(1) that a significant number or proportion of the workers in the workers' firm, or an appropriate subdivision thereof, (including workers in any agricultural firm or appropriate subdivision thereof) have become totally or partially separated from employment and either—

(2) that sales or production, or both, of such firm or subdivision have decreased absolutely,

(3) that imports from Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles produced by such firm or subdivision have increased, and that the increases imports contributed importantly to such workers' separations or threat of separation and to the decline in sales or production of such firm or subdivision; or

(4) that there has been a shift in production by such workers' firm or subdivision to Mexico or Canada of articles like or directly competitive with articles which are produced by the firm or subdivision.

Negative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

In each of the following cases the investigation revealed that criteria (3) and (4) were not met. Imports from Canada or Mexico did not contribute importantly to workers' separations. There was no shift in production from the subject firm to Canada or Mexico during the relevant period.

- NAFTA-TAA-02469; Columbia Lighting, Houston, TX
- NAFTA–TAA–02315; Beloit Corp., Millpro Services Div., Beloit, WI
- NAFTA-TAA-02453; Accuride Corp., Henderson, KY
- NAFTA-TAA-02354; The Gillette Co., Janesville, WI
- NAFTA-TAA-02368; U.S. Timber Co., Camas Prairie Lumber Div., Boise, ID
- NAFTA-TAA-02414; Sunds Defibrator Woodhandling, Inc., dba Carthage Machine Co., Carthage, NY

The investigation revealed that the criteria for eligibility have not been met for the reasons specified.

- NAFTA-TAA-02384; MPM Automotive Products, Inc., Tucson, AZ
- NAFTA-TAA-02422; MacMillan Bloedel Building Materials, Spoke Distribution Center, Spokane, WA
- NAFTA-TAA-02457; National Garment Co., Distribution Center, Columbia, MO

NAFTA–TAA–02452; Tarantola Trucking Co., Flemington, NJ

NAFTA–TAA–02420; ITT Cannon Connectors North America, Receiving Inspection Department, Nogales, AZ The investigation revealed that the workers of the subject firm did not produce an article within the meaning of Section 250(a) of the Trade Act, as amended.

Affirmative Determinations NAFTA-TAA

NAFTA–TAA–02481; Parker Hannifin Corp., Hydraulic Valve Div., Niles, IL: July 6, 1997.

- NAFTA-TAA-02458; Trident Automotive Corp., Blytheville, AR: June 18, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02451; Teledyne Electronic Technologies, Scottsdale, AS: June 17, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02459; Bennett Uniform Mfg., Inc., Greensboro, NC: June 19, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02456; Durotest Lighting, Div. Of Durotest Corp., Clifton, NJ: June 11, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02358; Western Reserve Products, Inc., Gallatin, TN: April 27, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02429; Cowtown Boot Co., Inc., El Paso, TX: June 1, 1997. NAFTA-TAA-02499; Sheldahl, Inc.,
- Northfield, MN: July 9, 1997.
- NAFTA-TAA-02465; Paragon Electric Co., Two Rivers, WI: June 24, 1997. NAFTA-TAA-02304; Metex Corp.,
- Edison, NJ: March 24, 1997.

NAFTA–TAA–02439; Berg Electronics Group, Inc., RF Division, Franklin, IN: June 5, 1997.

I hereby certify that the aforementioned determinations were issued during the month of July 1998. Copies of these determinations are available for inspection in Room C– 4318, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.,

Washington, D.C. 20210 during normal business hours or will be mailed to persons who write to the above address.

Dated: July 30, 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–21221 Filed 8–6–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34,723]

Conner Forest Industries, Inc., Wakefield, Michigan; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on July 6, 1998, in response to a petition by a company official filed on the same date on behalf of workers at Conner Forest Industries, Inc., Wakefield, Michigan.

A certification applicable to the petitioning group of workers, employed at Conner Forest Industries, Inc., Wakefield, Michigan, was issued on September 12, 1996, and is currently in effect (TA–W–32,593). Consequently, further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, D.C. this 7th day of July, 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–21227 Filed 8–6–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34,701]

Gorge Lumber Company, Portland, OR; Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273) as amended by the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988 (P.L. 100– 418), the Department of Labor herein presents the results of an investigation regarding certification of eligibility to apply for worker adjustment assistance.

In order to make an affirmative determination and issue a certification of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance each of the group eligibility requirements of Section 222 of the Act must be met. It is determined in this case that all of the requirements have been met.

