

right reasons. The public has far too much at stake to allow competition to jeopardize reliability. Already, the pendulum has swung so far in the direction of open competition that reliability is being compromised.

New participants in the industry tend to think of electricity as a commodity, to be bought and sold like any other. They are fond of comparing electricity to natural gas and seek an industry structure in which they can trade electricity without limits. But as long as electricity is dependent upon instantaneous transmission—until it can be stored efficiently for later use—we cannot afford to treat it as a simple commodity. The risk are far too great to permit this mindset to govern energy policy. New players, policy-makers, and even many established utilities must come to realize that electric system reliability doesn't happen by itself. It takes planning, resources, and time to ensure that the nation's electric grid will continue to operate smoothly.

The North American grid can become a balanced playing field—accessible to all, supportive of open competition, and robust enough to withstand the worst that nature and growth can throw at it. Or it can decline into a choked and inefficient war zone where interruptions are commonplace, as industry players try to outdo each other in search of short-term profit. Restructuring can help create that balanced field by encouraging new generators to enter the market and relieve the current shortage of electricity production. Without comparable improvements in transmission, however, we may be putting out the fire with gasoline.

TRIBUTE TO ADAM GRAVES

HON. BILL PASCRELL, JR.

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 28, 2000

Mr. PASCRELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call to your attention the exploits of a remarkable athlete and humanitarian, Adam Graves of Tucumseh, Ontario, Canada. On Wednesday, June 14, 2000, he was feted at the Brownstone House in Paterson, NJ, because of his selfless dedication to the community and children by the Boys & Girls Club of Passaic, NJ, at the Annual Sportsman of the Year Dinner. It is only fitting that Adam be honored, for he has a long history of caring, generosity and commitment to others.

The road to Adam's professional career took him through the minor leagues. He made his AHL debut in the 1987 playoffs. In 1989, he helped Adirondack win the Calder Cup and notched 11 goals and 7 assists.

In an All-Star Junior career, Adam totaled 100 goals and 124 assists in two and a half seasons with Windsor of the OHL. He led the team in playoff goals in all three seasons. Adam also captained the Spitfires to the OHL Championship in 1988. In addition, he led the OHL in playoff scoring with 32 points.

Adam Graves also has a stellar international record. As a member of the Gold Medal-winning Canadian Junior team at the World Junior Championships in 1988, he notched five goals. He also served as captain of Team Canada at the 1993 World Championships in Munich, Germany, tallying six points. Additionally, he garnered seven points representing Team Canada at the 1999 World Championships in Norway.

Selected by the Detroit Red Wings in the second round, Adam was the 22nd overall

pick of the 1986 NHL Entry Draft. After 3 years he was traded to the Edmonton Oilers, where he helped the team win the Stanley Cup. Adam was signed by the New York Rangers as a free agent on September 2, 1991, and clinched his second Stanley Cup in 1994.

In total, Adam has appeared in 907 career NHL games, registered 293 goals and 248 assists for 541 points, along with 61 post-season points. He played in his first NHL All-Star Game on January 22, 1994, at Madison Square Garden in New York.

Born April 12, in Toronto, Ontario, Adam Graves wears number nine on the New York Rangers. He plays left wing, is 6 feet tall and weighs 205 pounds. His teammates often call him "Gravy." Interestingly, in 1998, he appeared in an episode of "Spin City" starring Michael J. Fox. Adam also captured the "Good Guy" award, presented by the New York chapter of the Professional Hockey Writers' Association, for cooperation with the media. In addition, he is a four-time winner of the "Players' Player" award, given annually to the best "team player" as voted by the players.

As a concerned member of the community, Adam serves as a celebrity chairman for Family Dynamics, a New York City child abuse agency. He helped raise more than \$80,000 at the agency's annual Family Dynamics event. "Gravy" makes several appearances with many charitable organizations during the season, including the annual Toys for Tots collection during the holiday season. He was the recipient of the "Crumb Bum" award in 1992–1993 for his work with New York youngsters. Along with four other professional athletes, he was awarded the USA Weekend "Most Caring Athlete" Award for his charitable efforts and community service.

Over the years, Adam has made a significant impact in the NHL and beyond through his commitment to charity. He is a four-time winner of the Steven McDonald Award, given to the Rangers player who "goes above and beyond the call of duty," as voted by the fans. In 1993–1994, he received the NHL's prestigious King Clancy Memorial Trophy. This award is given to a player that best exemplifies leadership on and off the ice and has made a noteworthy humanitarian contribution in his community. He is the first Rangers player to be so honored.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that you join our colleagues, Adam's family and friends, the Boys & Girls Club of Passaic, the New York Rangers, the National Hockey League and me in recognizing the outstanding and invaluable service to the community of Adam Graves.

