

also stand ready to be heroes. That knowledge was derived last week at a heartrending cost.

So Mr. President, the purpose of this concurrent resolution is not just to memorialize these three officers, but to honor in perpetuity the bravery, and acknowledge the sacrifice of the men and women who put their lives on the line daily to protect this symbol of democracy. I urge my colleagues to join me in support of this measure.●

#### AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

#### CONSUMER BANKRUPTCY REFORM ACT OF 1998

##### REED AMENDMENT NO. 3610

Mr. REED proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3559 proposed by Mr. GRASSLEY to the bill (S. 1301) to amend title 11, United States Code, to provide for consumer bankruptcy protection, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 5, line 10, insert "(i)" after "(A)".  
On page 5, line 15, strike "or" and insert "and".

On page 5, between lines 15 and 16, insert the following:

"(ii) when any party in interest moves for dismissal or conversion, whether the party in interest dealt in good faith with the debtor; or".

#### CHILD CUSTODY PROTECTION ACT

##### TORRICELLI AMENDMENT NO. 3611

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mr. TORRICELLI submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill (S. 1645) to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit taking minors across State lines to avoid laws requiring the involvement of parents in abortion decisions; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

##### SEC. . PROHIBITED INTERSTATE FIREARMS TRANSFERS.

Section 922(a)(3) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;

(2) by striking "or licensed collector to transport" and inserting the following: "or licensed collector—

"(A) to transport";

(e) by striking "this paragraph" and inserting "this subparagraph";

(4) by adding "and" after the semicolon at the end; and

(5) by adding at the end the following:

"(B) to—

"(i) travel across a State line for the purpose of inducing any other person to transfer a firearm in violation of any applicable Federal or State law; and

"(ii) thereby obtain a firearm in violation of any applicable Federal or State law;".

##### FEINSTEIN AMENDMENT NO. 3612

(Ordered to lie on the table.)

Mrs. FEINSTEIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

her to the bill, S. 1645, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place insert the following:

"Exceptions: The prohibition of subsection (a) does not apply—

"(A) to any individual who is an adult member of the family of the minor who obtained the abortion, as the term 'adult' is defined for purposes of the State law requiring parental involvement in a minor's abortion decision; or

"(B) if the abortion was necessary to save the life of".

#### CENTENNIAL OF FLIGHT COMMEMORATION ACT

##### HELMS (AND GLENN) AMENDMENT NO. 3613

Mr. GRASSLEY (for Mr. HELMS for himself and Mr. GLENN) proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 1397) to establish a commission to assist in commemoration of the centennial of powered flight and the achievements of the Wright brothers; as follows:

In the Committee Amendment on page 38 strike lines 17 through 19 and insert the following: "There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act \$250,000 for fiscal year 1999, \$600,000 for fiscal year 2000, \$750,000 for fiscal year 2001, \$900,000 for fiscal year 2002, \$900,000 for fiscal year 2003, and \$600,000 for fiscal year 2004."

#### NOTICES OF HEARINGS

##### COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. President, I would like to announce that the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs will meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 24, 1998, at 2 p.m. to conduct a hearing on H.R. 1805, the Auburn Indian Restoration Act. The hearing will be held in room 485 of the Russell Senate Office Building.

##### COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. CRAIG. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the public that S. 2503, a bill to establish a Presidential Commission to determine the validity of certain land claims arising out of the Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo of 1848, has been added to the agenda of the Subcommittee on Forests and Public Land Management field hearing scheduled in Espanola, New Mexico on September 26, 1998.

For further information, please call Mike Menge at (202) 224-6170.

#### AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

##### COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Armed Services be authorized to meet on Tuesday, September 22, 1998, at 10:00 a.m. in open session, to consider the nominations of Richard J. Danzig to be Secretary of the Navy; Bernard D. Rostker to be Under Secretary of the Army; Stephen W. Pres-

ton to be General Counsel of the Department of the Navy; Herbert L. Buchanan III to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development and Acquisition; and Jeh C. Johnson to be General Counsel of the Department of the Air Force.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection it is so ordered.

##### COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation be authorized to meet on Tuesday, September 22, 1998, at 10:00 am on nominations of Amtrak Reform Board nominees.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the full Committee on Environment and Public Works be granted permission to conduct a hearing on S. 2470, a bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior to make technical corrections to a map relating to the Coastal Barrier Resources System, Tuesday, September 22, 9:00 a.m., Hearing Room (SD-406).

