

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED

DEWINE (AND LEAHY)
AMENDMENT NO. 3274

DEPARTMENTS OF COMMERCE, JUSTICE, AND STATE, THE JUDICIARY, AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1999

NICKLES (AND OTHERS)
AMENDMENT NO. 3272

Mr. NICKLES (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. SESSIONS) proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 2260) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1999, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. COMPENSATION OF ATTORNEYS.

(a) CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES ACT.—Section 408(q)(10) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 848(q)(10)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (C) and (D), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following:

“(B)(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the amount of compensation paid to each attorney appointed under this subsection shall not exceed, for work performed by that attorney during any calendar month, an amount determined to be the amount of compensation (excluding health and other employee benefits) that the United States Attorney for the district in which the action is to be prosecuted receives for the calendar month that is the subject to a request for compensation made in accordance with this paragraph.

“(ii) The court shall grant an attorney compensation for work performed during any calendar month at a rate authorized under subparagraph (A), except that such compensation may not be granted for any calendar month in an amount that exceeds the maximum amount specified in clause (i).”

(b) ADEQUATE REPRESENTATION OF DEFENDANTS.—Section 3006A(d)(3) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking “Payment” and inserting the following:

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), payment”; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) MAXIMUM PAYMENTS.—The payments approved under this paragraph for work performed by an attorney during any calendar month may not exceed a maximum amount determined under section 408(q)(10)(B) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 848(q)(10)(B)).”

BINGAMAN (AND DOMENICI)
AMENDMENT NO. 3273

Mr. BINGAMAN (for himself and Mr. DOMENICI) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert:

Notwithstanding any rights already conferred under the Trademark Act, Section 2 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide for the registration and protection of trademarks used in commerce, to carry out the provisions of certain international conventions, and for other purposes,” approved July 5, 1946, commonly referred to as the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C. 1052(b)), is amended in subsection (b) by inserting “or of any federally recognized Indian tribe,” after “State or municipality.”

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. DEWINE for himself and Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “Local Government Law Enforcement Block Grant Act of 1998”.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:

(1) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance of the Department of Justice.

(2) JUVENILE.—The term “juvenile” means an individual who is 17 years of age or younger.

(3) LAW ENFORCEMENT EXPENDITURES.—The term “law enforcement expenditures” means the current operation expenditures associated with police, prosecutorial, legal, and judicial services, and corrections as reported to the Bureau of the Census.

(4) PART 1 VIOLENT CRIMES.—The term “part 1 violent crimes” means murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault as reported to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of the Uniform Crime Reports.

(5) PAYMENT PERIOD.—The term “payment period” means each 1-year period beginning on October 1 of any year in which a grant under this Act is awarded.

(6) STATE.—The term “State” means any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands, except that American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall be considered as 1 State and that, for purposes of section 5(a), 33 percent of the amounts allocated shall be allocated to American Samoa, 50 percent to Guam, and 17 percent to the Northern Mariana Islands.

(7) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term “unit of local government” means—

(A) a county, township, city, or political subdivision of a county, township, or city, that is a general purpose unit of local government, as determined by the Secretary of Commerce for general statistical purposes, including a parish sheriff in the State of Louisiana;

(B) the District of Columbia and the recognized governing body of an Indian tribe or Alaska Native village that carries out substantial governmental duties and powers; and

(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, in addition to being considered a State, for the purposes set forth in section 2(a)(2).

SEC. 2. PAYMENTS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.

(a) PAYMENT AND USE.—

(1) PAYMENT.—The Director shall pay to each unit of local government that qualifies for a payment under this Act an amount equal to the sum of any amounts allocated to such unit under this Act for each payment period. The Director shall pay such amount from amounts appropriated to carry out this Act.

(2) USE.—Amounts paid to a unit of local government under this section shall be used by the unit for reducing crime and improving public safety, including but not limited to, 1 or more of the following purposes:

(A) (i) Hiring, training, and employing on a continuing basis new, additional law enforcement officers and necessary support personnel.

(ii) Paying overtime to presently employed law enforcement officers and necessary support personnel for the purpose of increasing

the number of hours worked by such personnel.

(iii) Procuring equipment, technology, and other material directly related to basic law enforcement functions.

(B) Enhancing security measures—

(i) in and around schools; and

(ii) in and around any other facility or location that is considered by the unit of local government to have a special risk for incidents of crime.

(C) Establishing crime prevention programs that may, though not exclusively, involve law enforcement officials and that are intended to discourage, disrupt, or interfere with the commission of criminal activity, including neighborhood watch and citizen patrol programs, sexual assault and domestic violence programs, and programs intended to prevent juvenile crime.

(D) Establishing or supporting drug courts.

(E) Establishing early intervention and prevention programs for juveniles to reduce or eliminate crime.

(F) Enhancing the adjudication process of cases involving violent offenders, including the adjudication process of cases involving violent juvenile offenders.

(G) Enhancing programs under subpart 1 of part E of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968.

(H) Establishing cooperative task forces between adjoining units of local government to work cooperatively to prevent and combat criminal activity, particularly criminal activity that is exacerbated by drug or gang-related involvement.

(I) Establishing a multijurisdictional task force, particularly in rural areas, composed of law enforcement officials representing units of local government, that works with Federal law enforcement officials to prevent and control crime.

(J) Establishing or supporting programs designed to collect, record, retain, and disseminate information useful in the identification, prosecution, and sentencing of offenders, such as criminal history information, fingerprints, DNA tests, and ballistics tests.

(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—

(A) the term “violent offender” means a person charged with committing a part 1 violent crime; and

(B) the term “drug courts” means a program that involves—

(i) continuing judicial supervision over offenders with substance abuse problems who are not violent offenders; and

(ii) the integrated administration of other sanctions and services, which shall include—

(I) mandatory periodic testing for the use of controlled substances or other addictive substances during any period of supervised release or probation for each participant;

(II) substance abuse treatment for each participant;

(III) probation, or other supervised release involving the possibility of prosecution, confinement, or incarceration based on non-compliance with program requirements or failure to show satisfactory progress; and

(IV) programmatic, offender management, and aftercare services such as relapse prevention, vocational job training, job placement, and housing placement.

(b) PROHIBITED USES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a unit of local government may not expend any of the funds provided under this Act to purchase, lease, rent, or otherwise acquire—

(1) tanks or armored personnel carriers;

(2) fixed wing aircraft;

(3) limousines;

(4) real estate;

(5) yachts;

(6) consultants; or

(7) vehicles not primarily used for law enforcement;

unless the Attorney General certifies that extraordinary and exigent circumstances exist that make the use of funds for such purposes essential to the maintenance of public safety and good order in such unit of local government. With regard to paragraph (2), such circumstances shall be deemed to exist with respect to a unit of local government in a rural State, as defined in section 1501 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796bb), upon certification by the chief law enforcement officer of the unit of local government that the unit of local government is experiencing an increase in production or cultivation of a controlled substance or listed chemical (as defined in section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act), and that the fixed wing aircraft will be used in the detection, disruption, or abatement of such production or cultivation.

(c) **TIMING OF PAYMENTS.**—The Director shall pay each unit of local government that has submitted an application under this Act not later than the later of—

(1) 90 days after the date that the amount is available; or

(2) the first day of the payment period if the unit of local government has provided the Director with the assurances required by section 4(c).

(d) **ADJUSTMENTS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to paragraph (2), the Director shall adjust a payment under this Act to a unit of local government to the extent that a prior payment to the unit of local government was more or less than the amount required to be paid.

(2) **CONSIDERATIONS.**—The Director may increase or decrease under this subsection a payment to a unit of local government only if the Director determines the need for the increase or decrease, or if the unit requests the increase or decrease, not later than 1 year after the end of the payment period for which a payment was made.

(e) **RESERVATION FOR ADJUSTMENT.**—The Director may reserve a percentage of not more than 2 percent of the amount under this section for a payment period for all units of local government in a State if the Director considers the reserve is necessary to ensure the availability of sufficient amounts to pay adjustments after the final allocation of amounts among the units of local government in the State.

(f) **REPAYMENT OF UNEXPENDED AMOUNTS.**—

(1) **REPAYMENT REQUIRED.**—A unit of local government shall repay to the Director, by not later than 27 months after receipt of funds from the Director, any amount that is—

(A) paid to the unit from amounts appropriated under the authority of this section; and

(B) not expended by the unit within 2 years after receipt of such funds from the Director.

(2) **PENALTY FOR FAILURE TO REPAY.**—If the amount required to be repaid is not repaid, the Director shall reduce payment in future payment periods accordingly.

(3) **DEPOSIT OF AMOUNTS REPAID.**—Amounts received by the Director as repayments under this subsection shall be deposited in a designated fund for future payments to units of local government. Any amounts remaining in such designated fund after 5 years following the date of enactment of this Act shall be applied to the Federal deficit or, if there is no Federal deficit, to reducing the Federal debt.

(g) **NONSUPPLANTING REQUIREMENT.**—Funds made available under this Act to units of local government shall not be used to supplant State or local funds, but shall be used to increase the amount of funds that would,

in the absence of funds made available under this Act, be made available from State or local sources.

(h) **MATCHING FUNDS.**—The Federal share of a grant received under this Act may not exceed 90 percent of the costs of a program or proposal funded under this Act. No funds provided under this Act may be used as matching funds for any other Federal grant program.

SEC. 3. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

(a) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act \$750,000,000 for each of fiscal years 1998 through 2003.

(b) **OVERSIGHT ACCOUNTABILITY AND ADMINISTRATION.**—Not more than 3 percent of the amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a) for each of the fiscal years 1998 through 2003 shall be available to the Attorney General for studying the overall effectiveness and efficiency of the provisions of this Act, and assuring compliance with the provisions of this Act and for administrative costs to carry out the purposes of this Act. From the amount described in the preceding sentence, the Bureau of Justice Assistance shall receive such sums as may be necessary for the actual costs of administration and monitoring. The Attorney General shall establish and execute an oversight plan for monitoring the activities of grant recipients. Such sums are to remain available until expended.

(c) **FUNDING SOURCE.**—Appropriations for activities authorized in this Act may be made from the Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund.

(d) **TECHNOLOGY ASSISTANCE.**—Of the amount appropriated under subsection (a) for each of fiscal years 1998 through 2003, the Attorney General shall reserve—

(1) 3 percent for use by the Bureau of Justice Statistics for information and identification technology, including the Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification System (IAFIS), DNA, and ballistics systems; and

(2) 3 percent for use by the National Institute of Justice in assisting units of local government to identify, select, develop, modernize, and purchase new technologies for use by law enforcement.

(e) **AVAILABILITY.**—The amounts appropriated under subsection (a) shall remain available until expended.

SEC. 4. QUALIFICATION FOR PAYMENT.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Director shall issue regulations establishing procedures under which a unit of local government is required to provide notice to the Director regarding the proposed use of funds made available under this Act.

(b) **PROGRAM REVIEW.**—The Director shall establish a process for the ongoing evaluation of projects developed with funds made available under this Act.

(c) **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR QUALIFICATION.**—A unit of local government qualifies for a payment under this Act for a payment period only if the unit of local government submits an application to the Director and establishes, to the satisfaction of the Director, that—

(1) the unit of local government has established a local advisory board that—

(A) includes, but is not limited to, a representative from—

(i) the local police department or local sheriff's department;

(ii) the local prosecutor's office;

(iii) the local court system;

(iv) the local public school system; and

(v) a local nonprofit, educational, religious, or community group active in crime prevention or drug use prevention or treatment;

(B) has reviewed the application; and

(C) is designated to make nonbinding recommendations to the unit of local government for the use of funds received under this Act;

(2) the chief executive officer of the State has had not less than 20 days to review and comment on the application prior to submission to the Director;

(3)(A) the unit of local government will establish a trust fund in which the government will deposit all payments received under this Act; and

(B) the unit of local government will use amounts in the trust fund (including interest) during a period not to exceed 2 years from the date the first grant payment is made to the unit of local government;

(4) the unit of local government will expend the payments received in accordance with the laws and procedures that are applicable to the expenditure of revenues of the unit of local government;

(5) the unit of local government will use accounting, audit, and fiscal procedures that conform to guidelines, which shall be prescribed by the Director after consultation with the Comptroller General of the United States and as applicable, amounts received under this Act shall be audited in compliance with the Single Audit Act of 1984;

(6) after reasonable notice from the Director or the Comptroller General of the United States to the unit of local government, the unit of local government will make available to the Director and the Comptroller General of the United States, with the right to inspect, records that the Director reasonably requires to review compliance with this Act or that the Comptroller General of the United States reasonably requires to review compliance and operation;

(7) a designated official of the unit of local government shall make reports the Director reasonably requires, in addition to the annual reports required under this Act;

(8) the unit of local government will spend the funds made available under this Act only for the purposes set forth in section 2(a)(2);

(9) the unit of local government will achieve a net gain in the number of law enforcement officers who perform nonadministrative public safety service if such unit uses funds received under this Act to increase the number of law enforcement officers as described under section 2(a)(2)(A);

(10) the unit of local government—

(A) has an adequate process to assess the impact of any enhancement of a school security measure that is undertaken under section 2(a)(2)(B), or any crime prevention programs that are established under subparagraphs (C) and (E) of section 2(a)(2), on the incidence of crime in the geographic area where the enhancement is undertaken or the program is established;

(B) will conduct such an assessment with respect to each such enhancement or program; and

(C) will submit an annual written assessment report to the Director; and

(11) the unit of local government has established procedures to give members of the Armed Forces who, on or after October 1, 1990, were or are selected for involuntary separation (as described in section 1141 of title 10, United States Code), approved for separation under section 1174a or 1175 of such title, or retired pursuant to the authority provided under section 4403 of the Defense Conversion, Reinvestment, and Transition Assistance Act of 1992 (division D of Public Law 102-484; 10 U.S.C. 1293 note), a suitable preference in the employment of persons as additional law enforcement officers or support personnel using funds made available under this Act. The nature and extent of such employment preference shall be jointly

established by the Attorney General and the Secretary of Defense. To the extent practicable, the Director shall endeavor to inform members who were separated between October 1, 1990, and the date of enactment of this Act of their eligibility for the employment preference.

(d) **SANCTIONS FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—If the Director determines that a unit of local government has not complied substantially with the requirements or regulations prescribed under subsections (a) and (c), the Director shall notify the unit of local government that if the unit of local government does not take corrective action within 60 days of such notice, the Director will withhold additional payments to the unit of local government for the current and future payment periods until the Director is satisfied that the unit of local government—

(A) has taken the appropriate corrective action; and

(B) will comply with the requirements and regulations prescribed under subsections (a) and (c).

(2) **NOTICE.**—Before giving notice under paragraph (1), the Director shall give the chief executive officer of the unit of local government reasonable notice and an opportunity for comment.

(e) **MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT REQUIREMENT.**—A unit of local government qualifies for a payment under this Act for a payment period only if the unit's expenditures on law enforcement services (as reported by the Bureau of the Census) for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the payment period occurs were not less than 90 percent of the unit's expenditures on such services for the second fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the payment period occurs.

SEC. 5. ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.

(a) **STATE SET-ASIDE.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Of the total amounts appropriated for this Act for each payment period, the Director shall allocate for units of local government in each State an amount that bears the same ratio to such total as the average annual number of part 1 violent crimes reported by such State to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the 3 most recent calendar years for which such data is available, bears to the number of part 1 violent crimes reported by all States to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for such years.

(2) **MINIMUM REQUIREMENT.**—Each State shall receive not less than 0.5 percent of the total amounts appropriated under section 3 under this subsection for each payment period.

(3) **PROPORTIONAL REDUCTION.**—If amounts available to carry out paragraph (2) for any payment period are insufficient to pay in full the total payment that any State is otherwise eligible to receive under paragraph (1) for such period, then the Director shall reduce payments under paragraph (1) for such payment period to the extent of such insufficiency. Reductions under the preceding sentence shall be allocated among the States (other than States whose payment is determined under paragraph (2)) in the same proportions as amounts would be allocated under paragraph (1) without regard to paragraph (2).