IN RECOGNITION OF HUGH M. "LALLY" BATES

HON. BOB RILEY

OF ALABAMA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 28, 2000

Mr. RILEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize one of Alabama's finest, Mr. Hugh "Lally" Bates. On June 30, 2000, Mr. Bates will retire, ending his distinguished 38-year public service career. Speaking about leadership, Winston Churchill once said "I have nothing to offer but blood, toil, tears, and

sweat." After a career marked by blood, toil, perhaps tears, and a great deal of sweat, Mr. Lally Bates will soon be retiring from public service.

Ever since enlisting in the U.S. Marine Corps on his 18th birthday, Mr. Bates has served his country, his state, and his community with nothing less than the utmost integrity and professionalism. Today we honor this distinguished man and publicly thank him for his sacrifices.

While serving in the Marine Corps, Mr. Bates was stationed in Korea with the First Marine Division, Fifth Marine Regiment. During his service, he was wounded on three separate occasions. He was awarded three Purple Hearts, and the Bronze Star with combat "V" for valor in personally destroying a North Korean machine gun emplacement and with it, four North Korean soldiers.

President Lyndon Johnson appointed Mr. Bates to the position of Postmaster of Clanton in 1965. His distinguished service in this capacity earned him the respect and admiration of his fellow Postmasters who twice elected him to serve as the National President of the National Association of Postmasters of the United States (NAPUS). In fact, Lally Bates is one of only two Postmasters ever elected to serve twice as the National President of NAPUS.

Aside from his professional duties, Mr. Bates has served Chilton County in a number of civic leadership capacities. He has twice been named the president of the Chilton County Chamber of Commerce, and been honored for his service as president of this organization that further honored him by naming him its Citizen of the Year this past January.

He further served as the president of the Clanton Quarterback Club, the Clanton Dixie Youth Baseball League, and the Civil Defense Rescue Squad. Additionally, his concern for others led him to serve as the Chairman of the Board of Directors for Chilton County Hospitals. Always selfless, Lally Bates has continued to serve his fellow veterans as commander of American Legion Post No. 6.

While Mr. Bates may be known by many as the Postmaster of Clanton, others may recognize his voice. For 41 years, Mr. Bates has been the Voice of the Chilton County Tigers football team on WEZZ radio, representing his alma matter.

Today I want commend Mr. Bates for his years of service. As an Alabamian, I am grateful for all that he has done to serve his community. I thank Mr. Bates, and the Bates family, for sharing time with the community. Today, I thank him for all of your blood, toil, tears, and sweat.

MANAGEMENT OF NATIONAL FORESTS

HON. JOHN J. DUNCAN, JR.

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 28, 2000

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, Matt Bennett, who is a very good friend of mine, wrote an editorial today in the Knoxville News-Sentinel about the management of our national forests.

This Administration has proposed a plan to manage our national forests which many people believe could actually end up harming our

forests by preventing access to areas in danger of fire. I agree that we should be preserving our existing wilderness areas and national parks. However, the federal government already owns 30 percent of all the land in the U.S. If we keep locking up more and more land, we will just end up hurting the middle- and lower-income families by driving up the cost of forest products.

Mr. Speaker, I believe that Mr. Bennett's column does an excellent job describing the dangers of this proposal put forth by the Administration. I have included a copy of the editorial that appears in today's edition of the Knoxville News-Sentinel and would like to call it to the attention of my colleagues and other readers of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

[From the Knoxville News-Sentinel, June 28, 2000]

PRESIDENT'S ROADLESS PLAN TOO CONFINING
FOR FUTURE GENERATIONS

(By Matt Bennett)

In the legal parlance of estate planning, the term "dead-hand control" refers to one generation's attempt to control the future of another from the grave. For the obvious reason that we can never know what circumstances future generations might face, most attorneys advise against it.

Yet in preparing to designate another 60 million acres of our national forests as permanently roadless, this is precisely what the Clinton administration is preparing to do, and it should not be allowed to succeed.

Seeking support, the administration has argued (as it has on every issue from higher taxes to gun control) that we need to set aside these roadless areas for the children. Likewise, environmentalists often cite the seven-generations concept of the Iroquois nation, asking that we consider the implications of our actions seven generations removed.

These environmentalists, convinced that our generation lives at the expense of the next, hope that trans-generational guilt will lead to policies more to their liking.

No matter how charming the notion, if we reverse the exercise and think backward seven generations, we can see the obvious shortcomings of the idea.

If policies common 150 years ago had been perpetuated until today, slavery would still exist, women would not be allowed to vote and forests would be cut as fast as possible to clear the land for farming.

