Mr. President, we often wonder what America and the world we live in will be like in the 21st Century. We wonder about our children and the values they are learning today in school, at home, on television, and from each other. We can only hope that as they navigate so many diverse and dynamic forces in their lives that there will also be a Leo Lakin or two to give them a sense of history, community, family, and hope for the future as he has most certainly given to all who know and love him in Gardner, Massachusetts.

# POLITICAL SCIENCE DEPARTMENT AT KEAN UNIVERSITY

• Mr. TORRICELLI. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize the Political Science Department at Kean University. Over the past twenty years, Kean's Political Science Department has produced an outstanding record of accomplishment and I am pleased to recognize this model program.

The faculty and administration of Kean's Political Science Department have consistently demonstrated their selfless commitment to furthering the intellectual growth of the University's students. Kean's balanced educational program presents students with a unique blend of experiential learning and classroom teaching. It is a model of excellence for all American universities.

Kean's Political Science Department has earned just recognition by offering challenging participatory programs like the American Israel Public Affairs Conference, the Center for the Study of the Presidency's Student Symposium, the Harvard Model United Nations Program, the Howard University Simulation of the Organization of African Unity, the Schering-Plough/Kean College Political Science Education Partnership, the Washington Program, and the annual Department Washington DC Student Workshop.

In an era of decreasing funding, program costs are met through contributions from outside sources, student groups and alumni. The University itself provides enormous scholarship support. As a result of the Political Science Department's dedicated efforts, little cost need be borne by its student participants.

I am pleased to join the New Jersey State Legislature in honoring the Kean University Political Science Department as a model of educational virtuosity. It is my sincere hope that the Department continues its tradition of excellence with the vigor and success that has characterized it for the past twenty years.

# ILLINOIS STUDENT TECHNOLOGY DAY

• Mr. DURGIN. Mr. President, I rise today to recognize April 29, 1998, as "Illinois Student Technology Day". On that day, some 140 Illinois schools will hold school technology demonstrations at the seventh annual TECH 2000/AT&T Students for the Information Age program at the Illinois State Capitol Building in Springfield.

During this all-day event in the middle of National Science & Technology Week, over 300 Illinois students will demonstrate the important impact technology, and access to it, has had in their classrooms. The demonstration is sponsored by AT&T, state and local officials, and TECH 2000, a group of educators working to increase support for classroom technology and the role it plays in a student's educational experience.

The advancements that have been made in technology, and the role it has played in the gathering of critical information for students, has improved the learning experience for thousands of our nation's students. Increased efforts need to made to ensure that more students, especially those in rural and impoverished communities, have access to these technological advancements. I hope that we can look at what will take place in Springfield, Illinois on April 29, 1998, as the beginning of a national commitment towards giving our students the best possible opportunity to learn and succeed both in the classroom and in their careers that follow •

# THE 83D ANNIVERSARY OF THE ARMENIAN GENOCIDE

• Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, I rise today to commemorate the 83rd Anniversary of the Armenian Genocide. Each year we remember and honor the victims, and pay respect to the survivors we are blessed to have with us today.

April 24, 1915 serves as a marking point for the government-orchestrated carnage that took place under the Turkish Ottoman Empire. On this date, over 5,000 Armenians were systematically hunted down and killed in Constantinople. This number includes some 600 Armenian political and intellectual leaders who were taken to the interior of Turkey and systematically murdered. During the eight year period from 1915 to 1923, approximately 1.5 million Armenians were killed and hundreds of thousands were driven from their homes. Many of these deaths were among the elderly and very young as they were forced on death marches with little food and no medical treatment.

History records that the world stood by as the Armenians suffered, although there was ample evidence of what was taking place. Our Ambassador to the Ottoman Empire, Henry Morgenthau, stated that, "When the Turkish authorities gave the orders for these deportations, they were merely giving the death warrant to a whole race; they understood this well, and, in their conversations with me, they made no particular attempt to conceal the fact \* \* \* I am confident that the whole history of the human race contains no such horrible episode as this."

Not only did the world stand by while atrocities took place, but unfortunately it refused to learn the awful lessons that were taught during this period. When Adolf Hitler was planning the Jewish Holocaust he said, "Who today remembers the extermination of the Armenians?" However, most of the world has come to acknowledge the Armenian Genocide. In 1929, Winston Churchill wrote the following: "In 1915, the Turkish Government began and carried out the infamous general massacre and deportation of Armenians in Asia Minor \* \* \* the clearance of the race from Asia Minor was about as complete as such an act, on a scale so great, could be. There is no reasonable doubt that this crime was planned and executed for political reasons."

Each year we vow that the incalculable horrors suffered by the Armenian people will not be in vain. That is surely the highest tribute we can pay to the Armenian victims and a way in which the horror and brutality of their deaths can be given redeeming meaning. I ask my colleagues to join me in remembering the Armenian Genocide.