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, the Committee on Veterans' Affairs would like to request unanimous consent to hold a hearing on quality of care in the Department of Veterans Affairs health care system.

The hearing will take place on Tuesday, September 22, 1998, at 10:00 a.m., in room 418 of the Russell Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

##### SUBCOMMITTEE ON ANTITRUST, BUSINESS RIGHTS, AND COMPETITION

Mr. HATCH. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Antitrust, Business Rights, and Competition, of the Senate Judiciary Committee, be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Tuesday, September 22, 1998, at 1 p.m. to hold a hearing in room 226, Senate Dirksen Office Building, on: "The BP/Amoco Merger: A Competitive Review."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

#### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

##### POW/MIA RECOGNITION DAY IN WYOMING

● Mr. THOMAS. Mr. President, I rise today with my good friend and colleague, Senator ENZI, to recognize the Proclamation of the Governor of Wyoming declaring September 18 as "POW/MIA Recognition Day" in Wyoming.

I have come to this floor several times in my Senate career to extol the

great sacrifices that our fighting men and women have made to protect this country and the ideals of freedom and democracy that we hold so dear. We owe these men and women a huge debt of gratitude. And I believe, Mr. President, that debt continues until we have brought home, or accounted for, all our missing service men.

Mr. President, I ask that the text of the proclamation be printed in the RECORD.

The proclamation follows.

#### GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION

Two thousand eighty-six Americans are still missing and unaccounted for from the Vietnam War, including 6 from the State of Wyoming, and their families, friends, and fellow veterans still endure uncertainty concerning their fate.

United States Government intelligence and other evidence confirm that Vietnam could unilaterally account for hundred of missing Americans, including many of the 446 still missing in Laos and the 75 still unaccounted for in Cambodia, by locating and returning identifiable remains and providing archival records to answer other discrepancies.

The President has normalized relations with Vietnam, believing such action would generate increased unilateral account for Americans still missing from the Vietnam War, and such increased results have not yet been provided by the Government of Vietnam.

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the State of Wyoming calls on the President to reinvigorate United States efforts to press Vietnam for unilateral actions to locate and return to our nation remains that would account for hundreds of America's POW/MIA's and records to help obtain answers on many more.

For these significant reasons, I, Jim Geringer, Governor of the State of Wyoming, do hereby proclaim September 18th, 1998, to be "POW/MIA RECOGNITION DAY" in Wyoming, and encourage all citizens to observe this day with appropriate ceremonies.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Wyoming to be affixed this 29th day of July, 1998.

JIM GERINGER,  
Governor.

Mr ENZI. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize the action of my State's Governor in proclaiming September 18, 1998, as Wyoming's POW/MIA Recognition Day. Over 2,000 Americans are still missing in Vietnam, Cambodia, and Laos, and over 8,000 on the Korean peninsula. Those heart rending facts make this a most fitting gesture indeed. These men gave everything they had to give in causes whose worthiness can be empirically verified: By comparing the prosperity of South Korea with the evil devastation to its North; By comparing the poverty and tyranny of Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia with what might have been as evidenced in Thailand, Malaysia, and Singapore. We must never forget the sacrifice of those who have no headstones in our national cemeteries. Hence the importance of efforts such as Governor Geringer's, which remind the Nation of our continuing and unfulfilled responsibility to account for the remains of these men for the sake of their families and our national conscience. I commend

Governor Geringer for his proclamation and I urge the President to intensify his efforts at retrieving the remains of America's missing-in-action. In comparison with their sacrifice, this gesture is humble indeed, but sincere and important nonetheless. Surely a grateful America can perform this small task.●

#### TRIBUTE TO GOODLOE AND JEAN SUTTON

● Mr. SHELBY. Mr. President I rise today to pay tribute to an Alabama couple who, in their persistent pursuit of justice, successfully raised awareness of illegal activities taking place in Marengo County in some of the highest levels of county government. Goodloe and Jean Sutton, who together head The Democrat-Reporter—Goodloe serves as editor and publisher and Jean as chief reporter—remind us of what the Fourth Estate is all about. Through their thorough and diligent coverage of questionable activities in the Marengo County Sheriff's office, former Sheriff Roger Davis was convicted on federal extortion charges; Sonny Breckenridge, who had been appointed by Sheriff Davis to lead the county's drug enforcement unit, was sentenced to life without parole for conspiring to protect drug dealers. Another deputy was also arrested. All are serving jail time for the deeds the Suttons helped to uncover.