(b) **LOCAL DISTRIBUTION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—From the amount reserved for each State under subsection (a), the Director shall allocate among units of local government an amount that bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such funds as

(A) the product of—

(i) two-thirds; multiplied by

(ii) the ratio of the average annual number of part 1 violent crimes in such unit of local government for the 3 most recent calendar

years for which such data is available, to the sum of such violent crime in all units of local government in the State; and

(B) the product of—

(i) one-third; multiplied by

(ii) the ratio of the law enforcement expenditure, for such unit of local government for the most recent year for which such data are available, to such expenditures for all units of local government in the State.

(2) **EXPENDITURES.**—The allocation any unit of local government shall receive under paragraph (1) for a payment period shall not exceed 100 percent of law enforcement expenditures of the unit for such payment period.

(3) **REALLOCATION.**—The amount of any unit of local government's allocation that is not available to such unit by operation of paragraph (2) shall be available to other units of local government that are not affected by such operation in accordance with this subsection.

(4) **LOCAL GOVERNMENTS WITH ALLOCATIONS OF LESS THAN \$10,000.**—If under paragraph (1) a unit of local government is allotted less than \$10,000 for the payment period, the amount allotted shall be transferred to the chief executive officer of the State who shall distribute such funds among State police departments that provide law enforcement services to units of local government and units of local government whose allotment is less than such amount in a manner that reduces crime and improves public safety.

(5) **SPECIAL RULE.**—If a unit of local government in the State has been annexed since the date of the collection of the data used by the Director in making allocations pursuant to this section, the Director shall pay the amount that would have been allocated to such unit of local government to the unit of local government that annexed it.

(c) **GRANTS TO INDIAN TRIBES.**—Notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), of the amount appropriated under section 3(a) in each of fiscal years 1998 through 2003, the Attorney General shall reserve 0.3 percent for grants to Indian tribal governments performing law enforcement functions, to be used for the purposes described in section 2. To be eligible to receive a grant with amounts set aside under this subsection, an Indian tribal government shall submit to the Attorney General an application in such form and containing such information as the Attorney General may by regulation require.

(d) **UNAVAILABILITY AND INACCURACY OF INFORMATION.**—

(1) **DATA FOR STATES.**—For purposes of this section, if data regarding part 1 violent crimes in any State for the 3 most recent calendar years is unavailable, insufficient, or substantially inaccurate, the Director shall utilize the best available comparable data regarding the number of violent crimes for such years for such State for the purposes of allocation of any funds under this Act.

(2) **POSSIBLE INACCURACY OF DATA FOR UNITS OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.**—In addition to the provisions of paragraph (1), if the Director believes that the reported rate of part 1 violent crimes or legal expenditure information for a unit of local government is insufficient or inaccurate, the Director shall—

(A) investigate the methodology used by such unit to determine the accuracy of the submitted data; and

(B) when necessary, use the best available comparable data regarding the number of violent crimes or legal expenditure information for such years for such unit of local government.

SEC. 6. UTILIZATION OF PRIVATE SECTOR.

Funds or a portion of funds allocated under this Act may be utilized to contract with private, nonprofit entities or community-

based organizations to carry out the purposes specified under section 2(a)(2).

SEC. 7. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—A unit of local government expending payments under this Act shall hold not less than 1 public hearing on the proposed use of the payment from the Director in relation to its entire budget.

(b) **VIEWS.**—At the hearing, persons shall be given an opportunity to provide written and oral views to the unit of local government authority responsible for enacting the budget.

(c) **TIME AND PLACE.**—The unit of local government shall hold the hearing at a time and place that allows and encourages public attendance and participation.

SEC. 8. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

The administrative provisions of part H of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3782 et seq.), shall apply to this Act and for purposes of this section any reference in such provisions to title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3711 et seq.) shall be deemed to be a reference to this Act.

KERRY (AND HAGEL) AMENDMENT NO. 3275

Mr. KERREY (for himself and Mr. HAGEL) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 135, after line 11, insert the following:

SEC. 423. TEMPORARY PROHIBITION ON IMPLEMENTATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM TREATMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR COPPER ACTION LEVEL.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—None of the funds made available by this or any other Act for any fiscal year may be used by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to implement or enforce the national primary drinking water regulations for lead and copper in drinking water promulgated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.), to the extent that the regulations pertain to the public water system treatment requirements related to the copper action level, until—

(1) the Administrator and the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention jointly conduct a study to establish a reliable dose-response relationship for the adverse human health effects that may result from exposure to copper in drinking water, that—

(A) includes an analysis of the health effects that may be experienced by groups within the general population (including infants) that are potentially at greater risk of adverse health effects as the result of the exposure;

(B) is conducted in consultation with interested States;

(C) is based on the best available science and supporting studies that are subject to peer review and conducted in accordance with sound and objective scientific practices; and

(D) is completed not later than 30 months after the date of enactment of this Act; and

(2) based on the results of the study and, once peer reviewed and published, the 2 studies of copper in drinking water conducted by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in the State of Nebraska and the State of Delaware, the Administrator establishes an action level for the presence of copper in drinking water that protects the public health against reasonably expected adverse effects due to exposure to copper in drinking water.

(b) **CURRENT REQUIREMENTS.**—Nothing in this section precludes a State from implementing or enforcing the national primary

drinking water regulations for lead and copper in drinking water promulgated under the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.) that are in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, to the extent that the regulations pertain to the public water system treatment requirements related to the copper action level.

KERRY (AND OTHERS)
AMENDMENT NO. 3276

Mr. KERRY (for himself, Mr. MCCAIN, Mr. KERREY, and Mr. HAGEL) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

Beginning on page 96, strike line 23 and all that follows through line 12 on page 100 and insert the following:

SEC. 405. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be obligated or expended to pay for any cost incurred for—

(1) opening or operating any United States diplomatic or consular post in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam that was not operating on July 11, 1995,

(2) expanding any United States diplomatic or consular post in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam that was operating on July 11, 1995, or

(3) increasing the total number of personnel assigned to United States diplomatic or consular posts in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam above the levels existing on July 11, 1995,

unless the President certifies within 60 days the following:

(A) Based upon all information available to the United States Government, the Government of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam is fully cooperating in good faith with the United States in the following:

(i) Resolving discrepancy cases, live sightings, and field activities.

(ii) Recovering and repatriating American remains.

(iii) Accelerating efforts to provide documents that will help lead to fullest possible accounting of prisoners of war and missing in action.

(iv) Providing further assistance in implementing trilateral investigations with Laos.

(B) The remains, artifacts, eyewitness accounts, archival material, and other evidence associated with prisoners of war and missing in action recovered from crash sites, military actions, and other locations in Southeast Asia are being thoroughly analyzed by the appropriate laboratories with the intent of providing surviving relatives with scientifically defensible, legal determinations of death or other accountability that are fully documented and available in unclassified and unredacted form to immediate family members.

GREGG (AND HOLLINGS)
AMENDMENTS NOS. 3277-3279

Mr. GREGG (for himself and Mr. HOLLINGS) proposed three amendments to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 3277

TITLE V—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

On page 105, at the end of line 22, insert the following: "Provided further, That any two stations of that are primary affiliates of the same broadcast network within any given designated market area authorized to deliver a digital signal November 1, 1998 must be guaranteed access on the same terms and conditions by any multichannel video provider (including off-air, cable and satellite distribution)."

AMENDMENT NO. 3278

At the end of title IV, insert the following new sections:

SEC. . None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available for this Act or any other Act for fiscal year 1999 or any fiscal year thereafter may be expended for the operation of a United States consulate or diplomatic facility in Jerusalem unless such consulate or diplomatic facility is under the supervision of the United States Ambassador to Israel.

SEC. . None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act or any other Act for fiscal year 1999 or any fiscal year thereafter may be expended for the publication of any official government document which lists countries and their capital cities unless the publication identifies Jerusalem as the capital of Israel.

SEC. . For the purposes of the registration of birth, certification of nationality, or issuance of a passport of a United States citizen born in the city of Jerusalem, the Secretary of State shall, upon request of the citizen, record the place of birth as Israel.

AMENDMENT NO. 3279

At the end of the bill insert the following new title:

TITLE—

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "National Whale Conservation Fund Act of 1998".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds that—

(1) the populations of whales that occur in waters of the United States are resources of substantial ecological, scientific, socioeconomic, and esthetic value;

(2) whale populations—

(A) form a significant component of marine ecosystems;

(B) are the subject of intense research;

(C) provide for a multimillion dollar whale watching tourist industry that provides the public an opportunity to enjoy and learn about great whales and the ecosystems of which the whales are a part; and

(D) are of importance to Native Americans for cultural and subsistence purposes;

(3) whale populations are in various stages of recovery, and some whale populations, such as the northern right whale (*Eubaleana glacialis*) remain perilously close to extinction;

(4) the interactions that occur between ship traffic, commercial fishing, whale watching vessels, and other recreational vessels and whale populations may affect whale populations adversely;

(5) the exploration and development of oil, gas, and hard mineral resources, marine debris, chemical pollutants, noise, and other anthropogenic sources of change in the habitat of whales may affect whale populations adversely;

(6) the conservation of whale populations is subject to difficult challenges related to—

(A) the migration of whale populations across international boundaries;

(B) the size of individual whales, as that size precludes certain conservation research procedures that may be used for other animal species, such as captive research and breeding;

(C) the low reproductive rates of whales that require long-term conservation programs to ensure recovery of whale populations; and

(D) the occurrence of whale populations in offshore waters where undertaking research, monitoring, and conservation measures is difficult and costly;

(7)(A) the Secretary of Commerce, through the Administrator of the National Oceanic

and Atmospheric Administration, has research and regulatory responsibility for the conservation of whales under the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1361 et seq.); and

(B) the heads of other Federal agencies and the Marine Mammal Commission established under section 201 of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1401) have related research and management activities under the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 or the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);

(8) the funding available for the activities described in paragraph (8) is insufficient to support all necessary whale conservation and recovery activities; and

(9) there is a need to facilitate the use of funds from non-Federal sources to carry out the conservation of whales.

SEC. 3. NATIONAL WHALE CONSERVATION FUND.

Section 4 of the National Fish and Wildlife Establishment Act (16 U.S.C. 3703) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(f)(1) In carrying out the purposes under section 2(b), the Foundation may establish a national whale conservation endowment fund, to be used by the Foundation to support research, management activities, or educational programs that contribute to the protection, conservation, or recovery of whale populations in waters of the United States.

"(2)(A) In a manner consistent with subsection (c)(1), the Foundation may—

"(i) accept, receive, solicit, hold, administer, and use any gift, devise, or bequest made to the Foundation for the express purpose of supporting whale conservation; and

"(ii) deposit in the endowment fund under paragraph (1) any funds made available to the Foundation under this subparagraph, including any income or interest earned from a gift, devise, or bequest received by the Foundation under this subparagraph.

"(B) To raise funds to be deposited in the endowment fund under paragraph (1), the Foundation may enter into appropriate arrangements to provide for the design, copyright, production, marketing, or licensing, of logos, seals, decals, stamps, or any other item that the Foundation determines to be appropriate.

"(C)(i) The Secretary of Commerce may transfer to the Foundation for deposit in the endowment fund under paragraph (1)—

"(I) any amount (or portion thereof) received by the Secretary under section 105(a)(1) of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1375(a)(1)) as a civil penalty assessed by the Secretary under that section; or

"(II) any amount (or portion thereof) received by the Secretary as a settlement or award for damages in a civil action or other legal proceeding relating to damage of natural resources.

"(ii) The Directors of the Board shall ensure that any amounts transferred to the Foundation under clause (i) for the endowment fund under paragraph (1) are deposited in that fund in accordance with this subparagraph.

"(3) It is the intent of Congress that in making expenditures from the endowment fund under paragraph (1) to carry out activities specified in that paragraph, the Foundation should give priority to funding projects that address the conservation of populations of whales that the Foundation determines—

"(A) are the most endangered (including the northern right whale (*Eubaleana glacialis*)); or

"(B) most warrant, and are most likely to benefit from, research management, or educational activities that may be funded with amounts made available from the fund."

“(g) In carrying out any action on the part of the Foundation under subsection (f), the Directors of the Board shall consult with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Marine Mammal Commission.”.

**LIEBERMAN (AND OTHERS)
AMENDMENT NO. 3280**

Mr. LIEBERMAN (for himself, Mr. THOMAS, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. LUGAR, Mr. BINGAMAN, Mr. MACK, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. KOHL, Mr. REID, Mr. BREAU, Mr. BROWNBACK, Mr. CRAIG, and Mr. SMITH of Oregon) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title VI, insert the following new section:

SEC. 6. SENSE OF THE SENATE REGARDING JAPAN'S RECESSION.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

(1) The United States and Japan share common goals of peace, stability, democracy, and economic prosperity in East and Southeast Asia and around the world.

(2) Japan's economic and financial crisis represents a new challenge to United States-Japanese cooperation to achieve these common goals and threatens the economic stability of East and Southeast Asia and the United States.

(3) A strong United States-Japanese alliance is critical to stability in East and Southeast Asia.

(4) The importance of the United States-Japanese alliance was reaffirmed by the President of the United States and the Prime Minister of Japan in the April 1996 Joint Security Declaration.

(5) United States-Japanese bilateral military cooperation was enhanced with the revision of the United States Guidelines for Defense Cooperation in 1997.

(6) The Japanese economy, the second largest in the world and over 2 times larger than the economy in the rest of East Asia, has been growing at a little over 1 percent annually since 1991 and is currently in a recession with some forecasts suggesting that it will contract by 1.5 percent in 1998.

(7) The estimated \$574,000,000,000 of problem loans in Japan's banking sector and other problems associated with an unstable banking sector remain the major roadblock to economic recovery in Japan.

(8) The recent weakness in the yen, following a 10 percent depreciation of the yen against the dollar over the last 5 months and a 45 percent depreciation since 1995, has placed competitive price pressures on United States industries and workers and is putting downward pressure on China and the rest of the economies in East and Southeast Asia to begin another round of competitive currency devaluations.

(9) Japan's current account surplus has increased by 60 percent over the last 12 months from 71,579,000,000 yen in 1996 to 114,357,000,000 yen in 1997.

(10) A period of deflation in Japan would lead to lower demand for United States products.

(11) The unnecessary and burdensome regulation of the Japanese market constrains Japanese economic growth and raises costs to business and consumers.

(12) Deregulating Japan's economy and spurring economic growth would ultimately benefit the Japanese people with a higher standard of living and a more secure future.

(13) Japan's economic recession is slowing the growth of the United States gross domestic product and job creation in the United States.

(14) Japan has made significant efforts to restore economic growth with a 16,000,000,000,000 yen stimulus package that includes 4,500,000,000,000 yen in tax cuts and 11,500,000,000,000 yen in government spending, a Total Plan to restore stability to the private banking sector, and joint intervention with the United States to strengthen the value of the yen in international currency markets.

(15) The people of Japan expressed deep concern about economic conditions and government leadership in the Upper House elections held on July 12, 1998.

(16) The Prime Minister of Japan tendered his resignation on July 13, 1998, to take responsibility for the Liberal Democratic Party's poor election results and to acknowledge the desire of the people of Japan for new leadership to restore economic stability.

(17) Japan's economic recession is having an adverse effect on the economy of the United States and is now seriously threatening the 9 years of unprecedented economic expansion in the United States.

(18) Japan's economic recession is having an adverse effect on the recovery of the East and Southeast Asian economies.

(19) The American people and the countries of East and Southeast Asia are looking for a demonstration of Japanese leadership and close United States-Japanese cooperation in resolving Japan's economic crisis.

(b) SENSE OF THE SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that—

(1) the President, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the United States Trade Representative should emphasize the importance of financial deregulation, including banking reform, market deregulation, and restructuring bad bank debt as fundamental to Japan's economic recovery; and

(2) the President, the Secretary of the Treasury, the United States Trade Representative, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of State should communicate to the Japanese Government that the first priority of the new Prime Minister of Japan and his Cabinet should be to restore economic growth in Japan and promote stability in international financial markets.

