targets for each year with respect to
19	which the State strategy applies. The goals shall in-
20	clude the following:
21	(A) Children are ready for school.
22	(B) Students are engaged and achieving in
23	school.
24	(C) Students are physically, mentally, so-
25	cially, and emotionally healthy.

1	(D) Schools and neighborhoods are safe
2	and provide a positive climate for learning.
3	(E) Families are supportive and engaged
4	in their children's education.
5	(F) Graduates are ready for postsecondary
6	education and 21st century careers.
7	(G) Students are contributing to their
8	communities.
9	(2) Needs and assets assessment.—The
10	State strategy shall contain an assessment of the
11	children's needs, and of assets within the State that
12	can be mobilized, coordinated, and integrated to
13	achieve the State strategy's goals, which may include
14	data collected by the Federal Interagency Forum on
15	Child and Family Statistics.
16	(3) STATE CHILD AND YOUTH PLAN.—The
17	State strategy shall include a description of the
18	State's plan to achieve the goals described in para-
19	graph (1) for young people from birth through the
20	transition to adulthood, including the following:
21	(A) LEVERAGE AND INTEGRATION.—A de-
22	scription of how funds received under this Act
23	will be coordinated and integrated with other
24	Federal and State funds in order to achieve the

goals developed pursuant to paragraph (1).

- 1 (B) ELIMINATION OF STATE BARRIERS TO
 2 COORDINATION AND INTEGRATION.—A descrip3 tion of how funds received under this Act will
 4 be used to identify and eliminate State barriers
 5 to the coordination and integration of pro6 grams, initiatives, and funding streams to
 7 achieve the goals developed pursuant to para8 graph (1).
- 9 (C) COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT IN EDU-10 CATION.—A description of the State's plan to 11 increase community engagement in education.
- 12 (D) Family engagement in education.

 13 (CATION.—A description of the State's plan to increase family engagement in education.
- 15 (d) Existing Plans, Strategies, and Assess-MENTS.—Existing plans, strategies, needs assessments, or 16 assets assessments may be used to satisfy the require-17 18 ments of this section if such existing plans, strategies, 19 needs assessments, or assets assessments include the in-20 formation required by this section, or can be modified to 21 do so, and are submitted to the Secretary with such modi-22 fications.
- 23 SEC. 7. COORDINATING BODY; STATE APPLICATIONS.
- 24 (a) Coordinating Body.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—In order for a State to be el-
2	igible to receive a grant under this Act, the Gov-
3	ernor of the State shall designate or establish a co-
4	ordinating body for student learning and develop-
5	ment that shall—
6	(A) administer funds provided under this
7	Act;
8	(B) facilitate communication between the
9	public and the Governor pertaining to issues
10	impacting children and youth from birth
11	through the transition to adulthood, including
12	issues pertaining to service coordination and in-
13	tegration;
14	(C) identify and eliminate State barriers to
15	the coordination and integration of programs
16	initiatives, and funding streams, and facilitate
17	coordination and collaboration among State
18	agencies serving children and youth;
19	(D) strengthen the capacity of State and
20	local organizations to achieve positive outcomes
21	for children and youth through training, tech-
22	nical assistance, professional development, and
23	other means;
24	(E) assist the Governor in developing and
25	carrying out the State strategy; and

1	(F) coordinate the submission of the State
2	application under subsection (b).
3	(2) Designation of coordinating body.—
4	The Governor may designate an existing agency
5	Children's Cabinet, P-20 Council, child and youth
6	development partnership, or other organization as
7	the coordinating body for student learning and de-
8	velopment described in paragraph (1) if the agency
9	cabinet, council, partnership, or organization—
10	(A) performs duties similar to the duties
11	described in paragraph (1); or
12	(B) if the duties of the agency, cabinet
13	council, partnership, or organization can be
14	modified to include the duties described in
15	paragraph (1).
16	(b) STATE APPLICATION.—
17	(1) In general.—Each State desiring a grant
18	under this Act shall submit to the Secretary an ap-
19	plication at such time, in such manner, and con-
20	taining such information as the Secretary may re-
21	quire.
22	(2) Contents.—Each application submitted
23	under this subsection shall include the following:
24	(A) STATE STRATEGY.—A description of
25	how the State will develop the State strategy.

