Pennsylvania (Mr. GREENWOOD) after myself.

The CHAIRMAN. All the time of the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. LOWEY) has expired.

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself the balance of our time.

Mr. Chairman, a moment ago we heard the golden rule espoused, ''do unto others as you would have them do unto you.'' Well, let me just suggest that what we are trying to do with our foreign policy is to have a consistent ethic of life, of protecting mothers and babies and not sacrificing the children. To treat ''others'' with respect, dignity and compassion. And that includes unborn babies. You can't cherry pick the gold rule.

Earlier the word brutalizing was used by my friend from Pennsylvania. It is the baby, I would respectfully submit, who is brutalized in an abortion. Again, we are trying to promote a consistent ethic that affirms both mother and child.

I take a back seat to no one, as a Member of this body for the last 20 years, in promoting maternal health care both domestically and abroad. As a member of the Committee on International Relations, I have offered amendments to boost spending to help women be healthier in the developing world.

Earlier, the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. MALONEY) talked about the Mexico City Policy as being antiwoman. Nothing could be further from the truth. This policy is pro-life, pro-mother, and pro-child, and absolutely not antiwoman. Such a charge is absolutely ludicrous. If Mrs. MALONEY's charge was accurate, then the majority of the women in America are antiwoman. The LA Times poll that I mentioned earlier, found that 61 percent of all the women in America believe abortion to be murder, 61 percent of the women in America are not antiwoman. It just does not follow logic, and I think hurling such statements at us, it degrades the level and caliber of our debate.

Mr. Chairman, advocates of this pro-abortion amendment keep telling us over and over again that we should subsidize foreign abortionists and abortion lobbyists so long as they do not use U.S. dollars for the actual abortions and the actual lobbying. But this ignores the real effect of subsidizing the international abortion industry. These groups are the partners and the representatives of the U.S. Government in the countries where they operate.

Do my colleagues think the average poor person in Peru or Nigeria has any idea what the financial records look like from these organizations? All they know is that these groups are representing the United States and they are performing and promoting abortions. They have no way of knowing which dollars are paying for which activities. They do not ask for an accounting exercise. So they get the strong message that the U.S. family planning program is about exporting abortion on demand, pushing abortion on poor people around the world.

Mr. Chairman, this is not just a hypothetical possibility. These are the facts on the ground in country after country throughout the developing world. The largest U.S. population grantees are also the most prominent and vigorous advocates of abortion on demand. What a profound tragedy. The Greenwood amendment would make this situation even worse by removing any limits at all on U.S. subsidies for the international abortion industry. I urge a ''no'' vote.

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. I yield to the gentleman from Alabama.

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, just to echo the arguments eloquently made by the gentleman from New Jersey.

I want to encourage my colleagues to vote against this amendment and remind them that this is the very same legislation currently in the bill that passed last year and was signed into law by the President, and, of course, ratified by the Senate.

So all Members have to do is look at their voting record last year to see how they voted. The House overwhelmingly voted for this last year, and I would encourage all of our colleagues to vote against the Greenwood amendment which strikes last year's language.

Mr. GREENWOOD. Mr. Chairman, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Chairman, I once heard an old African American woman, much wiser I think on this issue than anyone who has spoken in this Chamber today. She lived through the time when abortion was illegal in the United States. And she said that when a woman knows in her heart that it is right to have a child, she will risk her life to have that child; and when she knows in her heart that it is wrong for her to have that child, she will risk her life not to have that child.

Women have sought abortions legally and illegally all over this world for as long as we can remember. They do so under the most desperate circumstances. In Bolivia, not too long ago, it was not only illegal to have an abortion, it was illegal to seek family planning services. And when they did a survey of their hospitals in Bolivia, they found that 50 percent of the beds were occupied by women suffering from botched illegal abortions.

That is what this language does. The language that we move to strike promotes abortion in the name of limiting abortion. That is the twisted logic. It sacrifices the lives of young women, and it sacrifices the lives of little children on the altar of blind rigid dogma. It is the logic that says we must burn to purify. That logic has been wrong throughout history every time it has been applied. Millions have suffered from that blind brutal logic.

That is the moral low ground. We stand on the moral high ground. I urge the Members of the Congress to use their hearts and their minds and put aside the politics of this issue for the moment; put aside the pragmatism of moving this bill, and adopt the Greenwood amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. All time for debate on this amendment has expired. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. GREENWOOD).

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentlewoman is not permitted under the order of the House to strike the last word while an amendment is pending. The gentlewoman may ask unanimous consent that both sides have additional time.

Ms. PELOSI. I ask unanimous consent, then, Mr. Chairman, to extend the time.

The CHAIRMAN. For what period?

Ms. PELOSI. For 5 minutes on my side, but pleased to yield 5 minutes to the other side as well.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California?

Mr. CALLAHAN. There is objection, Mr. Chairman.

The CHAIRMAN. Objection is heard.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, I would just like to request reconsideration by the distinguished chairman of the motion to request 5 more minutes.

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Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, if the gentlewoman would yield, as she knows, we have established these boundaries on these amendments.

The CHAIRMAN. If the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI) would renew her request, the gentleman may reserve the right to object for a brief colloquy.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, I rise to strike the last word.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentlewoman may not strike the last word.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 5 minutes. What can I do, Mr. Chairman?

The CHAIRMAN. The gentlewoman renews her unanimous consent request to add 5 additional minutes to both sides, the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. CALLAHAN) reserves the right to object and is recognized under his reservation.

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, I reserve the right to object.

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Chairman, I rise to request the extension of the time so that I can yield time to the distinguished Democratic leader for the 5 minutes so he can speak to the issues that we have been speaking to this morning, and I respectfully request the cooperation of the chairman in that regard.

Mr. CALLAHAN. Mr. Chairman, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from California (Ms. PELOSI)?