BUMPERS AMENDMENT NO. 3281

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. BUMPERS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place add the following:

SEC. .
(a) Add the following at the end of 8 U.S.C. 1153(b)(5)(C):

(iv) DEFINITION

(A) As used in this subsection the term 'capital' means cash, equipment, inventory, other tangible property, and cash equivalents, but shall not include indebtedness. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to exclude documents, such as binding contracts, as evidence that a petitioner is in the process of investing capital as long as the capital is not in the form of indebtedness with a period that payback exceeds 2 months.

(B) Assets acquired, directly or indirectly, by unlawful means (such as criminal activities) shall not be considered capital for the purposes of this subsection. A petitioner's sworn declaration concerning lawful sources of capital shall constitute presumptive proof of lawful sources for the purposes of this subsection, although nothing herein shall preclude further inquiry, prior to approval of conditional lawful permanent resident status.

(b) This section shall not apply to any application filed prior to July 23, 1998.

FEINSTEIN AMENDMENT NO. 3282

Mrs. FEINSTEIN proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3258 proposed by Mr. SMITH of Oregon to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 20, line 19, after the period, insert: Independent contractors, agricultural associations and such similar entities shall be subject to a cap on the number of H2-A visas that they may sponsor at the discretion of the Secretary of Labor.

KENNEDY AMENDMENT NO. 3283

Mr. KENNEDY proposed an amendment to amendment No. 3258 proposed by Mr. SMITH of Oregon to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the end of the amendment add the following:

SEC. . PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY.

In implementing this title, the President of the United States shall not implement any provision that he deems to be in violation of any of the following principles:

Where the procedures for using the program are simple and the least burdensome for growers;

Which assures an adequate labor supply for growers in a predictable and timely manner;

That provides a clear and meaningful first preference for U.S. farm workers and a means for mitigating against the development of a structural dependency on foreign workers in an area or crop;

Which avoids the transfer of costs and risks from businesses to low wage workers;

That encourages longer periods of employment for legal U.S. workers; and

Which assures decent wages and working conditions for domestic and foreign farm workers, and that normal market forces work to improve wages, benefits, and working conditions.

**GREGG (AND HOLLINGS)
AMENDMENT NO. 3284**

Mr. GREGG (for himself and Mr. HOLLINGS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

On page 2, line 24, insert "forfeited" after the first comma.

On page 45, line 17, insert "13" and insert "286".

On page 5 of the Bill, on lines 8 and 9, strike the following: "National Consortium for First Responders", and insert the following: "National Domestic Preparedness Consortium".

On page 27 of the Bill, on line 10, after the words "unit of local government", insert the words "at the parish level".

On page 29 of the Bill, on line 13 after "Tribal Courts Initiative", insert the following:

“, including \$400,000 for the establishment of a Sioux Nation Tribal, Supreme Court”

On page 51 of the Bill, after line 9, insert the following:

SEC. 121. Section 170102 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 14072) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking "or";

(2) in subsection (g)(3), by striking "minimally sufficient" and inserting "State sexual offender"; and

(3) by amending subsection (i) to read as follows:

“(i) PENALTY.—A person who is—

“(1) required to register under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (g) of this section and knowingly fails to comply with this section;

“(2) required to register under a sexual offender registration program in the person's

State of residence and knowingly fails to register in any other State in which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, or is a student;

“(3) described in section 4042 (c)(4) of title 18, United States Code and knowingly fails to register in any State in which the person resides, is employed, carries on a vocation, or is a student following release from prison or sentencing to probation; or

“(4) sentenced by a court martial for conduct in a category specified by the Secretary of Defense under section 115(a)(8)(C) of title I of Public Law No. 105-119, and knowingly fails to register in any State in which the person resides, is employed, carries on a vocation, or is a student following release from prison or sentencing to probation, shall, in the case of a first offense under this subsection, be imprisoned for not more than 1 year and, in the case of a second of subsequent offense under this subsection, be imprisoned for not more than 10 years.”

On page 51 of the Bill, after line 9, insert the following:

SEC. 123. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 200108 of the Police Corps Act (42 U.S.C. 14097) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

“(b) TRAINING SESSIONS.—A participant in a State Police Corps program shall attend up to 24 weeks, but no less than 16 weeks, of training at a residential training center. The Director may approve training conducted in not more than 3 separate sessions.”

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 200108 (c) of the Police Corps Act (42 U.S.C. 14097 (c)) is amended by striking “16 weeks of”.

(c) REAUTHORIZATION.—Section 200112 of the Police Corps Act (42 U.S.C. 14101) is amended by striking “\$20,000” and all that follows before the period and inserting “\$50,000,000 for fiscal year 1999, \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2000, \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2001, and \$90,000,000 for fiscal year 2002”.

TITLE II—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND RELATED AGENCIES

On page 66, line 5, strike the proviso “*Provided further*, That \$587,922,000 shall be made available for the Procurement, acquisition and construction account in fiscal year 1999;” and insert in lieu thereof “*Provided further*, That of the \$10,500,000 available for the estuarine research reserve system, \$2,000,000 shall be made available for the Office of response and restoration and \$1,160,000 shall be made available for Navigation services, mapping and charting; *Provided further*, That of funds made available for the National Marine Fisheries Service information collection and analyses, \$400,000 shall be made available to continue Atlantic Herring and Mackerel studies; *Provided further*, That of the \$8,500,000 provided for the interstate fisheries commissions, \$7,000,000 shall be provided to the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission for the Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Fisheries Management Act, \$750,000 shall be provided for the Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Statistics Program, and the remainder shall be provided to each of the three interstate fisheries commissions (including the ASMFC); *Provided further*, That within the Procurement, Acquisition and Construction account that \$3,000,000 shall be made available for the National Estuarine Research Reserve construction * * * and \$5,000,000 shall be made available for Great Bay land acquisition.”

On page 72, line 15, after “(3)(L)”, replace the brackets with parentheses around the phrase “as identified by the Governor” and on line 16, before the period add a quotation mark.

TITLE V—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

On page 116, line 17, change “1998” to “1999” and “1999” to “2000”.

On page 117, line 6, strike “to this appropriation and used for necessary expenses of the agency” and insert in lieu thereof “to and merged with the appropriations for salaries and expenses;”

On page 117, line 12, strike “20 (n)(2)(B)” and insert in lieu thereof “20(d)(1)(B)(ii)”.

MOSELEY-BRAUN AMENDMENT NO. 3285

Mr. GREGG (for Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 51, between lines 9 and 10, insert the following:

SEC. 121. INTERNET PREDATOR PREVENTION.

(a) PROHIBITION AND PENALTIES.—Chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§2261. Publication of identifying information relating to a minor for criminal sexual purposes

“(a) DEFINITION OF IDENTIFYING INFORMATION RELATING TO A MINOR.—In this section, the term ‘identifying information relating to a minor’ includes the name, address, telephone number, social security number, or e-mail address of a minor.

“(b) PROHIBITION AND PENALTIES.—Whoever, through the use of any facility in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce (including any interactive computer service) publishes, or causes to be published, any identifying information relating to a minor who has not attained the age of 17 years, for the purpose of soliciting any person to engage in any sexual activity for which the person can be charged with criminal offense under Federal or State law, shall be imprisoned not less than 1 and not more than 5 years, fined under this title, or both.”

(b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2261. Publication of identifying information relating to a minor for criminal sexual purposes.”

DODD AMENDMENT NO. 3286

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. DODD) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 135, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

SEC. 620. (a) REQUIREMENT.—Section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection (d):

“(d) OBLIGATIONS OF INTERNET ACCESS PROVIDERS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—An Internet access provider shall, at the time of entering into an agreement with a customer for the provision of Internet access services, offer such customer (either for a fee or at no charge) screening software that is designed to permit the customer to limit access to material on the Internet that is harmful to minors.

“(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this subsection:

“(A) INTERNET ACCESS PROVIDER.—The term ‘Internet access provider’ means a person engaged in the business of providing a computer and communications facility through which a customer may obtain access to the Internet, but does not include a common carrier to the extent that it provides only telecommunications services.

“(B) INTERNET ACCESS SERVICES.—The term ‘Internet access services’ means the provi-

sion of computer and communications services through which a customer using a computer and a modem or other communications device may obtain access to the Internet, but does not include telecommunications services provided by a common carrier.”

“(C) SCREENING SOFTWARE.—The term ‘screening software’ means software that is designed to permit a person to limit access to material on the Internet that is harmful to minors.”

(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to agreements for the provision of Internet access services entered into on or after the date that is 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

SPECTER (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 3287

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. SPECTER for himself, Mr. SANTORUM, and Mr. DURBIN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert:

SEC. . TRANSFER OF COUNTY.

(a) Section 118 of title 28, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a) by striking “Philadelphia, and Schuylkill” and inserting “and Philadelphia”; and

(2) in subsection (b) by inserting “Schuylkill,” after “Potter,”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(2) PENDING CASES NOT AFFECTED.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall not affect any action commenced before the effective date of this section and pending on such date in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

(3) JURIES NOT AFFECTED.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall not affect the composition, or preclude the service, of any grand or petit jury summoned, impaneled, or actually serving on the effective date of this section.

BYRD AMENDMENT NO. 3288

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. BYRD) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title VI, insert the following new section:

SEC. . REPORT ON KOREAN STEEL SUBSIDIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the United States Trade Representative (in this section referred to as the “Trade Representative”) shall report to Congress on the Trade Representative’s analysis regarding—

(1) whether the Korean Government provided subsidies to Hanbo Steel;

(2) whether such subsidies had an adverse effect on United States companies;

(3) the status of the Trade Representative’s contacts with the Korean Government with respect to industry concerns regarding Hanbo Steel and efforts to eliminate subsidies; and

(4) the status of the Trade Representative’s contacts with other Asian trading partners regarding the adverse effect of Korean steel subsidies on such trading partners.

(b) STATUS OF INVESTIGATION.—The report described in subsection (a) shall also include information on the status of any investigations initiated as a result of press reports that the Korean Government ordered Pohang Iron and Steel Company, in which the Government owns a controlling interest, to sell

steel in Korea at a price that is 30 percent lower than the international market prices.

MURKOWSKI (AND STEVENS)
AMENDMENT NO. 3289

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. MURKOWSKI for himself and Mr. STEVENS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, *supra*; as follows:

On Page 135, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

SEC. 620. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no funds appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 1999 by this Act or any other Act may be obligated or expended for purposes of enforcing any rule or regulation requiring the installation or operation aboard United States fishing industry vessels of the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System (GMDSS).

KYL AMENDMENTS NOS. 3290-3291

Mr. GREGG (for KYL) proposed two amendments to the bill, S. 2260, *supra*; as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 3290

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ SPECIAL MASTERS FOR CIVIL ACTIONS CONCERNING PRISON CONDITIONS.

Section 3626(f) of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking the subsection heading and inserting the following:

“(f) SPECIAL MASTERS FOR CIVIL ACTIONS CONCERNING PRISON CONDITIONS.—”; and

(2) in paragraph (4)—

(A) by inserting “(A)” after “(4)”; and

(B) in subparagraph (A), as so designated, by adding at the end the following: “In no event shall a court require a party to a civil action under this subsection to pay the compensation, expenses, or costs of a special master. Notwithstanding any other provision of law (including section 306 of the Act entitled ‘An Act making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1997,’ contained in section 101(a) of title I of division A of the Act entitled ‘An Act making omnibus consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1997’ (110 Stat. 3009-201)) and except as provided in subparagraph (B), the requirement under the preceding sentence shall apply to the compensation and payment of expenses or costs of a special master for any action that is commenced, before, on, or after the date of enactment of the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995.”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(B) The payment requirements under subparagraph (A) shall not apply to the payment to a special master who was appointed before the date of enactment of the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (110 Stat. 1321-165 et seq.) of compensation, expenses, or costs relating to activities of the special master under this subsection that were carried out during the period beginning on the date of enactment of the Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and ending on the date of enactment of this subparagraph.”.

AMENDMENT NO. 3291

On page 100, between lines 18 and 19, insert the following:

SEC. 407. (a) WAIVER OF FEES FOR CERTAIN VISAS.—

(1) REQUIREMENT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to sub-

paragraph (B), the Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall waive the fee for the processing of any application for the issuance of a machine readable combined border crossing card and nonimmigrant visa under section 101(a)(15)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act in the case of any alien under 15 years of age where the application for the machine readable combined border crossing card and nonimmigrant visa is made in Mexico by a citizen of Mexico who has at least one parent or guardian who has a visa under such section or is applying for a machine readable combined border crossing card and nonimmigrant visa under such section as well.

(B) DELAYED COMMENCEMENT.—The Secretary of State and the Attorney General may not commence implementation of the requirement in subparagraph (A) until the later of—

(i) the date that is 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act; or

(ii) the date on which the Secretary sets the amount of the fee or surcharge in accordance with paragraph (3).

(2) PERIOD OF VALIDITY OF VISAS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), if the fee for a machine readable combined border crossing card and nonimmigrant visa issued under section 101(a)(15)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act has been waived under paragraph (1) for a child under 15 years of age, the machine readable combined border crossing card and nonimmigrant visa shall be issued to expire on the earlier of—

(i) the date on which the child attains the age of 15; or

(ii) ten years after its date of issue.

(B) EXCEPTION.—At the request of the parent or guardian of any alien under 15 years of age otherwise covered by subparagraph (A), the Secretary of State and the Attorney General may charge a fee for the processing of an application for the issuance of a machine readable combined border crossing card and nonimmigrant visa under section 101(a)(15)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act provided that the machine readable combined border crossing card and nonimmigrant visa is issued to expire as of the same date as is usually provided for visas issued under that section.

(3) RECOUPMENT OF COSTS RESULTING FROM WAIVER.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of State shall set the amount of the fee or surcharge authorized pursuant to section 140(a) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law 103-236; 8 U.S.C. 1351 note) for the processing of machine readable combined border crossing cards and nonimmigrant visas at a level that will ensure the full recovery by the Department of State of the costs of processing all such combined border crossing cards and nonimmigrant visas, including the costs of processing such combined border crossing cards and nonimmigrant visas for which the fee is waived pursuant to this subsection.

(b) PROCESSING IN MEXICAN BORDER CITIES.—The Secretary of State shall continue, until at least October 1, 2003, or until all border crossing identification cards in circulation have otherwise been required to be replaced under section 104(b)(3) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (as added by section 116(b)(2) of this Act), to process applications for visas under section 101(a)(15)(B) of the Immigration and Nationality Act at the following cities in Mexico located near the international border with the United States: Nogales, Nuevo Laredo, Ciudad Acuna, Piedras Negras, Agua Prieta, and Reynosa.

GRAHAM AMENDMENT NO. 3292

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. GRAHAM) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, *supra*; as follows:

On page 100, between lines 18 and 19, insert the following:

SEC. 407. (a) The purpose of this section is to protect the national security interests of the United States while studying the appropriate level of resources to improve the issuance of visas to legitimate foreign travelers.

(b) Congress recognizes the importance of maintaining quality service by consular officers in the processing of applications for nonimmigrant visas and finds that this requirement should be reflected in any timeliness standards or other regulations governing the issuance of visas.

(c) The Secretary of State shall conduct a study to determine, with respect to the processing of nonimmigrant visas within the Department of State—

(1) the adequacy of staffing at United States consular posts, particularly during peak travel periods;

(2) the adequacy of service to international tourism;

(3) the adequacy of computer and technical support to consular posts; and

(4) the appropriate standard to determine whether a country qualifies as a pilot program country under the visa waiver pilot program in section 217 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1187).

(d)(1) Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to Congress setting forth—

(A) the results of the study conducted under subsection (c); and

(B) the steps the Secretary has taken to implement timeliness standards.

(2) Beginning one year after the date of submission of the report required by paragraph (1), and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to Congress describing the implementation of timeliness standards during the preceding year.