And, while environmentalists point to polls that indicate the public's support of the roadless policy, I suspect polls taken 150 years ago would have shown support for the above policies too: policies that now seem terribly inappropriate.

The truth these examples illustrate is that our ancestors could not see the future, and neither can we. We can know neither the demands nor the emergencies future generations may face.

Setting aside these lands as permanently roadless would be a terrible mistake, tying the hands of future generations and denying

them the freedom and the choice to make their own decisions. In other words, we would be controlling them from the grave.

Today, experts point out that as many as 65 million acres of our national forest are at risk from wildfire and disease. They also point to wildlife and plant species at risk due to the aging of our forests. Consequently, most reject the notion that public forests should be left unmanaged.

Yet, the president's plan makes that naive idea a virtual certainty. For that reason, the wildlife directors of five southern states, Tennessee included, have publicly expressed their concerns about the plan.

Because flexibility is the most necessary tribute of long-range planning, the lack of it in the president's roadless plan makes it woefully inadequate to meet the needs of future generations.

What we need is management that requires the U.S. Forest Service to develop a plan every 10-15 years for each national forest that will meet the public's needs while protecting the long-term health and condition of the forests.

Incorporating local input and sound science, these plans would recognize that both forests and society are dynamic and changing over time. Most of all, these plans would refrain from giving the current generation irrevocable control over subsequent ones. Their legacy would be their flexibility.

This may sound too good to be true, but actually it is pretty much the way the forest service does it now. The president's new plan actually excludes the public from the decision-making process, not just this generation but for all those that follow.

If you believe that each generation deserves the right to make its own decision, then please contact the forest service at the address below. Tell them that you oppose the president's roadless plan and support instead Alternative 1, which preserves the current planning process.

Tell them that future generations should have the freedom to choose their options instead of being forced to accept one mandated by Bill Clinton and Al Gore.

The address for comment: USDA Forest Service-CAET; Attn: Roadless Area Proposed Rule; P.O. Box 221090; Salt Lake City, Utah 84122. The fax number is 1-877-703-2494, and the e-mail address is www.roadless.fed.us.

TRIBUTE TO MONTCLAIR STATE
UNIVERSITY RED HAWKS NCAA
DIVISION III WORLD SERIES
CHAMPIONS

HON. BILL PASCRELL, JR.

OF NEW JERSEY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, June 28, 2000

Mr. PASCRELL. Mr. Speaker, I would like to call to your attention the deeds of a phenomenal college baseball team from my district, the Montclair State University Red

Hawks. On Tuesday, May 30, 2000 the baseball team won the NCAA Division III World Series Championship in Appleton, Wisconsin. It is only fitting that this group is honored, for it concluded the season with the most wins in school history, and became a three-time Division III World Series title-holder.

The team became champions after beating St. Thomas, a school from Minnesota, 6-2 at Fox Cities Stadium, Wisconsin. That game included a one-hour, two-minute lightning delay.

The team is the first to win the tournament after losing its opener since the series expanded from four to eight teams in 1991.

The entire team played outstanding. Corey Hamman, who allowed only two runs and seven hits, gave a great performance. Corey's skills earned him the honor of being named the tournament's Most Valuable Player. Junior center fielder Frank Longo went three-for-four with three RBIs and a run scored by the Red Hawks.

Montclair State University Baseball Coach Norm Schoenig has always been an active and involved leader. It was the small steps in the beginning of his career that taught him the fundamentals that would make him a role model to the student athletes he now inspires. The 13-year, low-key coach was the architect that helped bring this latest glory to Montclair State. His past successes include steering the team to a 1993 national title and a runner-up finish in 1998.

The outstanding season record, which stands as the most wins accrued by the Red Hawks ball club, was 42-7-1. The Red Hawks enjoyed a terrific campaign, reaching number two in the national rankings, before suffering two losses in the New Jersey Athletic Conference Tournament. Their overall stellar record earned them a bid to the Mid-Atlantic Regional.

At the Regional, Montclair State overcame a 10-0 deficit in its opener against Allentown; eventually rallying for a 14-11 victory in a game that was delayed for two days by rain. Montclair State then won the rain-shortened regional the following day by beating Rowan and the College of New Jersey. The loss to SUNY-Cortland in the World Series opener might have demoralized a lesser team. The Red Hawks, however, made a remarkable turnaround and won five straight games in four days. The team beat Emory 5-0, Wartburg 7-2 and Allegheny 10-3.

As a former educator and collegiate baseball player, Mr. Speaker, I can think of no other team who works harder or loves the game more than the Red Hawks. I ask that you join our colleagues, Montclair State University, its faculty, administration, students, alumni, supporters and me in recognizing the outstanding and invaluable achievements of the Montclair State University Red Hawks, the NCAA Division III World Series champions.