- (B) Grants to local consortia.—A de-scription of how subgrants to local consortia will be awarded pursuant to section 8 and how the subgrants will facilitate community plan-ning and effective service coordination, integra-tion, and provision at the local level to achieve the goals developed by the State pursuant to section 6(c)(1) within the context of local needs and priorities.
 - (C) Capacity building.—A description of how grant funds received under this Act will be used to build State and local capacity through training, technical assistance, and professional development.
 - (D) ACCOUNTABILITY FOR RESULTS.—A description of the State's plans to adhere to the accountability and transparency requirements described in section 12(b).
 - (3) REVISED APPLICATION.—Each State desiring to renew a grant under this Act shall submit a revised application to the Secretary every 5 years based on an assessment of the activities conducted under this Act.

1 SEC. 8. STATE USE OF FUNDS.

2	(a) In General.—From the grant funds made avail-
3	able to a State under this Act for any fiscal year—
4	(1) the State shall use not less than 95 percent
5	to award subgrants to local consortia under sub-
6	section (b);
7	(2) the State may use not less than 3 percent
8	for evaluation and capacity building activities, in-
9	cluding training, technical assistance, and profes-
10	sional development; and
11	(3) the State may use not more than 2 percent
12	for the administrative costs of carrying out respon-
13	sibilities under this Act.
14	(b) Subgrants to Local Consortia.—
15	(1) In general.—A State that receives a
16	grant under this Act shall use the portion of the
17	grant funds described in subsection (a)(1) to award
18	subgrants to local consortia.
19	(2) Priority.—In awarding subgrants to local
20	consortia, a State shall give priority to applications
21	from local consortia that propose—
22	(A) to serve children and youth in schools
23	or communities with the highest proportions of
24	students from low-income families; and
25	(B) to provide a comprehensive continuum
26	of services, including not less than 1 service

1	from each of not less than 3 categories of serv-
2	ices described in paragraphs (3) through (11)
3	of section 10(b), which proposal—
4	(i) shall be submitted by local con-
5	sortia comprised of a broad representation
6	of stakeholders and decision makers in the
7	community, including a multitude of com-
8	munity partners described in section
9	4(5)(B); or
10	(ii) shall demonstrate the capacity for
11	successful implementation through a his-
12	tory of successful collaboration and effec-
13	tiveness in strengthening outcomes for chil-
14	dren and youth.
15	(3) Duration of Grant.—Each subgrant
16	awarded under this section shall be for a period of
17	5 years and shall be renewable based on progress to-
18	ward achieving the results described in section
19	9(b)(2)(A).
20	(c) Planning Grants.—A State that receives a
21	grant under this Act may award planning grants to local
22	consortia to enable the local consortia to develop the local
23	strategy described in section 9(b). Such planning grants
24	shall be for a duration of—

- 1 (1) not more than 6 months and in an amount 2 of not more than \$50,000; or
- 3 (2) not more than 1 year and in an amount of 4 not more than \$100,000.
- 5 (d) Supplement, Not Supplant.—A State that re-
- 6 ceives a grant under this Act shall use the grant funds
- 7 to supplement, not supplant, Federal and non-Federal
- 8 funds available to support child and youth services.

(e) Allocation to Rural Areas.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—A State that receives grant funding under this Act for a fiscal year shall use the grant funds to award an amount, in the aggregate, of subgrant funding under section 8 to rural local consortia in the State that is not less than the amount that bears the same relation to the amount of the grant funding as the amount received by local educational agencies serving rural local consortia in the State under subpart 2 of part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6331 et seq.) for the preceding fiscal year bears to the amount received by the State under such subpart for the preceding fiscal year.
- (2) RURAL LOCAL CONSORTIUM.—In this subsection the term "rural local consortium" means a

1	local consortium serving an area of the State that
2	has a locale code of 41, 42, or 43.
3	SEC. 9. LOCAL CONSORTIUM APPLICATION; LOCAL CHILD
4	AND YOUTH STRATEGY.
5	(a) Local Consortium Application.—
6	(1) In general.—A local consortium that de-
7	sires a subgrant under section 8 shall submit an ap-
8	plication to the State at such time, in such manner,
9	and containing such information as the State may
10	require.
11	(2) Contents.—An application submitted
12	under this section shall include—
13	(A) a description of the local consortium,
14	including which public or nonprofit entity par-
15	ticipating in the local consortium shall serve as
16	the fiscal agent for the local consortium;
17	(B) the local child and youth strategy
18	(hereafter in this Act referred to as "local
19	strategy") described in subsection (b); and
20	(C) a description of how the local strategy
21	will be coordinated with the local educational
22	agency plan required under section 1112 of the
23	Elementary and Secondary Education Act of
24	1965 (20 U.S.C. 6312).
25	(b) Local Strategy.—