(e) In this section—

(1) the term “nonimmigrant visas” means visas issued to aliens described in section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)); and

(2) the term “timeliness standards” means standards governing the timely processing of applications for nonimmigrant visas at United States consular posts.

LOTT AMENDMENT NO. 3293

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. LOTT) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, *supra*; as follows:

On page 86, line 8, insert the following after the colon:

Provided further, That not to exceed \$2,400,000 shall only be available to establish an international center for response to chemical, biological, and nuclear weapons;

At the end to title VII, insert the following:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL

ORGANIZATIONS

(RESCISSION)

Of the total amount of appropriations provided in Acts enacted before this Act for the Interparliamentary Union, \$400,000 is rescinded.

BIDEN AMENDMENT NO. 3294

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. BIDEN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, *supra*; as follows:

On page 96, strike lines 3 through 16.

AN AMENDMENT

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

SEC. ____ (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “American Competitiveness Act”.

(b) REFERENCES IN ACT.—Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act, whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed as an amendment to or a repeal of a provision, the reference shall be deemed to be made to the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).

(c) Congress makes the following findings:

(1) American companies today are engaged in fierce competition in global markets.

(2) Companies across America are faced with severe high skill labor shortages that threaten their competitiveness.

(3) The National Software Alliance, a consortium of concerned government, industry, and academic leaders that includes the United States Army, Navy, and Air Force, has concluded that “The supply of computer science graduates is far short of the number needed by industry.”. The Alliance concludes that the current severe understaffing could lead to inflation and lower productivity.

(4) The Department of Labor projects that the United States economy will produce more than 130,000 information technology jobs in each of the next 10 years, for a total of more than 1,300,000.

(5) Between 1986 and 1995, the number of bachelor’s degrees awarded in computer science declined by 42 percent. Therefore, any short-term increases in enrollment may only return the United States to the 1986 level of graduates and take several years to produce these additional graduates.

(6) A study conducted by Virginia Tech for the Information Technology Association of America estimates that there are more than 340,000 unfilled positions for highly skilled information technology workers in American companies.

(7) The Hudson Institute estimates that the unaddressed shortage of skilled workers throughout the United States economy will result in a 5-percent drop in the growth rate of GDP. That translates into approximately \$200,000,000,000 in lost output, nearly \$1,000 for every American.

(8) It is necessary to deal with the current situation with both short-term and long-term measures.

(9) In fiscal year 1997, United States companies and universities reached the cap of 65,000 on H-1B temporary visas a month before the end of the fiscal year. In fiscal year 1998 the cap is expected to be reached as early as May if Congress takes no action. And it will be hit earlier each year until backlogs develop of such a magnitude as to prevent United States companies and researchers from having any timely access to skilled foreign-born professionals.

(10) It is vital that more American young people be encouraged and equipped to enter technical fields, such as mathematics, engineering, and computer science.

(11) If American companies cannot find home-grown talent, and if they cannot bring talent to this country, a large number are likely to move key operations overseas, sending those and related American jobs with them.

(12) Inaction in these areas will carry significant consequences for the future of American competitiveness around the world and will seriously undermine efforts to create and keep jobs in the United States.

(d) ESTABLISHMENT OF H-1C NONIMMIGRANT CATEGORY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)) is amended—

(A) by inserting “and other than services described in clause (c)” after “subparagraph (O) or (P)”;

(B) by inserting after “section 212(n)(1)” the following: “; or (c) who is coming temporarily to the United States to perform labor as a health care worker, other than a physician, in a specialty occupation described in section 214(i)(1), who meets the requirements of the occupation specified in section 214(i)(2), who qualifies for the exemption from the grounds of inadmissibility described in section 212(a)(5)(C), and with respect to whom the Attorney General certifies that the intending employer has filed with the Attorney General an application under section 212(n)(1).”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(A) Section 212(n)(1) is amended by inserting “or (c)” after “section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)” each place it appears.

(B) Section 214(i) is amended by inserting “or (c)” after “section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)” each place it appears.

(3) TRANSITION RULE.—Any petition filed prior to the date of enactment of this Act, for issuance of a visa under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act on behalf of an alien described in the amendment made by paragraph (1)(B) shall, on and after that date, be treated as a petition filed under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) of that Act, as added by paragraph (1).

(e) ANNUAL CEILINGS FOR H-1-B AND H-1-C WORKERS.—

(1) AMENDMENT OF THE INA.—Section 214(g)(1) (8 U.S.C. 1184(g)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

“(g)(1) The total number of aliens who may be issued visas or otherwise provided non-immigrant status during any fiscal year—

“(A) under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)—

“(i) for each of fiscal years 1992 through 1997, and for any other fiscal year for which this subsection does not specify a higher ceiling, may not exceed 65,000,

“(ii) for fiscal year 1998, may not exceed 95,000,

“(iii) for fiscal year 1999, may not exceed the number determined for fiscal year 1998 under such section, minus 10,000, plus the number of unused visas under subparagraph (B) for the fiscal year preceding the applicable fiscal year, and

“(iv) for fiscal year 2000, and each applicable fiscal year thereafter through fiscal year 2002, may not exceed the number determined for fiscal year 1998 under such section, minus 10,000, plus the number of unused visas under subparagraph (B) for the fiscal year preceding the applicable fiscal year, plus the number of unused visas under subparagraph (C) for the fiscal year preceding the applicable fiscal year;

“(B) under section 101(a)(15)(H)(ii)(b), beginning with fiscal year 1992, may not exceed 66,000; or

“(C) under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c), beginning with fiscal year 1999, may not exceed 10,000.

For purposes of determining the ceiling under subparagraph (A) (iii) and (iv), not more than 20,000 of the unused visas under subparagraph (B) may be taken into account for any fiscal year.”.

(2) TRANSITION PROCEDURES.—Any visa issued or nonimmigrant status otherwise accorded to any alien under clause (i)(b) or (ii)(b) of section 101(a)(15)(H) of the Immigration and Nationality Act pursuant to a petition filed during fiscal year 1998 but approved on or after October 1, 1998, shall be counted against the applicable ceiling in section 214(g)(1) of that Act for fiscal year 1998 (as amended by paragraph (1) of this subsection), except that, in the case where counting the visa or the other granting of

status would cause the applicable ceiling for fiscal year 1998 to be exceeded, the visa or grant of status shall be counted against the applicable ceiling for fiscal year 1999.

(f) DEGREES IN MATHEMATICS, COMPUTER SCIENCE, AND ENGINEERING.—Subpart 4 of part A of title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070c et seq.) is amended in section 415A(b) (20 U.S.C. 1070c(b)), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(3) MATHEMATICS, COMPUTER SCIENCE, AND ENGINEERING SCHOLARSHIPS.—It shall be a permissible use of the funds made available to a State under this section for the State to establish a scholarship program for eligible students who demonstrate financial need and who seek to enter a program of study leading to a degree in mathematics, computer science, or engineering.”.

(g) INCREASED PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF H-1-B OR H-1-C PROGRAM.—Section 212(n)(2)(C) (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)(2)(C)) is amended—

(1) by striking “a failure to meet” and all that follows through “an application—” and inserting “a willful failure to meet a condition in paragraph (1) or a willful misrepresentation of a material fact in an application—”; and

(2) in clause (i), by striking “\$1,000” and inserting “\$5,000”.

(h) SPOT INSPECTIONS DURING PROBATIONARY PERIOD.—Section 212(n)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)(2)) is amended—

(1) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as subparagraph (E); and

(2) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:

“(D) The Secretary of Labor may, on a case-by-case basis, subject an employer to random inspections for a period of up to five years beginning on the date that such employer is found by the Secretary of Labor to have engaged in a willful failure to meet a condition of subparagraph (A), or a misrepresentation of material fact in an application.”.

(i) LAYOFF PROTECTION FOR UNITED STATES WORKERS.—Section 212(n)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)(2)), as amended by subsection (b), is further amended by adding at the end the following:

“(F)(i) If the Secretary finds, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, a willful failure to meet a condition in paragraph (1) or a willful misrepresentation of a material fact in an application, in the course of which the employer has replaced a United States worker with a nonimmigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(H)(i) (b) or (c) within the 6-month period prior to, or within 90 days following, the filing of the application—

“(I) the Secretary shall notify the Attorney General of such finding, and may, in addition, impose such other administrative remedies (including civil monetary penalties in an amount not to exceed \$25,000 per violation) as the Secretary determines to be appropriate; and

“(II) the Attorney General shall not approve petitions filed with respect to the employer under section 204 or 214(c) during a period of at least 2 years for aliens to be employed by the employer.

“(ii) For purposes of this subparagraph:

“(I) The term ‘replace’ means the employment of the nonimmigrant at the specific place of employment and in the specific employment opportunity from which a United States worker with substantially equivalent qualifications and experience in the specific employment opportunity has been laid off.

“(II) The term ‘laid off’, with respect to an individual, means the individual’s loss of employment other than a discharge for inadequate performance, violation of workplace rules, cause, voluntary departure, voluntary

retirement, or the expiration of a grant, contract, or other agreement. The term 'laid off' does not include any situation in which the individual involved is offered, as an alternative to such loss of employment, a similar employment opportunity with the same employer at the equivalent or higher compensation and benefits as the position from which the employee was discharged, regardless of whether or not the employee accepts the offer.

"(III) The term 'United States worker' means—

"(aa) a citizen or national of the United States;

"(bb) an alien who is lawfully admitted for permanent residence; or

"(cc) an alien authorized to be employed by this Act or by the Attorney General."

(j) PROHIBITION OF USE OF H-1B VISAS BY EMPLOYERS ASSISTING IN INDIA'S NUCLEAR WEAPONS PROGRAM.—Section 214(c) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (6), (7), and (8) as paragraphs (7), (8), and (9), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following new paragraph:

"(6) The Attorney General shall not approve a petition under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) for any employer that has knowledge or reasonable cause to know that the employer is providing material assistance for the development of nuclear weapons in India or any other country."

(k) EXPEDITED REVIEWS AND DECISIONS.—Section 214(c)(2)(C) (8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(2)(C)) is amended by inserting "or section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)" after "section 101(a)(15)(L)".

(l) DETERMINATIONS ON LABOR CONDITION APPLICATIONS TO BE MADE BY ATTORNEY GENERAL.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b)) is amended by striking "with respect to whom" and all that follows through "with the Secretary" and inserting "with respect to whom the Attorney General determines that the intending employer has filed with the Attorney General".

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 212(n) (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)(1)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1)—

(i) in the first sentence, by striking "Secretary of Labor" and inserting "Attorney General";

(ii) in the sixth and eighth sentences, by inserting "of Labor" after "Secretary" each place it appears;

(iii) in the ninth sentence, by striking "Secretary of Labor" and inserting "Attorney General";

(iv) by amending the tenth sentence to read as follows: "Unless the Attorney General finds that the application is incomplete or obviously inaccurate, the Attorney General shall provide the certification described in section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) and adjudicate the nonimmigrant visa petition."; and

(v) by inserting in full measure margin after subparagraph (D) the following new sentence: "Such application shall be filed with the employer's petition for a non-immigrant visa for the alien, and the Attorney General shall transmit a copy of such application to the Secretary of Labor."; and

(B) in the first sentence of paragraph (2)(A), by striking "Secretary" and inserting "Secretary of Labor".

(3) COSTS.—Any additional spending made necessary by reason of the enactment of the amendments made by this subsection shall be effective only to the extent and in the amounts provided in an appropriations Act.

(m) PREVAILING WAGE CONSIDERATIONS.—Section 101 (8 U.S.C. 1101) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(i)(1) In computing the prevailing wage level for an occupational classification in an

area of employment for purposes of section 212(n)(1)(A)(i)(II) and section 212(a)(5)(A) in the case of an employee of—

"(A) an institution of higher education (as defined in section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965), or a related or affiliated nonprofit entity, or

"(B) a nonprofit or Federal research institute or agency,

the prevailing wage level shall only take into account employees at such institutions, entities, and agencies in the area of employment.

"(2) With respect to a professional athlete (as defined in section 212(a)(5)(A)(iii)(II)) when the job opportunity is covered by professional sports league rules or regulations, the wage set forth in those rules or regulations shall be considered as not adversely affecting the wages of United States workers similarly employed and be considered the prevailing wage.

"(3) To determine the prevailing wage, employers may use either government or non-government published surveys, including industry, region, or statewide wage surveys, to determine the prevailing wage, which shall be considered correct and valid if the survey was conducted in accordance with generally accepted industry standards and the employer has maintained a copy of the survey information."

(n) POSTING REQUIREMENT.—Section 212(n)(1)(C)(ii) (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)(1)(C)(ii)) is amended to read as follows:

"(ii) if there is no such bargaining representative, has provided notice of filing in the occupational classification through such methods as physical posting in a conspicuous location, or electronic posting through an internal job bank, or electronic notification available to employees in the occupational classification."

(o) Section 212(n) (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(3) Using data from petitions for visas issued under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b), the Attorney General shall annually submit the following reports to Congress:

"(A) Quarterly reports on the numbers of aliens who were provided nonimmigrant status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b) during the previous quarter and who were subject to the numerical ceiling for the fiscal year established under section 214(g)(1).

"(B) Annual reports on the occupations and compensation of aliens provided non-immigrant status under such section during the previous fiscal year."

(p) STUDY.—The National Science Foundation shall oversee a study involving the participation of individuals representing a variety of points of view, including representatives from academia, government, business, and other appropriate organizations, to assess the labor market needs for workers with high technology skills during the 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act. The study shall focus on the following issues:

(1) The future training and education needs of the high-technology sector over that 10-year period, including projected job growth for high-technology issues.

(2) Future training and education needs of United States students to ensure that their skills, at various levels, are matched to the needs of the high technology and information technology sector over that 10-year period.

(3) An analysis of progress made by educators, employers, and government entities to improve the teaching and educational level of American students in the fields of math, science, computer, and engineering since 1998.

(4) An analysis of the number of United States workers currently or projected to

work overseas in professional, technical, and managerial capacities.

(5) The following additional issues:

(A) The need by the high-technology sector for foreign workers with specific skills.

(B) The potential benefits gained by the universities, employers, and economy of the United States from the entry of skilled professionals in the fields of science and engineering.

(C) The extent to which globalization has increased since 1998.

(D) The needs of the high-technology sector to localize United States products and services for export purposes in light of the increasing globalization of the United States and world economy.

(E) An examination of the amount and trend of high technology work that is outsourced from the United States to foreign countries.

(q) REPORT.—Not later than October 1, 2000, the National Science Foundation shall submit a report containing the results of the study described in subsection (a) to the Committees on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Senate.

(r) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds available to the National Science Foundation shall be made available to carry out this section.

(s) SPECIAL RULES.—Section 202(a) (8 U.S.C. 1152(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(5) RULES FOR EMPLOYMENT-BASED IMMIGRANTS.—

"(A) EMPLOYMENT-BASED IMMIGRANTS NOT SUBJECT TO PER COUNTRY LIMITATION IF ADDITIONAL VISAS AVAILABLE.—If the total number of visas available under paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of section 203(b) for a calendar quarter exceeds the number of qualified immigrants who may otherwise be issued such visas, the visas made available under that paragraph shall be issued without regard to the numerical limitation under paragraph (2) of this subsection during the remainder of the calendar quarter.

"(B) LIMITING FALL ACROSS FOR CERTAIN COUNTRIES SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (e).—In the case of a foreign state or dependent area to which subsection (e) applies, if the total number of visas issued under section 203(b) exceeds the maximum number of visas that may be made available to immigrants of the state or area under section 203(b) consistent with subsection (e) (determined without regard to this paragraph), in applying subsection (e) all visas shall be deemed to have been required for the classes of aliens specified in section 203(b)."

(t) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(1) Section 202(a)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1152(a)(2)) is amended by striking "paragraphs (3) and (4)" and inserting "paragraphs (3), (4), and (5)".

(2) Section 202(e)(3) (8 U.S.C. 1152(e)(3)) is amended by striking "the proportion of the visa numbers" and inserting "except as provided in subsection (a)(5), the proportion of the visa numbers".

