

Inspect this area of each bolt.

Bolt must protrude at least one thread past end of nutplate 4 places.

### Figure 1 - Inspection Location

(b) Between 2 and 10 hours TIS after accomplishing the requirements of paragraph (a) of this AD, inspect the torque on each bolt by applying 100 in-lbs. If any bolt movement occurs, retorque the bolt to 100–110 in-lbs. Reapply a slippage mark to the bolt regardless of the outcome of the torque test. Reinspect the torque between 2 and 10 hours TIS thereafter until no bolt movement occurs.

**Note 2:** Aerometals Service Bulletin SB–001, dated August 3, 2000, pertains to the subject of this AD.

(c) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (LAACO), FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may concur or comment and then send it to the Manager, LAACO.

**Note 3:** Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the LAACO.

- (d) Special flight permits will not be issued.
- (e) This amendment becomes effective on February 25, 2003.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on January 11,

#### David A. Downey,

Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

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# DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

**Food and Drug Administration** 

21 CFR Part 1271

[Docket No. 97N-484R]

Human Cells, Tissues, and Cellular and Tissue-Based Products; Establishment Registration and Listing

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS

**ACTION:** Final rule; delay of effective date.

**SUMMARY:** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is further delaying, until January 21, 2004, the effective date for requiring establishments that engage in the recovery, screening, testing, processing, storage, or distribution of all human cells, tissues, and cellular and tissue-

based products (HCT/Ps) not currently regulated under section 361 of the Public Health Service Act (PHS Act) and part 1270 (21 CFR part 1270) to register with FDA and list their HCT/Ps. FDA is taking this action to help ensure that the effective date for this rule is closer to the effective date of the anticipated finalization of the remaining proposed rules involving HCT/Ps.

DATES: The effective date for 21 CFR 207.20(f), 807.20(d), and 1271.3(d)(2) that published in the Federal Register on January 19, 2001 (66 FR 5447) is delayed from January 21, 2003, to a new effective date of January 21, 2004.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paula S. McKeever, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research (HFM-17), Food and Drug Administration, 1401

Rockville Pike, suite 200N, Rockville, MD 20852-1448, 301-827-6210.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### I. Background

We, FDA, are putting in place a new comprehensive approach to the regulation of HCT/Ps. The goal of the new approach is to improve protection of the public health without imposing unnecessary restrictions on research, development, or the availability of new products. The new comprehensive approach to the regulation of different types of HCT/Ps is intended to be commensurate with the public health risks presented, enabling us to use our resources more effectively, increase consistency, and improve efficiency.

Since 1997, when we announced our comprehensive regulatory approach for HCT/Ps, we have published three proposed rules and finalized one of them:

- The registration proposed rule: "Establishment Registration and Listing for Manufacturers of Human Cellular and Tissue-Based Products (63 FR 26744, May 14, 1998);
- The registration final rule: "Human Cells, Tissues, and Cellular and Tissue-Based Products; Establishment Registration and Listing" (66 FR 5447, Ianuary 19, 2001):
- The donor-suitability proposed rule: "Suitability Determination for Donors of Human Cellular and Tissue-Based Products" (64 FR 52696, September 30, 1999); and
- The GTP (good tissue practices) proposed rule: "Current Good Tissue Practice for Manufacturers of Human Cellular and Tissue-Based Products; Inspection and Enforcement" (66 FR 1508, January 8, 2000).

When the donor-suitability and the GTP proposed rules are finalized, the implementation of the comprehensive regulatory approach for HCT/Ps will be complete.

In all three proposed rules, we used the term "human cellular and tissuebased products." In the registration final rule, we changed this term to "human cells, tissues, and cellular and tissuebased products" (HCT/Ps) in response to public comment. This change in terminology is a clarification and does not affect the scope of the definition in 21 CFR 1271.3(d), which continues to encompass an array of articles containing or consisting of human cells or tissues, and intended for implantation, transplantation, infusion, or transfer into human recipients, including investigational products. In the final rule, HCT/P is defined to include HCT/Ps at all stages of manufacture, from recovery through distribution.