1	(1) In general.—The local strategy—
2	(A) shall be developed by the local consor-
3	tium;
4	(B) shall include the components described
5	in paragraph (2); and
6	(C) may include such other components as
7	the local consortium determines necessary to
8	strengthen outcomes for young people from
9	birth through the transition to adulthood.
10	(2) Components.—The local strategy compo-
11	nents required under paragraph (1)(B) are the fol-
12	lowing:
13	(A) Local results framework.—Com-
14	prehensive, research-based goals and aligned
15	quantifiable indicators for the goals, with re-
16	spect to youth, particularly disadvantaged
17	youth, that shall serve as targets for the year
18	with respect to which the local strategy applies.
19	The goals shall include the following:
20	(i) Children are ready for school.
21	(ii) Students are engaged and achiev-
22	ing in school.
23	(iii) Students are physically, mentally,
24	socially, and emotionally healthy.

1	(iv) Schools and neighborhoods are
2	safe and provide a positive climate for
3	learning.
4	(v) Families are supportive and en-
5	gaged in their children's education.
6	(vi) Students are ready for postsec-
7	ondary education and 21st Century ca-
8	reers.
9	(vii) Students are contributing to
10	their communities.
11	(B) Assets assessment.—An assessment
12	of potential resources, services, and opportuni-
13	ties available within or near the community that
14	children and youth, their families, and re-
15	sources in the community may be able to access
16	in order to meet the needs identified under sub-
17	paragraph (C), to help achieve the goals and in-
18	dicators under subparagraph (A), and to sup-
19	port students to achieve the challenging State
20	student academic achievement standards, in-
21	cluding the variety of services that can be inte-
22	grated—
23	(i) into a community school site; and
24	(ii) through the presence of special-
25	ized student support personnel and local

1	educational agency liaisons for homeless
2	children and youth designated pursuant to
3	section 722(g)(1)(J)(ii) of the McKinney-
4	Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C.
5	11432(g)(1)(J)(ii)).
6	(C) Needs assessment.—An analysis of
7	the comprehensive needs of the students served
8	by the local consortium, their families, and the
9	community that—
10	(i) includes input from students and
11	parents;
12	(ii) assesses the academic, physical,
13	social, emotional, health, mental health,
14	and civic needs of students and their fami-
15	lies; and
16	(iii) may impact students' ability to
17	meet the challenging State student aca-
18	demic achievement standards.
19	(D) SERVICE INTEGRATION AND PROVI-
20	SION.—A plan to coordinate and integrate serv-
21	ices and provide services in order to meet the
22	needs identified under subparagraph (C) and
23	achieve the results and aligned quantifiable in-
24	dicators described in subparagraph (A), includ-
25	ing-

1	(i) a description of the services admin-
2	istered by members of the local consortium
3	that are funded through grants provided
4	under the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
5	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et
6	seq.) that will be coordinated as part of the
7	subgrant provided under section 8; and
8	(ii) if applicable, a description of the
9	coordination among services provided by
10	community-based organizations and serv-
11	ices provided by specialized instructional
12	support personnel serving local educational
13	agencies participating in the local consor-
14	tium.
15	(E) Community engagement in edu-
16	CATION.—A plan to increase community en-
17	gagement in education.
18	(F) Family engagement in edu-
19	CATION.—A plan to increase family engagement
20	in education.
21	(3) Existing plans, strategies, and as-
22	SESSMENTS.—Existing plans, strategies, needs as-
23	sessments, or assets assessments may be used to
24	satisfy the requirements of this section if such exist-
25	ing plans, strategies, needs assessments, or assets

1	assessments include the information required by this
2	section, or can be modified to do so, and are sub-
3	mitted to the Secretary with such modifications.
4	SEC. 10. LOCAL USE OF FUNDS.
5	(a) Mandatory Use of Funds.—A local consor-
6	tium that receives a subgrant under section 8 shall use
7	the subgrant funds—
8	(1) to integrate multiple private and public
9	services into a comprehensive, coordinated con-
10	tinuum that meets the holistic needs of young peo-
11	ple;
12	(2) to implement the comprehensive, coordi-
13	nated continuum of services described in paragraph
14	(1) through research-based services producing quan-
15	tifiable results that align with the local results
16	framework described in section 9(b)(2)(A);
17	(3) to address the needs identified in the needs
18	assessment carried out pursuant to section
19	9(b)(2)(C) by leveraging the assets identified in the
20	assets assessment carried out pursuant to section
21	9(b)(2)(B); and
22	(4) if applicable, to coordinate efforts with the
23	specialized instructional support personnel serving
24	local educational agencies participating in the local

consortium.