(u) ONE-TIME PROTECTION UNDER PER COUNTRY CEILING.—Notwithstanding section 214(g)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, any alien who—

(1) as of the date of enactment of this Act is a nonimmigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(H)(i) of that Act;

(2) is the beneficiary of a petition filed under section 204(a) for a preference status under paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of section 203(b); and

(3) would be subject to the per country limitations applicable to immigrants under those paragraphs but for this subsection,

may apply for and the Attorney General may grant an extension of such nonimmigrant

status until the alien's application for adjustment of status has been processed and a decision made thereon.

(v) Section 212 (8 U.S.C. 1182) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(p) Any alien admitted under section 101(a)(15)(B) may accept an honorarium payment and associated incidental expenses for a usual academic activity or activities, as defined by the Attorney General in consultation with the Secretary of Education, if such payment is offered by an institution of higher education (as defined in section 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965) or other nonprofit entity and is made for services conducted for the benefit of that institution or entity."

(w) IN GENERAL.—Section 101(a)(27) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(27)) is amended—

(1) by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (J),

(2) by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (K) and inserting "; or", and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(L) an immigrant who would be described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of subparagraph (I) if any reference in such a clause—

"(i) to an international organization described in paragraph (15)(G)(i) were treated as a reference to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO);

"(ii) to a nonimmigrant under paragraph (15)(G)(iv) were treated as a reference to a nonimmigrant classifiable under NATO-6 (as a member of a civilian component accompanying a force entering in accordance with the provisions of the NATO Status-of-Forces Agreement, a member of a civilian component attached to or employed by an Allied Headquarters under the 'Protocol on the Status of International Military Headquarters' set up pursuant to the North Atlantic Treaty, or as a dependent); and

"(iii) to the Immigration Technical Corrections Act of 1988 or to the Immigration and Nationality Technical Corrections Act of 1994 were a reference to the American Competitiveness Act."

(x) CONFORMING NONIMMIGRANT STATUS FOR CERTAIN PARENTS OF SPECIAL IMMIGRANT CHILDREN.—Section 101(a)(15)(N) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(N)) is amended—

(1) by inserting "(or under analogous authority under paragraph (27)(L))" after "(27)(i)(i)", and

(2) by inserting "(or under analogous authority under paragraph (27)(L))" after "(27)(i)".

(y) Section 212(n)(2) (8 U.S.C. 1182(n)(2)), as amended by section 5 of this Act, is further amended—

(1) in subparagraph (C), by inserting ", or that the employer has intimidated, discharged, or otherwise retaliated against any person because that person has asserted a right or has cooperated in an investigation under this paragraph" after "a material fact in an application"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(F) Any alien admitted to the United States as a nonimmigrant described in section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(b), who files a complaint pursuant to subparagraph (A) and is otherwise eligible to remain and work in the United States, shall be allowed to seek other employment in the United States for the duration of the alien's authorized admission, if—

"(i) the Secretary finds a failure by the employer to meet the conditions described in subparagraph (C), and

"(ii) the alien notifies the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the name and address of his new employer."

(z) IN GENERAL.—Section 1 of title IX of the Act of June 15, 1917 (22 U.S.C. 213) is amended—

(1) by striking "Before" and inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—Before", and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(b) PASSPORTS ISSUED FOR CHILDREN UNDER 16.—

"(1) SIGNATURES REQUIRED.—In the case of a child under the age of 16, the written application required as a prerequisite to the issuance of a passport for such child shall be signed by—

"(A) both parents of the child if the child lives with both parents;

"(B) the parent of the child having primary custody of the child if the child does not live with both parents; or

"(C) the surviving parent (or legal guardian) of the child, if 1 or both parents are deceased.

"(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary of State may waive the requirements of paragraph (1)(A) if the Secretary determines that circumstances do not permit obtaining the signatures of both parents."

(aa) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to applications for passports filed on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(bb) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (dd), in establishing demonstration programs under section 452(c) of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1732(c)), as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, or a successor Federal law, the Secretary of Labor shall establish demonstration programs to provide technical skills training for workers, including incumbent workers.

(cc) GRANTS.—Subject to subsection (dd), the Secretary of Labor shall award grants to carry out the programs to—

(1) private industry councils established under section 102 of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1512), as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act, or successor entities established under a successor Federal law; or

(2) regional consortia of councils or entities described in paragraph (1).

(dd) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of Labor shall establish programs under subsection (bb), including awarding grants to carry out such programs under subsection (cc), only with funds made available to carry out such programs under subsection (a) and not with funds made available under the Job Training Partnership Act or a successor Federal law.

KOHL AMENDMENT NO. 3295

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. KOHL) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS FOR APPLICANTS FOR EMPLOYMENT IN NURSING FACILITIES AND HOME HEALTH CARE AGENCIES

SEC. _____. (a) AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT BACKGROUND CHECKS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A nursing facility or home health care agency may submit a request to the Attorney General to conduct a search and exchange of records described in subsection (b) regarding an applicant for employment if the employment position is involved in direct patient care.

(2) SUBMISSION OF REQUESTS.—A nursing facility or home health care agency requesting a search and exchange of records under this section shall submit to the Attorney General a copy of an employment applicant's fingerprints, a statement signed by the applicant authorizing the nursing facility or home health care agency to request the search and

exchange of records, and any other identification information not more than 7 days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal public holidays under section 6103(a) of title 5, United States Code) after acquiring the fingerprints, signed statement, and information.

(b) SEARCH AND EXCHANGE OF RECORDS.—Pursuant to any submission that complies with the requirements of subsection (a), the Attorney General shall search the records of the Criminal Justice Information Services Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for any criminal history records corresponding to the fingerprints or other identification information submitted. The Attorney General shall provide any corresponding information resulting from the search to the appropriate State or local governmental agency authorized to receive such information.

(c) USE OF INFORMATION.—Information regarding an applicant for employment in a nursing facility or home health care agency obtained pursuant to this section may be used only by the facility or agency requesting the information and only for the purpose of determining the suitability of the applicant for employment by the facility or agency in a position involved in direct patient care.

(d) FEES.—The Attorney General may charge a reasonable fee, not to exceed \$50 per request, to any nursing facility or home health care agency requesting a search and exchange of records pursuant to this section to cover the cost of conducting the search and providing the records.

(e) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall submit a report to Congress on the number of requests for searches and exchanges of records made under this section by nursing facilities and home health care agencies and the disposition of such requests.

(f) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—Whoever knowingly uses any information obtained pursuant to this section for a purpose other than as authorized under subsection (c) shall be fined in accordance with title 18, United States Code, imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both.

(g) IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY.—A nursing facility or home health care agency that, in denying employment for an applicant, reasonably relies upon information provided by the Attorney General pursuant to this section shall not be liable in any action brought by the applicant based on the employment determination resulting from the incompleteness or inaccuracy of the information.

(h) REGULATIONS.—The Attorney General may promulgate such regulations as are necessary to carry out this section, including regulations regarding the security, confidentiality, accuracy, use, destruction, and dissemination of information, audits and recordkeeping, the imposition of fees necessary for the recovery of costs, and any necessary modifications to the definitions contained in subsection (i).

(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) HOME HEALTH CARE AGENCY.—The term "home health care agency" means an agency that provides home health care or personal care services on a visiting basis in a place of residence.

(2) NURSING FACILITY.—The term "nursing facility" means a facility or institution (or a distinct part of an institution) that is primarily engaged in providing to residents of the facility or institution nursing care, including skilled nursing care, and related services for individuals who require medical or nursing care.

(j) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply without fiscal year limitation.

GORTON (AND OTHERS)
AMENDMENT NO. 3296

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. GORTON for himself, Mr. HATCH, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. ABRAHAM, Mr. KYL, and Mr. FAIRCLOTH) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 51, between lines 9 and 10, insert the following:

SEC. 121. None of the funds made available to the Department of Justice under this Act may be used for any expense relating to, or as reimbursement for any expense incurred in connection with, any foreign travel by an officer or employee of the Antitrust Division of the Department of Justice, if that foreign travel is for the purpose, in whole or in part, of soliciting or otherwise encouraging any antitrust action by a foreign country against a United States company that is a defendant in any antitrust action pending in the United States in which the United States is a plaintiff. *Provided, however,* that this section shall not: (1) limit the ability of the Department to investigate potential violations of United States antitrust laws; or (2) prohibit assistance authorized pursuant to 15 U.S.C. sections 6201-6212, or pursuant to a ratified treaty between the United States and a foreign government, or other international agreement to which the United States is a party.

LANDRIEU AMENDMENT NO. 3297

Mr. GREGG (for Ms. LANDRIEU) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

SEC. __. EXCEPTION TO GROUNDS OF REMOVAL.

Section 237 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1227) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(d) This section shall not apply to any alien who was issued a visa or otherwise acquired the status of an alien lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) as an orphan described in section 101(b)(1)(F)," unless that alien has knowingly declined U.S. citizenship.

D'AMATO AMENDMENT NO. 3298

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. D'AMATO) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title I of the bill, insert the following:

SEC. 1___. PROTECTION OF PERSONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF CORRECTIONS OFFICERS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in any action brought by a prisoner under section 1979 of the Revised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1983) against a Federal, State, or local jail, prison, or correctional facility, or any employee or former employee thereof, arising out of the incarceration of that prisoner—

(1) the financial records of a person employed or formerly employed by the Federal, State, or local jail, prison, or correctional facility, shall not be subject to disclosure without the written consent of that person or pursuant to a court order, unless a verdict of liability has been entered against that person; and

(2) the home address, home phone number, social security number, identity of family members, personal tax returns, and personal banking information of a person described in paragraph (1), and any other records or information of a similar nature relating to that

person, shall not be subject to disclosure without the written consent of that person, or pursuant to a court order.

BINGAMAN AMENDMENT NO. 3299

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. BINGAMAN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

In the appropriate place, insert the following: "*Provided further,* That the Border Patrol is authorized to continue helicopter procurement while developing a report on the cost and capabilities of a mixed fleet of manned and unmanned aerial vehicles, helicopters, and fixed-winged aircraft."

REED AMENDMENT NO. 3300

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. REED) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

SEC. __. EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY PROTECTED STATUS FOR CERTAIN NATIONALS OF LIBERIA.

(a) CONTINUATION OF STATUS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any alien described in subsection (b) who, as of the date of enactment of this Act, is registered for temporary protected status in the United States under section 244(c)(1)(A)(iv) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1254a(c)(1)(A)(iv)), or any predecessor law, order, or regulation, shall be entitled to maintain that status through September 30, 1999.

(b) COVERED ALIENS.—An alien referred to in subsection (a) is a national of Liberia or an alien who has no nationality and who last habitually resided in Liberia.

LEAHY AMENDMENT NO. 3301

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the bill, insert the following:

SEC. __. ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS OF CERTAIN ASYLEES IN GUAM.

(a) ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS

(1) EXEMPTION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.—The numerical limitation set forth in section 209(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1159(b)) shall not apply to any alien described in subsection (b).

(2) LIMITATION ON FEES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Any alien described in subsection (b) who applies for adjustment of status to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence under section 209(b) of that Act shall not be required to pay any fee for employment authorization or for adjustment of status in excess of the fee imposed on a refugee admitted under section 207(a) of that Act for employment authorization or adjustment of status.

(B) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This paragraph shall apply to applications for employment authorization or adjustment of status filed before, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act.

(b) COVERED ALIENS.—An alien described in subsection (a) is an alien who was a United States Government employee, employee of a nongovernmental organization based in the United States, or other Iraqi national who was moved to Guam by the United States Government in 1996 or 1997 pursuant to an arrangement made by the United States Government, and who was granted asylum in the United States under section 208(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1158(a)).

HATCH AMENDMENT NO. 3302

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 9, beginning on line 15, strike "Attorneys." and insert the following: "Attorneys: *Provided further,* That of the total amount appropriated, not to exceed \$3,000,000 shall remain available to hire additional assistant U.S. Attorneys and investigators to enforce Federal laws designed to keep firearms out of the hands of criminals, and the Attorney General is directed to initiate a selection process to identify two (2) major metropolitan areas (which shall not be in the same geographic area of the United States) which have an unusually high incidence of gun-related crime, where the funds described in this subsection shall be expended."

KERREY AMENDMENT NO. 3303

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. KERREY for himself, Mr. DORGAN, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Mr. JEFFORDS, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. WELLSTONE, and Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 72, between lines 16 and 17, insert the following:

SEC. 209. (a)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the amount appropriated by this title under "NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION" under the heading "INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS" is hereby increased by \$9,000,000.

(2) The additional amount appropriated by paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended.

(b)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the aggregate amount appropriated by this title under "DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE" is hereby reduced by \$9,000,000 with the amount of such reduction achieved by reductions of equal amounts from amounts appropriated by each heading under "DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE" except the headings referred to in paragraph (2).

(2) Reductions under paragraph (1) shall not apply to the following amounts:

(A) Amounts appropriated under "NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION" under the heading "PUBLIC TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES, PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION" and under the heading "INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS".

(B) Amounts appropriated under any heading under "NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY".

(C) Amounts appropriated under any heading under "NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION".

(c)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the second proviso under "NATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION" under the heading "INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE GRANTS" shall have no force or effect.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no entity that receives telecommunications services at preferential rates under section 254(h) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(h)) or receives assistance under the regional information sharing systems grant program of the Department of Justice under part M of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796h) may use funds under a grant under the heading referred to in paragraph (1) to cover any costs of the entity that would otherwise be covered by such preferential rates or such assistance, as the case may be.

MOSELEY-BRAUN AMENDMENT NO. 3304

Mr. GREGG (for Ms. MOSELEY-BRAUN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following new section:

SEC. ____ AGRICULTURAL EXPORT CONTROLS.

The International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) is amended—

(1) by redesignating section 208 as section 209; and

(2) by inserting after section 207 the following new section:

“SEC. 208. AGRICULTURAL CONTROLS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—

“(1) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—If the President imposes export controls on any agricultural commodity in order to carry out the provisions of this Act, the President shall immediately transmit a report on such action to Congress, setting forth the reasons for the controls in detail and specifying the period of time, which may not exceed 1 year, that the controls are proposed to be in effect. If Congress, within 60 days after the date of its receipt of the report, adopts a joint resolution pursuant to subsection (b), approving the imposition of the export controls, then such controls shall remain in effect for the period specified in the report, or until terminated by the President, whichever occurs first. If Congress, within 60 days after the date of its receipt of such report, fails to adopt a joint resolution approving such controls, then such controls shall cease to be effective upon the expiration of that 60-day period.

“(2) APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH (1).—The provisions of paragraph (1) and subsection (b) shall not apply to export controls—

“(A) which are extended under this Act if the controls, when imposed, were approved by Congress under paragraph (1) and subsection (b); or

“(B) which are imposed with respect to a country as part of the prohibition or curtailment of all exports to that country.

“(b) JOINT RESOLUTION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘joint resolution’ means only a joint resolution the matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: ‘That, pursuant to section 208 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, the President may impose export controls as specified in the report submitted to Congress on _____’, with the blank space being filled with the appropriate date.

“(2) INTRODUCTION.—On the day on which a report is submitted to the House of Representatives and the Senate under subsection (a), a joint resolution with respect to the export controls specified in such report shall be introduced (by request) in the House of Representatives by the chairman of the Committee on International Relations, for himself and the ranking minority member of the Committee, or by Members of the House designated by the chairman and ranking minority member; and shall be introduced (by request) in the Senate by the Majority Leader of the Senate, for himself and the Minority Leader of the Senate, or by Members of the Senate designated by the Majority Leader and Minority Leader of the Senate. If either House is not in session on the day on which such a report is submitted, the joint resolution shall be introduced in that House, as provided in the preceding sentence, on the first day thereafter on which that House is in session.

“(3) REFERRAL.—All joint resolutions introduced in the House of Representatives and in the Senate shall be referred to the appropriate committee.