# REMOVAL OF INJUNCTION OF SE-CRECY—TREATY DOCUMENT NO. 105–41

Mr. COVERDELL. Madam President, as in executive session, I ask unanimous consent that the injunction of secrecy be removed from the following treaty transmitted to the Senate on April 20, 1998, by the President of the United States:

Treaty with Lithuania on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters, Treaty Document No. 105–41.

I further ask that the treaty be considered as having been read the first time; that it be referred, with accompanying papers, to the Committee on Foreign Relations and ordered to be printed; and that the President's message be printed in the RECORD.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The message of the President is as follows:

To the Senate of the United States:

With a view to receiving the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, I transmit herewith the Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Republic of Lithuania on Mutual Legal Assistance in Criminal Matters, signed at Washington on January 16, 1998. I transmit also, for the information of the Senate, the report of the Department of State with respect to the Treaty.

The Treaty is one of a series of modern mutual legal assistance treaties being negotiated by the United States in order to counter criminal activity more effectively. The Treaty should be an effective tool to assist in the prosecution of a wide variety of crimes, including "white-collar" crime and drugtrafficking offenses. The Treaty is selfexecuting.

The Treaty provides for a broad range of cooperation in criminal matters. Mutual assistance available under the Treaty includes: taking the testimony or statements of persons; providing documents, records, and articles of evidence; locating or identifying persons or items; serving documents; transferring persons in custody for testimony or other purposes; executing requests for searches and seizures; assisting in proceedings related to immobilization and forfeiture of assets, restitution, and collection of fines; and rendering any other form of assistance not prohibited by the laws of the Requested State.

I recommend that the Senate give early and favorable consideration to the Treaty and give its advice and consent to ratification.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON. THE WHITE HOUSE, *April 20, 1998*.

# ORDERS FOR TUESDAY, APRIL 21, 1998

Mr. COVERDELL. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today it stand in adjournment until 9:30 a.m. on Tuesday, April 21, and immediately following the prayer the routine requests through the morning hour be granted. The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without

objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. COVERDELL. Madam President, I further ask unanimous consent that the Senate recess from 12:30 until 2:15 on Tuesday for the weekly policy conferences to meet.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## PROGRAM

Mr. COVERDELL. Madam President, for the information of all Senators, at 9:40 a.m. on Tuesday, the Senate will resume consideration of S. 414, the ocean shipping reform bill. At the hour of 10 a.m. the Senate will proceed to two consecutive rollcall votes. The first vote will be on or in relation to the Gorton amendment No. 2287 pending to the shipping bill. The second vote will be on or in relation to the Kennedy amendment No. 2289 offered to the Coverdell education bill.

Also, under a previous consent agreement, following the policy luncheons, at 2:15 the Senate will proceed to two stacked rollcall votes. The first vote will be on or in relation to the Glenn amendment No. 2017, followed by a vote on or in relation to the Mack-D'Amato amendment No. 2288. Following the stacked rollcall votes, it is hoped that Senators will come to the floor to offer their amendments to the Coverdell education bill. Therefore, additional rollcall votes will occur throughout Tuesday's session of the Senate in the hope of making progress on the bill.

# ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 9:30 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. COVERDELL. Madam President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I now ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand in adjournment under the previous order.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 5:36 p.m., adjourned until Tuesday, April 21, 1998, at 9:30 a.m.

# NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate April 20, 1998:

# IN THE AIR FORCE

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AIR FORCE TO THE GRADE INDI-CATED WHILE ASSIGNED TO A POSITION OF IMPORTANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 601: To be lieutenant general

## MAJ. GEN. ROBERT F. RAGGIO, 0000

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AIR FORCE TO THE GRADE INDI-CATED WHILE ASSIGNED TO A POSITION OF IMPORTANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 601:

## To be lieutenant general

MAJ. GEN. DONALD L. PETERSON, 0000

#### IN THE ARMY

THE FOLLOWING ARMY NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE RE-SERVE OF THE ARMY TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 12203:

#### To be major general

BRIG. GEN. ROGER C. SCHULTZ, 0000

## IN THE NAVY

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY TO THE GRADE INDICATED WHILE ASSIGNED TO A POSITION OF IMPORTANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 601:

## To be admiral

## VICE ADM. CHARLES S. ABBOT, 0000

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES NAVY TO THE GRADE INDICATED WHILE ASSIGNED TO A POSITION OF IMPORTANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 601:

## To be Vice Admiral

REAR ADM. JOHN R. RYAN, 0000

#### IN THE MARINE CORPS

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS TO THE GRADE INDICATED WHILE ASSIGNED TO A POSITION OF IMPOR-TANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 601:

#### To be lieutenant general

MAJ. GEN. FREDERICK MCCORKLE, 0000

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS TO THE GRADE INDICATED WHILE ASSIGNED TO A POSITION OF IMPOR-TANCE AND RESPONSIBILITY UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 601:

## To be lieutenant general

#### MAJ. GEN. JACK W. KLIMP, 0000

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT AS ASSISTANT COMMANDANT OF THE MARINE CORPS AND FOR APPOINTMENT TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 5044:

#### To be general

LT. GEN. TERRENCE R. DAKE, 0000