1	(b) Permissible Use of Funds.—A local consor-
2	tium that receives a subgrant under section 8 may use
3	the subgrant funds to coordinate, integrate, and enhance
4	existing services, and provide new services, in order to pro-
5	vide young people with research-based, comprehensive
6	services at, or that are connected to, schools, including—
7	(1) community-based, integrated student serv-
8	ices;
9	(2) full service community schools;
10	(3) high quality early childhood development,
11	including—
12	(A) early childhood education;
13	(B) programs under the Head Start Act
14	(42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.), including Early Head
15	Start programs;
16	(C) early reading first programs;
17	(D) child care services;
18	(E) early childhood-school transition serv-
19	ices;
20	(F) home visiting;
21	(G) parenting education; and
22	(H) services for young children with spe-
23	cial needs;
24	(4) academic support services, including—
25	(A) tutoring;

1	(B) extended day programs, including serv-
2	ices provided through 21st Century Community
3	Learning Centers under part B of title IV of
4	the Elementary and Secondary Education Act
5	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7171 et seq.);
6	(C) programs for students and parents to
7	learn together, including opportunities in such
8	fields as technology, art, music, and language
9	acquisition;
10	(D) multiple pathways toward attaining a
11	high school diploma and preparing students for
12	college, including—
13	(i) dual enrollment programs;
14	(ii) early college high schools;
15	(iii) strategies for preventing at-risk
16	youth from dropping out of high school;
17	(iv) dropout recovery strategies, in-
18	cluding strategies that award credit based
19	on student performance instead of instruc-
20	tional time; and
21	(v) other activities that combine rig-
22	orous coursework, personalized learning
23	environments, practical applications, and
24	comprehensive support services;

1	(E) summer enrichment and learning expe-
2	riences; and
3	(F) services for students with disabilities;
4	(5) health services, including—
5	(A) primary health care;
6	(B) dental care;
7	(C) vision care;
8	(D) hearing care;
9	(E) mental health services;
10	(F) nutrition services;
11	(G) health education; and
12	(H) developmental and habilitation services
13	for young people with special needs;
14	(6) youth development, including—
15	(A) mentoring and other youth develop-
16	ment programs, including programs that engage
17	older adults;
18	(B) recreation and physical education;
19	(C) service learning, civic education, lead-
20	ership development, entrepreneurship, and com-
21	munity service opportunities;
22	(D) job training, career counseling, and in-
23	ternship opportunities;
24	(E) career and technical education;

1	(F) college preparation and counseling
2	services; and
3	(G) positive behavioral interventions and
4	supports;
5	(7) social services for students and families, in-
6	cluding—
7	(A) family support programs, including
8	housing assistance, counseling, financial edu-
9	cation, crisis intervention, and related services;
10	(B) programs that provide assistance to
11	students who have been truant, suspended, or
12	expelled;
13	(C) programs or efforts intended to iden-
14	tify young people without a high school diploma
15	and reengage the young people in school so that
16	the young people may attain a high school di-
17	ploma; and
18	(D) strategies that engage older adults as
19	resources to students and families;
20	(8) parent and adult education programs, in-
21	cluding—
22	(A) programs that promote family literacy,
23	including Even Start;
24	(B) parent and caregiver leadership and
25	parent and caregiver education activities:

1	(C) adult education, including instruction
2	in English as a second language, and job train-
3	ing; and
4	(D) citizenship preparation for individuals
5	choosing to become United States citizens;
6	(9) juvenile crime prevention and rehabilitation
7	programs, including—
8	(A) youth courts, teen courts, peer juries,
9	and drug courts; and
10	(B) tribal youth programs;
11	(10) specialized instructional support services,
12	including specialized instructional support personnel;
13	(11) service coordination staffing that ensures
14	young people receive comprehensive services to meet
15	the holistic needs of the young people;
16	(12) training, technical assistance, and profes-
17	sional development for school-based and community-
18	based personnel providing comprehensive services to
19	children and youth;
20	(13) subgrants to nonprofit and other organiza-
21	tions to implement the requirements and allowable
22	services under this section;
23	(14) reasonable program administration and
24	planning associated with the activities required
25	under this section: and