“(4) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE.—If the committee of either House to which a joint resolution has been referred has not reported the joint resolution at the end of 30 days after its referral, the committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution or of any other joint resolution introduced with respect to the same matter.

“(5) CONSIDERATION IN SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—A joint resolution under this subsection shall be considered in the Senate in accordance with the provisions of section 601(b)(4) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976. For the purpose of expediting the consideration and passage of joint resolutions reported or discharged pursuant to the provisions of this subsection, it shall be in order for the Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives to present for consideration a resolution of the House of Representatives providing procedures for the immediate consideration of a joint resolution under this subsection which may be similar, if applicable, to the procedures set forth in section 601(b)(4) of the International Security Assistance and Arms Export Control Act of 1976.

“(6) PASSAGE BY 1 HOUSE.—In the case of a joint resolution described in paragraph (1), if, before the passage by 1 House of a joint resolution of that House, that House receives a resolution with respect to the same matter from the other House, then—

“(A) the procedure in that House shall be the same as if no joint resolution had been received from the other House; but

“(B) the vote on final passage shall be on the joint resolution of the other House.

“(c) COMPUTATION OF TIME.—In the computation of the period of 60 days referred to in subsection (a) and the period of 30 days referred to in paragraph (4) of subsection (b), there shall be excluded the days on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than 3 days to a day certain or because of an adjournment of Congress sine die.”.

HUTCHISON AMENDMENT NO. 3305

Mr. GREGG (for Mrs. HUTCHISON) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 101, line 17, insert after the period “Provided, That of this amount, \$1,400,000 shall be available for Student Incentive Payments.”

DORGAN (AND CONRAD)
AMENDMENT NO. 3306

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. DORGAN for himself and Mr. CONRAD) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title VI, insert the following new section:

SEC. ____ INVESTIGATION OF PRACTICES OF CANADIAN WHEAT BOARD.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, not less than 4 of the new employees authorized in fiscal years 1998 and 1999 for the Office of the United States Trade Representative shall work on investigating pricing practices of the Canadian Wheat Board and determining whether the United States spring wheat, barley, or durum wheat industries have suffered injury as a result of those practices.

(b) SCOPE OF INVESTIGATION.—The purpose of the investigation described in subsection (a) shall be to determine whether the practices of the Canadian Wheat Board constitute violations of the antidumping or countervailing duty provisions of title VII of

the Tariff Act of 1930 or the provisions of title II or III of the Trade Act of 1974. The investigation shall include—

(1) a determination as to whether the United States durum wheat industry, spring wheat industry, or barley industry is being materially injured or is threatened with material injury as a result of the practices of the Canadian Wheat Board;

(2) a determination as to whether the acts, policies, or practices of the Canadian Wheat Board—

(A) violate, or are inconsistent with, the provisions of, or otherwise deny benefits to the United States under, any trade agreement, or

(B) are unjustifiable or burden or restrict United States commerce;

(3) a review of home market price and cost of acquisition of Canadian grain;

(4) a determination as to whether Canadian grain is being imported into the United States in sufficient quantities to be a substantial cause of serious injury or threat of serious injury to the United States spring wheat, barley, or durum wheat industries; and

(5) a determination as to whether there is harmonization in the requirements for cross-border transportation of grain between Canada and the United States.

(c) ACTION BASED ON RESULTS OF THE INVESTIGATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If, based on the investigation conducted pursuant to this section, there is an affirmative determination under subsection (b) with respect to any act, policy, or practice of the Canadian Wheat Board, appropriate action shall be initiated under title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930, or title II or III of the Trade Act of 1974.

(2) CORRECTION OF HARMONIZATION PROBLEMS.—If, based on the investigation conducted pursuant to this section, there is a determination that there is no harmonization for cross-border grain transportation between Canada and the United States, the United States Trade Representative shall report to Congress regarding what action should be taken in order to harmonize cross-border transportation requirements.

(d) REPORT.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the United States Trade Representative shall report to Congress on the results of the investigation conducted pursuant to this section.

(e) DEFINITION OF GRAIN.—For purposes of this section, the terms “Canadian grain” and “grain” include spring wheat, durum wheat, and barley.

TORRICELLI AMENDMENT NO. 3307

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. TORRICELLI) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 135, between lines 11 and 12, insert the following:

SEC. 620. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 331 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 331) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) FM TRANSLATOR STATIONS.—(1) It may be the policy of the Commission, in any case in which the licensee of an existing FM translator station operating in the commercial FM band is licensed to a county (or to a community in such county) that has a population of 700,000 or more persons, is not an integral part of a larger municipal entity, and lacks a commercial FM radio station licensed to the county (or to any community within such county), to extend to the licensee—

“(A) authority for the origination of unlimited local programming through the station on a primary basis but only if the licensee abides in such programming by all

rules, regulations, and policies of the Commission regarding program material, content, schedule, and public service obligations otherwise applicable to commercial FM radio stations; and

“(B) authority to operate the station (either omnidirectionally or directionally, with facilities equivalent to those of a station operating with maximum effective radiated power of less than 100 watts and maximum antenna height above average terrain of 100 meters) if—

“(i) the station is not located within 320 kilometers (approximately 199 miles) of the United States border with Canada or with Mexico;

“(ii) the station provides full service FM stations operating on co-channel and first adjacent channels protection from interference as required by rules and regulations of the Commission applicable to full service FM stations; and

“(iii) the station complies with any other rules, regulations, and policies of the Commission applicable to FM translator stations that are not inconsistent with the provisions of this subparagraph.

“(2) Notwithstanding any rules, regulations, or policies of the Commission applicable to FM translator stations, a station operated under the authority of paragraph (1)(B)—

“(A) may accept or receive any amount of theoretical interference from any full service FM station;

“(B) may be deemed to comply in such operation with any intermediate frequency (IF) protection requirements if the station's effective radiated power in the pertinent direction is less than 100 watts;

“(C) may not be required to provide protection in such operation to any other FM station operating on 2nd or 3rd adjacent channels;

“(D) may utilize transmission facilities located in the county to which the station is licensed or in which the station's community of license is located; and

“(E) may utilize a directional antennae in such operation to the extent that such use is necessary to assure provision of maximum possible service to the residents of the county in which the station is licensed or in which the station's community of license is located.

“(3)(A) A licensee may exercise the authority provided under paragraph (1)(A) immediately upon written notification to the Commission of its intent to exercise such authority.

“(B)(i) A licensee may submit to the Commission an application to exercise the authority provided under paragraph (1)(B). The Commission may treat the application as an application for a minor change to the license to which the application applies.

“(ii) A licensee may exercise the authority provided under paragraph (1)(B) upon the granting of the application to exercise the authority under clause (i).”

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The section heading of that section is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 331. VERY HIGH FREQUENCY STATIONS AND AM AND FM RADIO STATIONS.”

(c) RENEWAL OF CERTAIN LICENSES.—(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Federal Communications Commission may renew the license of an FM translator station the licensee of which is exercising authority under subparagraph (A) or (B) of section 331(c)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934, as added by subsection (a), upon application for renewal of such license filed after the date of enactment of this Act, if the Commission determines that the public interest, convenience, and necessity would be served by the renewal of the license.

(2) If the Commission determines under paragraph (1) that the public interest, convenience, and necessity would not be served by the renewal of a license, the Commission shall, within 30 days of the date on which the decision not to renew the license becomes final, provide for the filing of applications for licenses for FM translator service to replace the FM translator service covered by the license not to be renewed.

**ABRAHAM (AND LEVIN)
AMENDMENT NO. 3308**

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. ABRAHAM for himself and Mr. LEVIN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. SEDIMENT CONTROL STUDY.

Of the amounts made available under this Act to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for operations, research, and facilities that are used for ocean and Great Lakes programs, \$50,000 shall be used for a study of sediment control at Grand Marais, Michigan.

**BROWNBACK (AND INHOFE)
AMENDMENT NO. 3309**

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. BROWNBACK for himself and Mr. INHOFE) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 62, lines 3 through 16, strike “That if the standard build-out” and all that follows through “covered by those costs.” and insert the following: “That the standard build-out costs of the Patent and Trademark Office shall not exceed \$36.69 per occupiable square foot for office-type space (which constitutes the amount specified in the Advanced Acquisition program of the General Services Administration) and shall not exceed an aggregate amount equal to \$88,000,000: *Provided further*, That the moving costs of the Patent and Trademark Office (which shall include the costs of moving, furniture, telephone, and data installation) shall not exceed \$135,000,000: *Provided further*, That the portion of the moving costs referred to in the preceding proviso that may be used for alterations that are above standard costs may not exceed \$29,000,000.”

HATCH AMENDMENT NO. 3310

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. HATCH) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 51, line 9, add a new section 121: SEC. 121. For fiscal year 1999 and thereafter, for any report which is required or authorized by this act to be submitted or delivered to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or of the House of Representatives by the Department of Justice or any component, agency, or bureau thereof, or which concerns matters within the jurisdiction of the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate or of the House of Representatives, a copy of such report shall be submitted to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate or of the House of Representatives, a copy of such report shall be submitted to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and of the House of Representatives concurrently as the report is submitted to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate or of the House of Representatives.”

**BIDEN (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT
NO. 3311**

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. BIDEN for himself, Mr. ABRAHAM, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr.

WELLSTONE, and Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

TITLE —VAWA RESTORATION ACT

SEC. 01. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the “VAWA Restoration Act”.

SEC. 02. REMOVING BARRIERS TO ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 245 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1255) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by inserting “of an alien who qualifies for classification under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii) of section 204(a)(1) or” after “The status”;

(2) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following: “An alien who qualifies for classification under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii) of section 204(a)(1) who files for adjustment of status under this subsection shall pay a \$1,000 fee, subject to the provisions of section 245(k).”;

(3) in subsection (c)(2), by striking “201(b) or a special” and inserting “201(b), an alien who qualifies for classification under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii) of section 204(a)(1), or a special”;

(4) in subsection (c)(4), by striking “201(b))” and inserting “201(b) or an alien who qualifies for classification under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii) of section 204(a)(1)”;

(5) in subsection (c)(5), by inserting “(other than an alien who qualifies for classification under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii) of section 204(a)(1))” after “an alien”;

(6) in subsection (c)(8), by inserting “(other than an alien who qualifies for classification under subparagraph (A)(iii), (A)(iv), (B)(ii), or (B)(iii) of section 204(a)(1))” after “any alien”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply to applications for adjustment of status pending on or after the date of the enactment of this title.

SEC. 03. REMOVING BARRIERS TO CANCELLATION OF REMOVAL AND SUSPENSION OF DEPORTATION FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) SPECIAL RULE FOR CALCULATING CONTINUOUS PERIOD FOR BATTERED SPOUSE OR CHILD.—Paragraph (1) of section 240A(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229b(d)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

“(1) TERMINATION OF CONTINUOUS PERIOD.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), for purposes of this section, any period of continuous residence or continuous physical presence in the United States shall be deemed to end when the alien is served a notice to appear under section 239(a) or when the alien has committed an offense referred to in section 212(a)(2) that renders the alien inadmissible to the United States under section 212(a)(2) or removable from the United States under section 237(a)(2) or 237(a)(4), whichever is earliest.

“(B) SPECIAL RULE FOR BATTERED SPOUSE OR CHILD.—For purposes of subsection (b)(2), the service of a notice to appear referred to in subparagraph (A) shall not be deemed to end any period of continuous physical presence in the United States.”

(2) EXEMPTION FROM ANNUAL LIMITATION ON CANCELLATION OF REMOVAL FOR BATTERED SPOUSE OR CHILD.—Section 240A(e)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229b(e)(3)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(C) Aliens whose removal is canceled under subsection (b)(2).”

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 304 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-208; 110 Stat. 587).

(b) MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN TRANSITION RULES FOR BATTERED SPOUSE OR CHILD.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (C) of section 309(c)(5) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note) (as amended by section 203 of the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act) is amended—

(A) by amending the subparagraph heading to read as follows:

“(C) SPECIAL RULE FOR CERTAIN ALIENS GRANTED TEMPORARY PROTECTION FROM DEPORTATION AND FOR BATTERED SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.—”;

(B) in clause (i)—

(i) by striking “or” at the end of subclause (IV);

(ii) by striking the period at the end of subclause (V) and inserting “; or”;

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

“(VI) is an alien who was issued an order to show cause or was in deportation proceedings prior to April 1, 1997, and who applied for suspension of deportation under section 244(a)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect before the date of the enactment of this Act).”.

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 309 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note).

SEC. 404. ELIMINATING TIME LIMITATIONS ON MOTIONS TO REOPEN REMOVAL AND DEPORTATION PROCEEDINGS FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

(a) REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 240(c)(6)(C) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a(c)(6)(C)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(iv) SPECIAL RULE FOR BATTERED SPOUSES AND CHILDREN.—There is no time limit on the filing of a motion to reopen, and the deadline specified in subsection (b)(5)(C) does not apply, if the basis of the motion is to apply for adjustment of status based on a petition filed under clause (iii) or (iv) of section 204(a)(1)(A), clause (ii) or (iii) of section 204(a)(1)(B), or section 240A(b)(2) and if the motion to reopen is accompanied by a cancellation of removal application to be filed with the Attorney General or by a copy of the self-petition that will be filed with the Immigration and Naturalization Service upon the granting of the motion to reopen.”

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of section 304 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (Public Law 104-208; 110 Stat. 587).

(b) DEPORTATION PROCEEDINGS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any limitation imposed by law on motions to reopen deportation proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect before the title III-A effective date in section 309 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note)), there is no time limit on the filing of a motion to reopen such proceedings, and the deadline specified in section 242B(c)(3) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as so in effect) does not apply, if the basis of the motion is to apply for relief under clause (iii) or (iv) of section 204(a)(1)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, clause (ii) or (iii) of section 204(a)(1)(B) of such Act, or section 244(a)(3) of such Act (as so in effect) and if the motion to reopen is accompanied by a

cancellation of removal application to be filed with the Attorney General or by a copy of the self-petition that will be filed with the Immigration and Naturalization Service upon the granting of the motion to reopen.

(2) APPLICABILITY.—Paragraph (1) shall apply to motions filed by aliens who—

(A) are, or were, in deportation proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act (as in effect before the title III-A effective date in section 309 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note)); and

(B) have become eligible to apply for relief under clause (iii) or (iv) of section 204(a)(1)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, clause (ii) or (iii) of section 204(a)(1)(B) of such Act, or section 244(a)(3) of such Act (as in effect before the title III-A effective date in section 309 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note)) as a result of the amendments made by—

(i) subtitle G of title IV of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103-322; 108 Stat. 1953 et seq.); or

(ii) section ___03 of this title.

**DURBIN (AND OTHERS)
AMENDMENT NO. 3312**

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. DURBIN for himself, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. REID, Mr. KOHL, Mr. HARKIN, Mr. CLELAND, Ms. MIKULSKI, and Mr. JEFFORDS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page ____, after line ____, insert the following:

SEC. ____. (a) IN GENERAL.—Part T of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 is amended—

(1) in section 2001 (42 U.S.C. 3796gg)—

(A) in subsection (a)—

(i) by inserting “, including older women” after “combat violent crimes against women”;

(ii) by inserting “, including older women” before the period; and

(B) in subsection (b)—

(i) in the matter before subparagraph (A), by inserting “, including older women” after “against women”;

(ii) in paragraph (6), by striking “and” after the semicolon;

(iii) in paragraph (7), by striking the period and inserting “; and”;

(iv) by adding at the end the following:

“(8) developing, through the oversight of the State administrator, a curriculum to train and assist law enforcement officers, prosecutors, and relevant officers of Federal, State, tribal, and local courts in recognizing, addressing, investigating, and prosecuting instances involving elder domestic abuse, including domestic violence and sexual assault against older individuals.”;

(2) in section 2002(c)(2) (42 U.S.C. 3796gg-1), by inserting “and elder domestic abuse experts” after “victim services programs”;

(3) in section 2003 (42 U.S.C. 3796gg-2)—

(A) in paragraph (7), by striking “and” after the semicolon;

(B) in paragraph (8), by striking the period and inserting “; and”;

(C) by adding at the end the following:

“(9) the term ‘elder’ has the same meaning as the term ‘older individual’ in section 102 of the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3002); and

“(10) the term ‘domestic abuse’ means an act or threat of violence, not including an act of self-defense, committed by—

“(A) a current or former spouse of the victim;

“(B) a person related by blood or marriage to the victim;

“(C) a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim;

“(D) a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;

“(E) a person who is or has been in the social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and

“(F) a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim, or by any other person; if the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction of the victim provide for legal protection of the victim from the person.”.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to grants beginning with fiscal year 1999.

