

(3) Notification of revocation of a registration by a State shall indicate the effective date of revocation, and shall state the reasons for revocation.

(4) The Agency may request, when appropriate, that a State submit any data used by the State to determine that unreasonable adverse effects will not be caused.

The Agency has 90 days to determine whether the SLN registration should be disapproved. If the SLN is disapproved, the State is responsible for notifying the affected registrant.

Burden: Under the PRA, "burden" means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. For this collection it includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information.

The ICR provides a detailed explanation of this estimate, which is only briefly summarized in this notice. The annual public burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 12.5 hours per response. The following is a summary of the estimates taken from the ICR:

Respondents/Affected Entities: States.

Estimated Total Number of Potential Respondents: 349.

Frequency of Response: Determined by the state.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 24,604.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Costs: \$2,360,287.

III. Are There Changes in the Estimates From the Last Approval?

Yes. The overall respondent burden hours associated with this collection has decreased from 38,775 to 24,604.5 hours per year. This change is due to the decrease of the number of applications made by the states since the renewal of the last ICR from 550 to 349. Costs have increased due to current labor rates as supplied by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. No regulatory changes have been made in the requirements for Section 24(c) applications.

IV. What Is the Next Step in the Process for This ICR?

After providing a 30 day opportunity for additional comments from the public, OMB will review and take action on the Agency's request. Periodically, EPA publishes a notice in the **Federal Register** listing recent OMB actions on the Agency's ICR submittals. If you have any questions about this ICR or the approval process, please contact the person listed in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

Dated: July 1, 1999.

Richard T. Westlund,

Acting Director, Regulatory Information Division.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-6371-9]

Notice of Approval of Extension of Prevention of Significant Air Quality Deterioration (PSD) and New Source Review (NSR) Permit to Muht-Hei, Inc. (NSR 4-4-10, SD 92-02)

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that on May 3, 1999 the Environmental Protection Agency issued an extension of the prevention of significant deterioration/new source review (PSD/NSR) permit to the applicant named above. Extension of the PSD/NSR permit grants approval to Muht-Hei, Inc. to construct and operate a solid waste landfill on the tribal lands of the Campo Band of Mission Indians.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Copies of the permit are available for public inspection upon request; please address the request to: Steve Branoff (AIR-3), U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, (415) 744-1290.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On October 18, 1996, EPA issued a PSD/NSR permit to Mid-American Waste Systems, Inc. for the construction and operation of a solid waste landfill on the tribal lands of the Campo Band of Mission Indians. The 1996 permit specified that this permit would expire if construction did not commence within 18 months after its issuance. Prior to the date of permit expiration, Muht-Hei, Inc. applied to EPA for a transfer of ownership of the proposed project, and for an extension of the PSD/

NSR permit. EPA has extended the approval to construct and operate the proposed landfill to the new owners for a period of 18 months from May 3, 1999 until November 2, 2000.

The PSD/NSR permit requires the application of Lowest Achievable Emission Rate (LAER) for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and Best Available Control Technology (BACT) for fine particulate matter (PM₁₀). The permit also requires Muht-Hei to provide emission offsets for all direct and fugitive emissions of VOCs. LAER requirements for this permit include construction of the landfill with low permeability composite liners, installation and maintenance of a landfill gas (LFG) collection system, and destruction of all collected LFG in a flaring system that will achieve a minimum VOC destruction removal efficiency (DRE) of 99.6% by weight.

BACT requirements for particulate emissions include paving, vacuum-sweeping, and watering of roads. In addition, the LFG flare is subject to certain emission limits, including allowable emission rates as follows: 0.06 lbs/mmBtu of NO_x, 0.15 lbs/mmBtu of CO, and 0.005 lbs/mmBtu of PM₁₀.

DATES: The issuance of a PSD/NSR permit is reviewable under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act and 40 CFR 124.19(f)(1) in the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals. A petition for review must be filed by September 7, 1999. EPA did not receive an appeal to the Administrator or the Environmental Appeals Board for review of this permit decision within thirty (30) days from the date the final permit was issued.

Dated: June 28, 1999.

Kenneth Bigos,

Acting Director, Air Division, Region 9.

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[AMS-FRL-6374-4]

Contractor Access to Confidential Business Information (CBI); Office of Mobile Sources, National Vehicle and Fuel Emissions Laboratory, Ann Arbor, MI

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with 40 CFR 2.301(h)(2), EPA has determined that one contractor requires access to Confidential Business Information (CBI). This access is under the terms of the