Initially, we had intended to finalize and implement the registration proposed rule at the same time we finalized and implemented the two other HCT/P rules that would make up part 1271 (21 CFR part 1271) in its entirety. However, we issued the registration final rule, before finalizing the two remaining portions of part 1271 because of concerns raised about the safety of human tissue, which led us to believe that accelerating the collection of basic information about the rapidly growing tissue industry was vital. Because the registration final rule was published before the other two final rules, we decided to implement staggered effective dates so that certain HCT/Ps would fall within the scope of the new rule later when GTP requirements and enforcement provisions are finalized. This would ensure that certain products, such as heart valves and dura mater that are currently regulated as devices, would not be unintentionally and prematurely shifted into an incomplete regulatory scheme. Therefore, in the final registration rule, we required registration and listing first by those establishments that engage in the recovery, screening, testing, processing, storage, or distribution of human tissue intended for transplantation currently regulated under section 361 of the PHS Act (42 U.S.C. 264) and the regulations in part 1270. Establishments that manufactured HCT/Ps described in § 1271.3(d)(1) were required to register within 30 days after the effective date of the registration final rule, i.e., May 4, 2001. Establishments that manufacture all other HCT/Ps, as described in § 1271.3(d)(2), were required to register 2 years after publication of the registration final rule, by January 21, 2003.

The registration final rule also established §§ 207.20(f) and 807.20(d) (21 CFR 207.20(f) and 807.20(d)), which required establishments that manufacture HCT/Ps regulated as drugs, biological products, and devices to register and list their products following the procedures in part 1271 instead of the procedures in 21 CFR parts 207 and 807. The effective date of §§ 207.20(f) and 807.20(d) is also staggered until January 21, 2003, because §§ 207.20(f) and 807.20(d) is not applicable until § 1271.3(d)(2) becomes effective. We expected to have finalized the donor suitability and the GTP proposed rules by this date. However, we will not complete the rulemaking process for the proposed donor suitability and GTP rules by January 21, 2003.

#### II. Reason for Staggered Effective Dates

Staggering the effective dates of this regulation permitted us to begin collecting important registration and listing information from those establishments currently regulated under part 1270, while continuing to proceed through rulemaking to develop the remainder of part 1271. We believed that this action would prevent an unintentional gap in the regulation of certain currently regulated HCT/Ps, permit an orderly implementation process, and avoid duplicative information collection. If we instead implemented the registration final rule for all HCT/Ps at the same time, certain HCT/Ps, such as heart valves and dura mater that are currently regulated as devices, would no longer be regulated as devices but rather would shift into the regulatory scheme under part 1271. By implementing a staggered effective date for such products, we avoided a premature shift that essentially would have left these products unregulated until the donor suitability and GTP rulemaking process is completed. FDA also staggered the effective dates of the registration final rule to ensure the orderly implementation of the HCT/P regulations.

## III. Need for Further Delay of Effective

In the registration final rule, we stated that unanticipated delays in completing the rulemaking for the remainder of part 1271 could occur, and if so, we would consider whether to extend the staggered effective date for some or all of the affected HCT/Ps. Due to the numerous comments submitted to FDA regarding the proposed donor suitability and GTP rules, we will not be able to finalize these rules by January 21, 2003. We have concluded that implementing the registration final rule under the

staggered effective date for the remaining HCT/Ps would be contrary to the public interest in that certain products would become unregulated unless and until the GTP and donor suitability rules are finalized. For HCT/Ps subject to the staggered effective date, requiring registration without adequate enforcement provisions, such as those proposed in the GTP rule, would be premature and possibly ineffective. Establishments that manufacture HCT/Ps covered by the staggered effective date have been registering voluntarily, and FDA is willing to continue accepting such voluntary registrations.

FDA, for good cause based on the reasons stated previously, finds that notice and public procedure to delay the effective date are unnecessary and contrary to the public interest (5 U.S.C. 553(b)(3)(B)). Therefore, we are delaying the effective date of §§ 207.20(f), 807.20(d), and 1271.3(d)(2) for 1 year. The new effective date is January 21, 2004.

Dated: January 8, 2003.

#### Margaret M. Dotzel,

Assistant Commissioner for Policy.
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BILLING CODE 4160–01–8

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

#### Internal Revenue Service

## 26 CFR Part 301

[TD 9037]

RIN 1545-AY52

# Disclosure of Return Information to the Bureau of the Census

**AGENCY:** Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Treasury.

**ACTION:** Final regulations and removal of temporary regulations.

summary: This document contains regulations relating to the list of items of tax information disclosed to the Bureau of the Census. These regulations reflect an agreement between the IRS and the Bureau of the Census as to items of tax information needed to more effectively meet the Bureau of the Census' program objectives as authorized under chapter 5 of title 13, United States Code (U.S.C.), including the Longitudinal Employer-Household Dynamics (LEHD) project and the Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) project.