BROWNBACK AMENDMENT NO. 3313

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. BROWNBACK) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 72, between lines 16 and 17, insert the following:

SEC. 209. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 254(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(a)) is amended—

(1) by striking the second sentence in paragraph (1);

(2) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and

(3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:

“(2) MEMBERSHIP OF JOINT BOARD.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The Joint Board required by paragraph (1) shall be composed of 9 members, as follows:

“(i) 3 shall be members of the Federal Communications Commission;

“(ii) 1 shall be a State-appointed utility consumer advocate nominated by a national organization of State utility consumer advocates; and

“(iii) 5 shall be State utility commissioners nominated by the national organization of State utility commissions, with at least 2 such commissioners being commissioners of commissions of rural States.

“(B) CO-CHAIRMEN.—The Joint Board shall have 2 co-chairmen of equal authority, one of whom shall be a member of the Federal Communications Commission, and the other of whom shall be one of the 5 members described in subparagraph (A)(iii). The Federal Communications Commission shall adopt rules and procedures under which the co-chairmen of the Joint Board will have equal authority and equal responsibility for the Joint Board.

“(C) RURAL STATE DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term ‘rural State’ means any State in which the 1998 high-cost universal service support payments to local telephone companies exceeds 90 cents on a per loop per month basis.”.

(b) FCC TO ADOPT PROCEDURES PROMPTLY.—The Federal Communications Commission shall adopt rules under section 254(a)(2)(B) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(a)(2)(B)), as added by subsection (a) of this section, within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

(c) RECONSTITUTED JOINT BOARD TO CONSIDER UNIVERSAL SERVICE.—The Federal-State Joint Board established under section 254(a)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(a)(1)) shall not take action on the Commission’s Order and Order on Reconsideration adopted July 13, 1998, (CC Docket No. 96-45; FCC 98-160) relating to universal service until—

(1) the Commission has adopted rules under section 254(a)(2)(B) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(a)(2)(B)); and

(2) the co-chairman of the Joint Board have been chosen under that section.

TORRICELLI AMENDMENT NO. 3314

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. TORRICELLI) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2. NONPOINT POLLUTION CONTROL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the amounts made available to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration under this Act, \$3,000,000 shall be made available to the Administration for the nonpoint pollution control program of the Coastal Zone Management program of the Administration.

(b) PRO RATA REDUCTIONS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a pro rata reduction shall be made to each program in the Department of Commerce funded under this Act in such manner as to result in an aggregate reduction in the amount of funds provided to those programs of \$3,000,000.

LAUTENBERG (AND TORRICELLI) AMENDMENT NO. 3315

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. LAUTENBERG for himself and Mr. TORRICELLI) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 34, line 20, insert the following: strike “65,960,000” and insert “66,960,000”.

On page 34, line 19, insert the following: strike “\$119,960,000” and insert “\$120,960,000”.

FEINGOLD AMENDMENT NO. 3316

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. FEINGOLD) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ CHILD EXPLOITATION SENTENCING ENHANCEMENT.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) CHILD; CHILDREN.—The term “child” or “children” means a minor or minors of an age specified in the applicable provision of title 18, United States Code, that is subject to review under this section.

(2) MINOR.—The term “minor” means any individual who has not attained the age of 18, except that, with respect to references to section 2243 of title 18, United States Code, the term means an individual described in subsection (a) of that section.

(b) INCREASED PENALTIES FOR USE OF A COMPUTER IN THE SEXUAL ABUSE OR EXPLOITATION OF A CHILD.—Pursuant to the authority granted to the United States Sentencing Commission under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) review the Federal sentencing guidelines on aggravated sexual abuse under section 2241 of title 18, United States Code, sexual abuse under section 2242 of title 18, United States Code, sexual abuse of a minor or ward under section 2243 of title 18, United States Code, coercion and enticement of a juvenile under section 2422(b) of title 18, United States Code, and transportation of minors under section 2423 of title 18, United States Code; and

(2) upon completion of the review under paragraph (1), promulgate amendments to the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an appropriate sentencing enhancement if the defendant used a computer with the intent to persuade, induce, entice, or coerce a child of an age specified in the applicable provision referred to in paragraph (1) to engage in any prohibited sexual activity.

(c) INCREASED PENALTIES FOR KNOWING MISREPRESENTATION IN THE SEXUAL ABUSE OR EXPLOITATION OF A CHILD.—Pursuant to the

authority granted to the United States Sentencing Commission under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) review the Federal sentencing guidelines on aggravated sexual abuse under section 2241 of title 18, United States Code, sexual abuse under section 2242 of title 18, United States Code, sexual abuse of a minor or ward under section 2243 of title 18, United States Code, coercion and enticement of a juvenile under section 2422(b) of title 18, United States Code, and transportation of minors under section 2423 of title 18, United States Code; and

(2) upon completion of the review under paragraph (1), promulgate amendments to the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an appropriate sentencing enhancement if the defendant knowingly misrepresented the actual identity of the defendant with the intent to persuade, induce, entice, or coerce a child of an age specified in the applicable provision referred to in paragraph (1) to engage in a prohibited sexual activity.

(d) INCREASED PENALTIES FOR PATTERN OF ACTIVITY OF SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN.—Pursuant to the authority granted to the United States Sentencing Commission under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) review the Federal sentencing guidelines on criminal sexual abuse, the production of sexually explicit material, the possession of materials depicting a child engaging in sexually explicit conduct, coercion and enticement of minors, and the transportation of minors; and

(2) upon completion of the review under paragraph (1), promulgate amendments to the Federal sentencing guidelines to provide an appropriate sentencing enhancement applicable to the offenses referred to in paragraph (1) in any case in which the defendant engaged in a pattern of activity involving the sexual abuse or exploitation of a minor.

(e) REPEAT OFFENDERS; INCREASED MAXIMUM PENALTIES FOR TRANSPORTATION FOR ILLEGAL SEXUAL ACTIVITY AND RELATED CRIMES.—

(1) REPEAT OFFENDERS.—

(A) CHAPTER 117.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 117 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“§ 2425. Repeat offenders

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Any person described in this subsection shall be subject to the punishment under subsection (b). A person described in this subsection is a person who violates a provision of this chapter, after one or more prior convictions—

“(1) for an offense punishable under this chapter, or chapter 109A or 110; or

“(2) under any applicable law of a State relating to conduct punishable under this chapter, or chapter 109A or 110.

“(b) PUNISHMENT.—A violation of a provision of this chapter by a person described in subsection (a) is punishable by a term of imprisonment of a period not to exceed twice the period that would otherwise apply under this chapter.”.

(ii) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 117 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“2425. Repeat offenders.”.

(B) CHAPTER 109A.—Section 2247 of title 18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

“§ 2247. Repeat offenders

“(a) IN GENERAL.—Any person described in this subsection shall be subject to the punishment under subsection (b). A person de-

scribed in this subsection is a person who violates a provision of this chapter, after one or more prior convictions—

“(1) for an offense punishable under this chapter, or chapter 110 or 117; or

“(2) under any applicable law of a State relating to conduct punishable under this chapter, or chapter 110 or 117.

“(b) PUNISHMENT.—A violation of a provision of this chapter by a person described in subsection (a) is punishable by a term of imprisonment of a period not to exceed twice the period that would otherwise apply under this chapter.”.

(2) INCREASED MAXIMUM PENALTIES FOR TRANSPORTATION FOR ILLEGAL SEXUAL ACTIVITY AND RELATED CRIMES.—

(A) TRANSPORTATION GENERALLY.—Section 2421 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking “five” and inserting “10”.

(B) COERCION AND ENTICEMENT OF MINORS.—Section 2422 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking “five” and inserting “10”; and

(ii) in subsection (b), by striking “10” and inserting “15”.

(C) TRANSPORTATION OF MINORS.—Section 2423 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking “ten” and inserting “15”; and

(ii) in subsection (b), by striking “10” and inserting “15”.

(3) AMENDMENT OF SENTENCING GUIDELINES.—Pursuant to the authority granted to the United States Sentencing Commission under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(A) review the Federal sentencing guidelines relating to chapter 117 of title 18, United States Code; and

(B) upon completion of the review under subparagraph (A), promulgate such amendments to the Federal sentencing guidelines as are necessary to provide for the amendments made by this subsection.

(f) CLARIFICATION OF DEFINITION OF DISTRIBUTION OF PORNOGRAPHY.—Pursuant to the authority granted to the United States Sentencing Commission under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) review the Federal sentencing guidelines relating to the distribution of pornography covered under chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code, relating to the sexual exploitation and other abuse of children; and

(2) upon completion of the review under paragraph (1), promulgate such amendments to the Federal sentencing guidelines as are necessary to clarify that the term “distribution of pornography” applies to the distribution of pornography—

(A) for monetary remuneration; or

(B) for a nonpecuniary interest.

(g) DIRECTIVE TO THE UNITED STATES SENTENCING COMMISSION.—In carrying out this section, the United States Sentencing Commission shall—

(1) with respect to any action relating to the Federal sentencing guidelines subject to this section, ensure reasonable consistency with other guidelines of the Federal sentencing guidelines; and

(2) with respect to an offense subject to the Federal sentencing guidelines, avoid duplicative punishment under the guidelines for substantially the same offense.

(h) AUTHORIZATION FOR GUARDIANS AD LITEM.—

(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Justice, for the purpose specified in paragraph (2), such sums as may be necessary for each of fiscal years 1998 through 2001.

(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose specified in this paragraph is the procurement, in accordance with section 3509(h) of title 18, United States Code, of the services of individuals with sufficient professional training, experience, and familiarity with the criminal justice system, social service programs, and child abuse issues to serve as guardians ad litem for children who are the victims of, or witnesses to, a crime involving abuse or exploitation.

(i) APPLICABILITY.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall apply to any action that commences on or after the date of enactment of this Act.

STEVENS AMENDMENT NO. 3317

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. STEVENS) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 128, line 9, strike "(1)";
On page 129, line 3, strike "(2)" and insert in lieu thereof "(b)"; on line 6, strike "paragraph (1)" and insert in lieu thereof "subsection (a)"; on line 14, strike "(3)" and insert in lieu thereof "(c)"; strike "subsection" and insert in lieu thereof "section".

On page 129, strike all of the subsection "(b)" beginning on line 18 to the end of the subsection on page 130.

LAUTENBERG (AND TORRICELLI) AMENDMENT NO. 3318

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. LAUTENBERG for himself and Mr. TORRICELLI) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

On page 9, line 15, strike the period and insert the following: "Provided further, That \$2,300,000 shall be used to provide for additional assistant United States attorneys and investigators to serve in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania and Camden County, New Jersey, to enforce Federal laws designed to prevent the possession by criminals of firearms (as that term is defined in section 921(a) of title 18, United States Code), of which \$1,500,000 shall be used to provide for those attorneys and investigators in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania and \$800,000 shall be used to provide for those attorneys and investigators in Camden County, New Jersey."

GRAMS (AND HELMS) AMENDMENTS NOS. 3319-3321

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. GRAMS for himself and Mr. HELMS) proposed three amendments to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

AMENDMENT NO. 3319

On page 100, between lines 18 and 19, insert the following:

SEC. 407. Before any additional disbursement of funds may be made pursuant to the sixth proviso under the heading "CONTRIBUTIONS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS" in title IV of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1998 (as contained in Public Law 105-119)—

(1) the Secretary of State shall, in lieu of the certification required under such sixth proviso, submit a certification to the committees described in paragraph (2) that the United Nations has taken no action during the preceding six months to increase funding for any United Nations program without identifying an offsetting decrease during the 6-month period elsewhere in the United Nations budget and cause the United Nations to exceed the reform budget of \$2,533,000,000 for the biennium 1998-1999; and

(2) the certification under paragraph (1) is submitted to the Committees on Appropria-

tions and Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committees on Appropriations and International Relations of the House of Representatives at least 15 days in advance of any disbursement of funds.

AMENDMENT NO. 3320

At the appropriate place in Title IV, insert the following new sections:

SEC. . BAN ON EXTRADITION OR TRANSFER OF U.S. CITIZENS TO THE INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT.

(a) None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act may be used to extradite a United States citizen to a foreign nation that is under an obligation to surrender persons to the International Criminal Court unless that foreign nation confirms to the United States that applicable prohibitions on reextradition apply to such surrender, or gives other satisfactory assurances to the United States that it will not extradite or otherwise transfer that citizen to the International Criminal Court.

(b) None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act may be used to provide consent to the extradition or transfer of a United States citizen by a foreign country that is under an obligation to surrender persons to the International Criminal Court to a third country, unless the third country confirms to the United States that applicable prohibitions on reextradition apply to such surrender, or gives other satisfactory assurances to the United States that it will not extradite or otherwise transfer that citizen to the International Criminal Court.

(c) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term "International Criminal Court" means the court established by agreement concluded in Rome on July 17, 1998.

AMENDMENT NO. 3321

On page 100, between lines 18 and 19, insert the following new section:

SEC. 407. (a) None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this or any other Act (including prior appropriations) may be used for—

(1) the payment of any representation in, or any contribution to (including any assessed contribution), or provision of funds, services, equipment, personnel, or other support to, the International Criminal Court established by agreement concluded in Rome on July 17, 1998, or

(2) the United States proportionate share of any assessed contribution to the United Nations or any other international organization that is used to provide support to the International Criminal Court described in paragraph (1),

unless the Senate has given its advice and consent to ratification of the agreement as a treaty under Article II, Section 2, Clause 2 of the Constitution of the United States.

DURBIN AMENDMENT NO. 3322

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. DURBIN) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

TITLE —NURSING RELIEF FOR DISADVANTAGED AREAS

SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Nursing Relief for Disadvantaged Areas Act of 1998".

SEC. 2. REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION OF NONIMMIGRANT NURSES IN HEALTH PROFESSIONAL SHORTAGE AREAS DURING 4-YEAR PERIOD.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF A NEW NON-IMMIGRANT CLASSIFICATION FOR NON-

IMMIGRANT NURSES IN HEALTH PROFESSIONAL SHORTAGE AREAS.—Section 101(a)(15)(H)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)) is amended by striking "or" at the end and inserting the following: ", or (c) who is coming temporarily to the United States to perform services as a registered nurse, who meets the qualifications described in section 212(m)(1), and with respect to whom the Secretary of Labor determines and certifies to the Attorney General that an unexpired attestation is on file and in effect under section 212(m)(2) for the facility (as defined in section 212(m)(6)) for which the alien will perform the services; or".

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Section 212(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(m)) is amended to read as follows:

"(m)(1) The qualifications referred to in section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c), with respect to alien who is coming to the United States to perform nursing services for a facility, are that the alien—

"(A) has obtained a full and unrestricted license to practice professional nursing in the country where the alien obtained nursing education or has received nursing education in the United States;

"(B) has passed an appropriate examination (recognized in regulations promulgated in consultation with the Secretary of Health and Human Services) or has a full and unrestricted license under State law to practice professional nursing in the State of intended employment; and

"(C) is fully qualified and eligible under the laws (including such temporary or interim licensing requirements which authorize the nurse to be employed) governing the place of intended employment to engage in the practice of professional nursing as a registered nurse immediately upon admission to the United States and is authorized under such laws to be employed by the facility.

"(2)(A) The attestation referred to in section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c), with respect to a facility for which an alien will perform services, is an attestation as to the following:

"(i) The facility meets all the requirements of paragraph (6).