Goodloe and Jean Sutton are to be commended. Not only have they helped to rid the Marengo County Sheriff's office of misdeeds and rampant corruption, but they have helped to restore the public faith in local government. They have also set an exemplary standard for others in the profession of journalism where truth should always be the highest and most important pursuit and consideration.

In addition to my statement, Mr. President, I believe it is fitting to include the following article about the Suttons, entitled "Paper Tigers," that appeared in the September 28, 1998 edition of People Magazine.

I ask that the article be printed in the RECORD.

The article follows.

[From People Magazine, Sept. 28, 1998]

PAPER TIGERS—NEWSHOUNDS GOODLOE AND JEAN SUTTON GET THE GOODS ON A LAWBREAKING SHERIFF

(By Peter Ames Carlin and Grace Lim)

From where they sat in the tiny newsroom of The Democrat-Reporter in rural Linden, Ala., Goodloe and Jean Sutton sensed there was something wrong about Roger Davis. Not only did the sheriff of Alabama's rural Marengo County (pop. 25,000) sell jewelry out of the trunk of his police car but he seemed to enjoy throwing his weight around. "Davis thought being sheriff made him all-powerful," says Jean. "He was impressed with himself."

But the Suttons were not, so when they learned that Davis had skimmed money from the county, they featured the story in their family-owned weekly newspaper. Ignoring threats and boycotts by the sheriff's cronies

for more than three years, the couple kept on writing until Davis and two of his deputies had earned jail terms and the modest, six-employee paper had earned Pulitzer Prize consideration and a wall full of journalism trophies. "To take on the sheriff, the most powerful political leader in a rural county, is beyond gutsy," says Alabama Attorney General Bill Pryor, who investigated the crooked sheriff.

Sheriff Davis, now 57, started dipping into the county till in 1991, a year after the retired Alabama state trooper was elected to his \$35,000-a-year post. First he used public money to buy his teenage daughter a \$3,000 all-terrain vehicle for Christmas, only later returning to the dealer to pay with his own money. Davis funneled county dollars into his account for several years, then extorted more than \$20,000 from bail bondsmen who had been operating illegally without the required financial reserves. He wasn't subtle about it. "If he could control you by fear, he'd do it," says Goodloe. "Or if he could do you a favor, he'd expect you to repay him. And he charmed people too."

Operating on a tip in early 1994, Jean Sutton first dug into the county financial records and discovered that \$9,000 in public funds delivered to Davis had never made it to the office account. The Suttons ran the story as front-page news, eliciting a denial from the sheriff. "He told people he was a good Christian," says Jean. "When they asked why he didn't sue us for libel, he'd say, 'I prayed over it, and it wasn't the right thing to do.'"

Although Davis (who declined People's request for an interview) dodged those first editorial bullets, battle lines were drawn. Many of his supporters canceled their subscriptions to The Democrat-Reporter, cutting its circulation 20 percent from 7,500 to 6,000, and some local businesses pulled their advertisements. "As far as I know, he did a good job sherifing while he was in office," says retired store owner Gaines Williamson, who once backed the sheriff. "Everybody knew him. We'd chitchat over a couple of coffee." Some Davis partisans felt so strongly they even phoned the Suttons, threatening to blow up the family van. "Remember," one letter assured them, "your day will come."

For Goodloe, 59, the chance to take down a crooked sheriff was worth the tension. The youngest of three kids born to publisher Robert Sutton, who bought The Democrat-Reporter in 1917, and his wife, Lorie, Goodloe first set type at the family newspaper when he was 12. He met aspiring writer Jean Rodgers, daughter of Will and Mary, while studying journalism at the University of Southern Mississippi, and the couple married after graduating in 1964.

Moving home to Linden, Sutton succeeded his father as editor and publisher of The Democrat-Reporter and installed Jean, now 57, as chief reporter. The couple—who have two sons, Goodloe Jr., 27, who works for the state Republican Party, and William, 14, a high school freshman—gained a reputation as uncompromising journalists. "Goodloe can sell a paper, that's for sure," says cement-company foreman Jerry Stewart. "There's a lot of controversy, which makes for interesting reading."

The Democrat-Reporter became even more interesting in May 1997, when two sheriff's deputies were arrested by federal and state agents for conspiring to protect drug dealers—one, Sonny Breckenridge, who was sentenced to life without parole, had been appointed by Davis to lead the county's drug enforcement unit. Meanwhile, with the Suttons' articles pointing the way, the state and federal authorities began closing in on the sheriff. By August of last year, Davis too