**DATES:** Effective Date: These regulations are effective January 21, 2003.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christine Irwin (202) 622–4570 (not

Christine Irwin, (202) 622–4570 (not a toll-free number).

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### **Background**

This document contains amendments to 26 CFR part 301 under section 6103(j) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code). On February 13, 2001, the Federal Register published temporary regulations (TD) 8943) regarding tax information disclosed to the Bureau of the Census for use in the LEHD and SIPP projects (66 FR 9957), and a notice of proposed rulemaking (REG-121109-00) crossreferencing the temporary regulations (66 FR 9991). A correction to the notice of proposed rulemaking by crossreference to the temporary regulations was published on March 23, 2001 (66) FR 16161). Three comments on these temporary regulations were received and considered, but no public hearing was requested or held. After consideration of the comments, the Treasury decision adopts the regulations as proposed with certain changes and removes the corresponding temporary

The changes include corrections to punctuation and clarification of certain terms used in the regulations, e.g., references to Form  $\check{S}S$ –4 as a "form" as opposed to a tax "return." Additional changes include adopting the generic term "location code" to refer to locations of IRS offices from which tax information is retrieved. Changes also include using the terms "area/district office" and "campus/service" center as examples of location codes. The tax information disclosed to the Bureau of the Census is retrieved from older files, as well as current files. The older information is retrieved from files which contain the terms "district offices" and "service centers" as the location codes, while the more recent information is retrieved from files that use the terms "area offices" and "campuses" (in addition to other location codes). Although the terms "district offices" and "service centers" are no longer used by the IRS, having been replaced by the terms "area offices" and "campuses" respectively, as a result of the IRS reorganization mandated by section 1001 of the IRS Restructuring and Reform Act of 1998, the regulations' reference to "location code" will encompass all of these terms to ensure that tax information may be retrieved from both older and more current files.

Also, the final regulations narrow the tax information to be disclosed to the Bureau of the Census under § 301.6103(j)(1)–1(b)(3)(xxviii)

pertaining to "Gross Distributions from Form 1099–R." Although the temporary regulations authorized the disclosure of all gross distributions from Form 1099-R under § 301.6103(j)(1)-1T(b)(3)(xxviii), the Bureau of the Census needs only tax information related to distributions from employersponsored and individual retirement plans, according to a letter sent to the IRS from the Secretary of Commerce dated October 4, 2002. Therefore, the final regulations authorize the disclosure only of distributions from employer-sponsored and individual retirement plans from the Forms 1099-R under  $\S 301.6103(j)(1)-1(b)(3)(xxviii)$ . The final regulations also clarify the

phrase "return information reflected on returns"-language that was incorporated into § 301.6103(j)(1)-1 when the regulations were first promulgated in 1980 (see 45 FR 65561). The phrase "return information reflected on returns" is used in the regulations to describe the type of return information that may be disclosed to agencies under sections 6103(j)(1)(A) and (B) of the Code. (The phrase "return information reflected on returns" encompasses the phrases used in the statute under section 6103(j)(1)(A) and (B) of the Code that refer to "return information reflected thereon" and "return information reflected on returns of corporations.") The legislative history of section 6103(j)(1)(A) of the Code, authorizing the disclosure of "returns" and "return information reflected thereon" to officers and employees of the Bureau of the Census, does not specifically define the phrase "return information reflected thereon." Nor does the legislative history of section 6103(j)(1)(B) of the Code, authorizing the disclosure of "return information reflected on returns of corporations" to officers and employees of the Bureau of Economic Analysis, define the phrase "return information reflected on returns of corporations." These final regulations clarify the concept of "return information reflected on returns." Although the legislative history does not explicitly define the concept of "return information reflected on returns," it does use the term "information from tax returns" and expresses Congress' intent that only "limited information" for statistical purposes should be provided to the Bureau of the Census and the Bureau of Economic Analysis. The legislative history does describe the type of information that the IRS provided to agencies when section 6103(j)(1) and (2) of the Code was enacted in the Tax Reform Act of 1976. This information included IRS transcript cards that