"(ii) The employment of the alien will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of registered nurses similarly employed.

"(iii) The alien employed by the facility will be paid the wage rate for registered nurses similarly employed by the facility.

"(iv) The facility has taken and is taking timely and significant steps designed to recruit and retain sufficient registered nurses who are United States citizens or immigrants who are authorized to perform nursing services, in order to remove as quickly as reasonably possible the dependence of the facility on nonimmigrant registered nurses.

"(v) There is not a strike or lockout in the course of a labor dispute, and the employment of such an alien is not intended or designed to influence an election for a bargaining representative for registered nurses of the facility.

"(vi) At the time of the filing of the petition for registered nurses under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c), notice of the filing has been provided by the facility to the bargaining representative of the registered nurses at the facility or, where there is no such bargaining representative, notice of the filing has been provided to the registered nurses employed at the facility through posting in conspicuous locations.

"(vii) The facility will not, at any time, employ a number of aliens issued visas or otherwise provided nonimmigrant status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) that exceeds 33 percent of the total number of registered nurses employed by the facility.

“(viii) The facility will not, with respect to any alien issued a visa or otherwise provided non-immigrant status under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c)—

“(I) authorize the alien to perform nursing services at any worksite other than a worksite controlled by the facility; or

“(II) transfer the place of employment of the alien from one worksite to another.

Nothing in clause (iv) shall be construed as requiring a facility to have taken significant steps described in such clause before the date of the enactment of the Health Professional Shortage Area Nursing Relief Act of 1998. A copy of the attestation shall be provided, within 30 days of the date of filing, to registered nurses employed at the facility on the date of the filing.

“(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A)(iv), each of the following shall be considered a significant step reasonably designed to recruit and retain registered nurses:

“(i) Operating a training program for registered nurses at the facility or financing (or providing participation in) a training program for registered nurses elsewhere.

“(ii) Providing career development programs and other methods of facilitating health care workers to become registered nurses.

“(iii) Paying registered nurses wages at a rate higher than currently being paid to registered nurses similarly employed in the geographic area.

“(iv) Providing reasonable opportunities for meaningful salary advancement by registered nurses.

The steps described in this subparagraph shall not be considered to be an exclusive list of the significant steps that may be taken to meet the conditions of subparagraph (A)(iv). Subparagraph (A)(iv)'s requirement shall be satisfied by a facility taking any of the steps listed in this subparagraph.

“(C) Subject to subparagraph (E), an attestation under subparagraph (A)—

“(i) shall expire on the date that is the later of—

“(I) the end of the one-year period beginning of the date of its filing with the Secretary of Labor; or

“(II) the end of the period of admission under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) of the last alien with respect to whose admission it was applied (in accordance with clause (ii)); and

“(ii) shall apply to petitions filed during the one-year period beginning on the date of its filing with the Secretary of Labor if the facility states in each such petition that it continues to comply with the conditions in the attestation.

“(D) A facility may meet the requirements under this paragraph with respect to more than one registered nurse in a single petition.

“(E)(i) The Secretary of Labor shall compile and make available for public examination in a timely manner in Washington, D.C., a list identifying facilities which have filed petitions for nonimmigrants under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) and, for each such facility, a copy of the facility's attestation under subparagraph (A) (and accompanying documentation) and each such petition filed by the facility.

“(ii) The Secretary of Labor shall establish a process, including reasonable time limits, for the receipt, investigation, and disposition of complaints respecting a facility's failure to meet conditions attested to or a facility's misrepresentation of a material fact in an attestation. Complaints may be filed by any aggrieved person or organization (including bargaining representatives, associations deemed appropriate by the Secretary, and other aggrieved parties as determined under regulations of the Secretary). The Secretary

shall conduct an investigation under this clause if there is reasonable cause to believe that a facility fails to meet conditions attested to. Subject to the time limits established under this clause, this subparagraph shall apply regardless of whether an attestation is expired or unexpired at the time a complaint is filed.

“(iii) Under such process, the Secretary shall provide, within 180 days after the date such a complaint is filed, for a determination as to whether or not a basis exists to make a finding described in clause (iv). If the Secretary determines that such a basis exists, the Secretary shall provide for notice of such determination to the interested parties and an opportunity for a hearing on the complaint within 60 days of the date of the determination.

“(iv) If the Secretary of Labor finds, after notice and opportunity for a hearing, that a facility (for which an attestation is made) has failed to meet a condition attested to or that there was a misrepresentation of material fact in the attestation, the Secretary shall notify the Attorney General of such finding and may, in addition, impose such an administrative remedies (including civil monetary penalties in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 per nurse per violation, with the total penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per violation) as the Secretary determines to be appropriate. Upon receipt of such notice, the Attorney General shall not approve petitions filed with respect to a facility during a period of at least one year for nurses to be employed by the facility.

“(v) In addition to the sanctions provided for under clause (iv), if the Secretary of Labor finds, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing that, a facility has violated the condition attested to under subparagraph (A)(ii) (relating to payment of registered nurses at the prevailing wage rate), the Secretary shall order the facility to provide for payment of such amounts of back pay as may be required to comply with such condition.

“(F)(i) The Secretary of Labor shall impose on a facility filing an attestation under subparagraph (A) a filing fee, in an amount prescribed by the Secretary based on the costs of carrying out the Secretary's duties under this subsection, but not exceeding \$250.

“(ii) Fees collected under this subparagraph shall be deposited in a fund established for this purpose in the Treasury of the United States.

“(iii) The collected fees in the fund shall be available to the Secretary of Labor, to the extent and in such amounts as may be provided in appropriations Acts, to cover the costs described in clause (i), in addition to any other funds that are available to the Secretary to cover such costs.

“(3) The period of admission of an alien under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) shall be 3 years.

“(4) The total number of nonimmigrant visas issued pursuant to petitions granted under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) in each fiscal year shall not exceed 500. The number of petitions granted under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) for each State in each fiscal year shall not exceed the following:

“(A) For States with populations of less than 9,000,000 based upon the 1990 decennial census of population, 25 petitions.

“(B) For States with populations of 9,000,000 or more, based upon the 1990 decennial census of population, 50 petitions.

“(C) If the total number of visas available under this paragraph for a calendar quarter exceeds the number of qualified nonimmigrants who may be issued such visas, the visas made available under this paragraph shall be issued without regard to the

numerical limitations under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph during the remainder of the calendar quarter.

“(5) A facility that has filed a petition under section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) to employ a nonimmigrant to perform nursing services for the facility—

“(A) shall provide the nonimmigrant a wage rate and working conditions commensurate with those of nurses similarly employed by the facility;

“(B) shall require the nonimmigrant to work hours commensurate with those of nurses similarly employed by the facility; and

“(C) shall not interfere with the right of the nonimmigrant to join or organize a union.

“(6) For purposes of this subsection and section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c), the term ‘facility’ means a subsection (d) hospital (as defined in section 1886(d)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395ww(d)(1)(B))) that meets the following requirements:

“(A) As of March 31, 1997, the hospital was located in a health professional shortage area (as defined in section 332 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254e)).

“(B) Based on its settled cost report filed under title XVIII of the Social Security Act for its costs reporting period beginning during fiscal year 1994—

“(i) the hospital has not less than 190 licensed acute care beds;

“(ii) the number of the hospital's inpatient days for such period which were made up of patients who (for such days) were entitled to benefits under part A of such title is not less than 35 percent of the total number of such hospital's acute care inpatient days for such period; and

“(iii) the number of the hospital's inpatient days for such period which were made up of patients who (for such days) were eligible for medical assistance under a State plan approved under title XIX of the Social Security Act, is not less than 28 percent of the total number of such hospital's acute care inpatient days for such period.”

(c) REPEALER.—Clause (i) of section 101(a)(15)(H) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(H)(i)) is amended by striking subclause (a).

(d) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor (in consultation, to the extent required, with the Secretary of Health and Human Services) and the Attorney General shall promulgate final or interim final regulations to carry out section 212(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as amended by subsection (b)).

(e) LIMITING APPLICATION OF NONIMMIGRANT CHANGES TO 4-YEAR PERIOD.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to classification petitions filed for nonimmigrant status only during the 4-year period beginning on the date that interim or final regulation are first promulgated under subsection (d).

SEC. 3. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ALTERNATIVE REMEDY FOR NURSING SHORTAGE.

Not later than the last day of the 4-year period described in section 2(e), the Secretary of Health and Human Services and the Secretary of Labor shall jointly submit to Congress recommendations (including legislative specifications) with respect to the following:

(1) A program to eliminate the dependence of facilities described in section 212(m)(6) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as amended by section 2(b)) on nonimmigrant registered nurses by providing for a permanent solution to the shortage of registered nurses who are United States citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

(2) A method of enforcing the requirements imposed on facilities under sections 101(a)(15)(H)(i)(c) and 212(m) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (as amended by section ____ 2) that would be more effective than the process described in section 212(m)(2)(E) of such Act (as so amended).

FRIST AMENDMENT NO. 3323

Mr. GREGG (for Mr. FRIST) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2260, supra; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title III, insert the following:

SEC. 3. SIGNAGE ON HIGHWAYS WITH RESPECT TO THE NATIONAL CEMETERY SYSTEM.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY.—The term "Federal aid highway" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of title 23, United States Code.

(2) NATIONAL CEMETERY SYSTEM.—The term "National Cemetery System" means the National Cemetery System, which is managed by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs.

(3) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of title 23, United States Code.

(b) FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAYS.—The Secretary of Transportation, acting through the Administrator of the Federal Highway Administration, shall take such action as may be necessary to ensure that, for each cemetery of the National Cemetery System that is located in the proximity of any Federal-aid highway, there is sufficient and appropriate signage along that highway to direct visitors to that cemetery.

(c) STATE HIGHWAYS.—Nothing in subsection (b) is intended to affect the provision of signage by a State along a State highway to direct visitors to a cemetery of the National Cemetery System.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1999

SHELBY (AND LAUTENBERG) AMENDMENT NO. 3324

Mr. SHELBY (for himself and Mr. LAUTENBERG) proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 2307) making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1999, and for other purposes; as follows:

On page 19 of the bill in line 2, strike "Provided, That \$3,000,000 shall be transferred to the Appalachian Regional Commission".

On page 26 of the bill, line 15, insert the following before the period: "Provided further, That of the funds provided under this heading, \$5,000,000 shall be made available for grants authorized under title 49 United States Code section 22301".

On page 20 of the bill, in line 17, after the colon, insert: "Provided further, That within the \$20,000,000 made available for refuge roads in fiscal year 1999 by section 204 of title 23, United States Code, as amended, \$700,000 shall be made available to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to determine the feasibility of providing reliable access connecting King Cove and Cold Bay, Alaska and \$1,500,000 shall be made available for improvements to the Crooked Creek access road in the Charles M. Russell National Wildlife Refuge, Montana".

On page 28 of the bill, amend the figure in line 5 to read "7,500,000".

On page 44 of the bill, insert at the beginning of line 1 the following: "New York City NY Midtown west ferry terminal".

On page 51 of the bill, insert after line 19 the following: "Whittier, AK intermodal facility and pedestrian overpass".

On pages 86 and 87 of the bill, strike all of section 336 (lines 16-24 and lines 1-10).

On page 88 of the bill, in line 18, after the semicolon insert the following:

(3) in subsection (d), by inserting "(including an exemption under subsection (b)(3)(B)(i) relating to a bumper standard referred to in subsection (b)(1))" after "subsection (b)(3)(B)(i) of this section"; and.

And on page 88 of the bill, in line 19, amend the "(3)" subsection number to read "(4)".

On page 90 of the bill, in line 1, after the semicolon insert the following: "\$3,500,000 is provided for the Providence-Boston commuter rail project";.

On page 92 of the bill, after line 25, insert the following:

SEC. 351. Item 1132 in section 1602 of the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (112 Stat. 298), relating to Mississippi, is amended by striking "Pirate Cove" and inserting "Pirates' Cove and 4-lane connector to Mississippi Highway 468".

On page 78 of the bill, strike lines 8-15, and insert the following:

SEC. 322. None of the funds in this or any other Act may be used to compel, direct or require agencies of the Department of Transportation in their own construction contract awards, or recipients of financial assistance for construction projects under this Act, to use a project labor agreement on any project, nor to preclude use of a project labor agreement in such circumstances.

INTERNATIONAL MONETARY FUND APPROPRIATIONS ACT OF 1998

MURKOWSKI AMENDMENT NO. 3325

Mr. MURKOWSKI proposed an amendment to the bill (S. 2334) making appropriations for foreign operations, export financing, and related programs for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1999, and for other purposes; as follows:

SECTION 1. ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND PROCEDURES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 11(a) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635i-5(a)) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting the following: "; except that the Board of Directors may not withhold financing from a project under this subsection if the government of any other G-7 country is providing (or has indicated approval to provide) financing of the project."; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(3) G-7.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "G-7" means the group consisting of France, Germany, Japan, the United Kingdom, the United States, Canada, and Italy, established in September, 1985, to facilitate economic cooperation among the seven major non-Communist economic powers."

(b) DEVELOPMENT OF CONSISTENT ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—It is the sense of Congress that—

(A) consistent with the objectives of section 2(b)(1)(A) of the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 (12 U.S.C. 635(b)(1)(A)), the Export-Import Bank should seek to reach an international agreement with the export financing agencies of other G-7 countries regarding environmental policies and procedures for the financing of projects; and

(B) such agreement should be subject to Congressional approval.

(2) G-7.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "G-7" means the group consisting of France, Germany, Japan, the United Kingdom, the United States, Canada, and Italy, established in September, 1985, to facilitate economic cooperation among the seven major non-Communist economic powers.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 1999

MCCONNELL AMENDMENT NO. 3326

Mr. MCCONNELL proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2307, supra; as follows:

On page 92, after line 25, add the following:

SEC. 3. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF CONSTITUTIONAL CLAIMS.

(a) EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION.—It shall be the duty of a district court of the United States and the Supreme Court of the United States to advance on the docket and to expedite to the maximum extent practicable the disposition of any claim challenging the constitutionality of section 1101(b) of the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (23 U.S.C. 101 note; 112 Stat. 113), whether on its face or as applied.

(b) APPEAL TO SUPREME COURT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any order of a district court of the United States disposing of a claim described in subsection (a) shall be reviewable by appeal directly to the Supreme Court of the United States.

(2) DEADLINES FOR APPEAL.—

(A) NOTICE OF APPEAL.—Any appeal under paragraph (1) shall be taken by a notice of appeal filed within 10 calendar days after the date on which the order of the district court is entered.

(B) JURISDICTIONAL STATEMENT.—The jurisdictional statement shall be filed within 30 calendar days after the date on which the order of the district court is entered.

(3) STAYS.—No stay of an order described in paragraph (1) shall be issued by a single Justice of the Supreme Court.

(c) APPLICABILITY.—Subsections (a) and (b) shall apply with respect to any claim filed after June 9, 1998, but before June 10, 1999.

DEWINE (AND OTHERS) AMENDMENT NO. 3327

Mr. DEWINE (for himself, Mr. COVERDELL, Mr. GRAHAM, Mr. BOND, Mr. GRASSLEY, and Mr. FAIRCLOTH) proposed an amendment to the bill, S. 2307, supra; as follows:

Beginning on page 8 of the bill, in line 17 after the colon insert: "Provided further, That not less than \$2,000,000 shall be available to support restoration of enhanced counter-narcotics operations around the island of Hispaniola.

On page 5 of the bill, in line 4, strike "\$165,215,000" and insert "\$158,468,000".

On page 9 of the bill, in line 2, strike "\$388,693,000" and insert "\$426,173,000".

On page 9 of the bill, in line 4, strike "\$215,473,000" and insert "\$234,553,000".

On page 9 of the bill, in line 7, strike "\$46,131,000" and insert "\$55,131,000".

On page 9 of the bill, in line 9, strike "\$35,389,000" and insert "\$44,789,000".

On page 77 of the bill, in line 15, strike "\$10,500,000" and insert "\$17,247,000".