The investigation was initiated in response to a petition received on June 29, 1998, on behalf of workers and former workers at George Lumber Company, Portland, Oregon. The workers were engaged in the production of wholesale lumber.

Sales and production of wholesale lumber at the subject firm declined from Jan–June 1998 compared to Jan–June 1997.

The subject firm increased reliance on imports of lumber from Canada during the relevant time periods.

Conclusion

After careful review of the facts obtained in the investigation, I conclude that increases of imports of articles like or directly competitive with wholesale lumber produced at Gorge Lumber Company, Portland, Oregon contributed importantly to the decline in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers of that firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

All workers of Gorge Lumber Company, Portland, Oregon, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after June 15, 1997 through two years from the date of certification are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC this 10th day of July, 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–21228 Filed 8–6–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34, 748]

Magnetek Manufacturing, Medenhall, MS; Notice of Termination of Investigation

Pursuant to Section 221 of the Trade Act of 1974, an investigation was initiated on July 13, 1998, in response to a work petition which was filed on behalf at Magnetek Manufacturing, Medenhall, Mississippi.

All workers at the subject firm are covered under an existing certification (TA–W–32, 639) which is valid until August 26, 1998. All worker separations at the plant have occurred prior to that date. Consequently further investigation in this case would serve no purpose, and the investigation has been terminated.

Signed in Washington, D.C. this 28th of July, 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98-21226 Filed 8-6-98; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510-30-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-34,636]

McCreary Manufacturing Company, Monticello Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, Stearns, KY; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 USC 2273) the U.S. Department Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance on June 22, 1998 applicable to all workers of McCreary Manufacturing Company located in Stearns, Kentucky. The notice will be published soon in the **Federal Register**.

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers were engaged in the production of men's shirts and ladies' blouses. Company information shows that Monticello Manufacturing Company, Inc., Monticello, Kentucky is the parent firm of McCreary Manufacturing Company, located in Stearns, Kentucky. New Information provided by the State shows that some workers separated from employment at McCreary Manufacturing Company had their wages reported under a separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax account at Monticello Manufacturing Company, Inc., Monticello, Kentucky. Based on these findings, the Department is amending the certification to include workers from Monticello Manufacturing Company, Inc.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of McCreary Manufacturing Company who were adversely affected by increased imports of men's shirts and ladies' blouses.

The amended notice applicable to TA–W–34,636 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of McCreary Manufacturing Company and Monticello Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, Stearns, Kentucky who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after May 28, 1997 through June 22, 2000 are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed at Washington D.C. this 27th day of July 1998.

Grant D. Beale,

Acting Director, Office of Trade Adjustment Assistance.

[FR Doc. 98–21220 Filed 8–6–98; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4510–30–M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment and Training Administration

[NAFTA-02455]

Gorge Lumber Company, Portland, OR; Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for NAFTA-Transitional Adjustment Assistance

Pursuant to Title V of the North American Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (P.L. 103–182) concerning transitional adjustment assistance, hereinafter called NAFTA– TAA and in accordance with Section 250(a), Subchapter D, Chapter 2, Title II, of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2331), the Department of Labor herein presents the results of an investigation regarding certification of eligibility to apply for NAFTA–TAA.

In order to make an affirmative determination and issue a certification of eligibility to apply for NAFTA–TAA, the group eligibility requirements in either paragraph (a)(1)(A) or (a)(1)(B) of Section 250 of the Trade Act must be met. It is determined in this case that the requirements of (a)(1)(A) of Section 250 have been met.

The investigation was initiated on June 16, 1998, in response to a petition filed on behalf of workers at Gorge Lumber Company, Portland, Oregon. Workers at the subject firm were engaged in the production of wholesale lumber.

The investigation revealed that the subject firm relied on imports of lumber from Canada while decreasing sales, production and employment during the relevant periods.

Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) investigation (TA–W–34,701) is currently in progress for workers at the subject firm. A decision will be made concurrently with this decision.

Conclusion

After careful review of the facts obtained in the investigation, I conclude that there was an increase in company imports from Canada of articles that are like or directly competitive with those produced by the subject firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Trade Act, I make the following certification:

All workers at Gorge Lumber Company, Portland, Oregon who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after June 15, 1997 are eligible to apply for NAFTA–TAA under Section 250 of the Trade Act of 1974.