1	(15) other services consistent with this section.
2	SEC. 11. CONSTRUCTION.
3	Nothing in this Act shall be construed to alter or oth-
4	erwise affect the rights, remedies, and procedures afforded
5	school or school district employees under Federal, State,
6	or local laws (including applicable regulations or court or-
7	ders) or under the terms of collective bargaining agree-
8	ments, memoranda of understanding, or other agreements
9	between such employees and their employers.
10	SEC. 12. ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY.
11	(a) Federal Accountability and Trans-
12	PARENCY.—
13	(1) Annual Report.—On an annual basis, the
14	Secretary shall report to the public, Congress, and
15	the President—
16	(A) the collective progress made by—
17	(i) States in achieving the goals estab-
18	lished within the State results frameworks
19	described in section $6(e)(1)$; and
20	(ii) communities in achieving the goals
21	established within the local results frame-
22	works pursuant to section 9(b)(2)(A);
23	(B) how funds under this Act were used by
24	States and local consortia to improve the lives
25	of children, youth, and families, including—

1	(i) the characteristics of the young
2	people and families served by the activities
3	and services assisted under this Act;
4	(ii) the services and supports provided
5	under this Act; and
6	(iii) outcomes resulting from the ac-
7	tivities and services funded under this Act;
8	(C) actions taken pursuant to paragraph
9	(2) regarding misuse or ineffective use of funds;
10	and
11	(D) other information the Secretary deter-
12	mines to be of interest to the public.
13	(2) Correction of Deficiencies.—If the
14	Secretary determines, based on a review of State an-
15	nual reports, State strategies, State data submis-
16	sions, evaluations, or other documentation, that a
17	State or entity that receives funds through a grant
18	or contract made under this Act makes insufficient
19	progress toward achieving the goals established with-
20	in the State results framework pursuant to section
21	6(c)(1) within 3 years of receiving a grant under
22	section 5(a), or is misusing, ineffectively using, or
23	otherwise not complying with the requirements of
24	this Act, the Secretary shall—

1	(A) notify the State of the deficiencies that
2	require correction and request that the State
3	submit a plan to correct the deficiencies;
4	(B) negotiate a plan to correct the defi-
5	ciencies, and provide appropriate training or
6	technical assistance designed to assist the State
7	in complying with the requirements of this Act;
8	and
9	(C) in the case that the State fails to sub-
10	mit or negotiate a plan to correct the defi-
11	ciencies or fails to make substantial efforts,
12	within 6 months after the date of the notifica-
13	tion described in paragraph (1), to correct the
14	deficiencies and comply with the requirements
15	of this Act—
16	(i) terminate the provision of funds
17	under this Act to the State or entity for
18	the remainder of the period of the grant or
19	contract; and
20	(ii) redistribute the terminated fund-
21	ing in the manner described in section
22	5(c).
23	(3) Independent ongoing evaluation.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
25	carry out an ongoing evaluation of the activities

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conducted under this Act and shall submit the evaluation results to Congress and the public in July of 2014 and in July of 2016.

(B) RIGOROUS AND INDEPENDENT EVAL-UATION.—The Secretary shall enter into a contract with an entity independent of the Department of Education to carry out the evaluation required under this paragraph. To the extent the Secretary determines feasible, the evaluation shall include large-scale, longitudinal, randomized studies to identify the most effective combinations of academic and nonacademic interventions, including interventions administered by community-based organizations, to achieve improvements in academic and other outcomes for students.

(C) EVALUATION OUTCOMES.—

(i) In General.—The evaluation required under this paragraph shall measure the process of developing and implementing effective partnerships among schools, school districts, families, students, and community partners, as well as the impact of activities conducted under this Act,

1	which may include impacts on the fol-
2	lowing outcomes:
3	(I) Student achievement as meas-
4	ured by assessment data, classroom
5	grades, and other means of measuring
6	student performance.
7	(II) Graduation rates.
8	(III) School readiness.
9	(IV) Numbers of detentions, sus-
10	pensions, and expulsions.
11	(V) Enrollment in postsecondary
12	education.
13	(VI) The degree of communica-
14	tion between schools and families.
15	(VII) The degree of parental par-
16	ticipation in school activities.
17	(VIII) Student health, including
18	mental health and risk factors at
19	birth.
20	(IX) Student civic participation.
21	(X) Attendance.
22	(XI) The number of students and
23	families receiving services.
24	(XII) Other outcome areas as de-
25	termined by the Secretary in consulta-

1	tion with State educational agencies,
2	local educational agencies, teacher or-
3	ganizations, secondary students, and
4	nonprofit organizations providing
5	services to children and youth.
6	(ii) DISAGGREGATION.—The outcomes
7	described in clause (i) shall be
8	disaggregated by gender, race, and family
9	income.
10	(b) STATE ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY.—
11	(1) Annual report.—On an annual basis,
12	each State shall report to the public and the Sec-
13	retary such information as the Secretary may rea-
14	sonably require, including—
15	(A) progress made toward achieving—
16	(i) the goals established within the
17	State results framework pursuant to sec-
18	tion $6(c)(1)$ disaggregated in the same
19	manner as information is disaggregated
20	under subsection (a)(3)(C)(ii); and
21	(ii) the goals established within the
22	local results frameworks pursuant to sec-
23	tion $9(b)(2)(A)$;

1	(B) how funds under this Act were used by
2	States and local consortia to improve the lives
3	of children, youth, and families, including—
4	(i) the characteristics of the young
5	people and families served by the activities
6	and services assisted under this Act;
7	(ii) the services and supports provided
8	under this Act; and
9	(iii) outcomes resulting from the ac-
10	tivities and services funded under this Act;
11	(C) information on Federal barriers to ef-
12	fective State and local coordination;
13	(D) the extent of coordination between
14	State departments and agencies providing youth
15	services in place to achieve the goals within the
16	State results framework pursuant to section
17	6(e)(1);
18	(E) the extent to which the objectives and
19	budgets of State departments and agencies pro-
20	viding child and youth services were consistent
21	with the recommendations of the State strategy
22	for the preceding year;
23	(F) the efficiency and adequacy of State
24	and local programs and policies with respect to
25	child and youth services:

1	(G) actions taken pursuant to paragraph
2	(2) regarding misuse or ineffective use of funds;
3	and
4	(H) other information the State determines
5	to be of interest to the public.
6	(2) Correction of Deficiencies.—If the
7	State determines, based on a review of reports, data
8	submissions, evaluations, or other documentation,
9	that a local consortium or organization that receives
10	funds through a subgrant made under this Act
11	makes insufficient progress toward achieving the
12	goals established within the local results framework
13	pursuant to section 9(b)(2)(A) within 3 years of re-
14	ceiving a subgrant under section 8, or is misusing,
15	ineffectively using, or otherwise not complying with
16	the requirements of this Act, the State shall—
17	(A) notify the local consortium of the defi-
18	ciencies that require correction and request that
19	the consortium submit a plan to correct the de-
20	ficiencies;
21	(B) negotiate a plan to correct the defi-
22	ciencies, and provide appropriate training or
23	technical assistance designed to assist the local
24	consortium in complying with the requirements
25	of this Act; and

1 (C) in the case that the local consortium 2 fails to submit or negotiate a plan to correct 3 the deficiencies or fails to make substantial efforts, within 6 months after the date of the no-4 tification described in subparagraph (A), to cor-6 rect the deficiencies and comply with the re-7 quirements of this Act, terminate the provision 8 of funds under this Act to the local consortium 9 or organization for the remainder of the period 10 of the subgrant and redistribute the terminated 11 funding in a manner determined by the State to 12 be in the best interests of the children and 13 youth in such State in accordance with this Act. 14 (c) Local Accountability and Transparency.—

- 14 (c) LOCAL ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY.—
 15 On an annual basis, each local consortium shall report to
 16 the public and the State such information as the State
 17 may reasonably require, including—
 - (1) progress made toward achieving the goals established within the local results framework pursuant to section 9(b)(2)(A) disaggregated in the same manner as information is disaggregated under subsection (a)(3)(C)(ii);
 - (2) how funds under this Act were used by the local consortium and subgrant recipients to improve the lives of children, youth, and families, including—

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1	(A) the characteristics of the young people
2	and families served by the activities and serv-
3	ices assisted under this Act;
4	(B) the services and supports provided
5	under this Act; and
6	(C) outcomes resulting from the activities
7	and services funded under this Act;
8	(3) information on State barriers to effective
9	local coordination;
10	(4) the extent of coordination between local
11	agencies and organizations providing services to
12	achieve the goals within the local results framework
13	pursuant to section 9(b)(2)(A); and
14	(5) other information the local consortium de-
15	termines to be of interest to the public.
16	SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
17	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
18	this Act \$2,500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2011,
19	2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015.

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